Errata

Title & Document Type: 339A Distortion Measurement Set Operating and Service Manual

Manual Part Number: 00339-90001Opt001

Revision Date: February 1983

HP References in this Manual

This manual may contain references to HP or Hewlett-Packard. Please note that Hewlett-Packard's former test and measurement, semiconductor products and chemical analysis businesses are now part of Agilent Technologies. We have made no changes to this manual copy. The HP XXXX referred to in this document is now the Agilent XXXX. For example, model number HP8648A is now model number Agilent 8648A.

About this Manual

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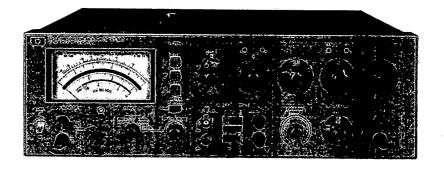


DISTORTION **MEASUREMENT SET**

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339A





MANUAL CHANGES

-hp- MODEL 339A OPTION 001

DISTORTION MEASUREMENT SET

Manual Part No. 00339-90001

New or Revised Item

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How To Use This Change Sheet.

This change sheet, unlike most, is designed to be a supplement to your 339A Operating and Service Manual rather than a list of corrections or changes. Included is a description of Option 001 for the 339A along with specifications, performance test, replaceable parts, theory of operation, and schematics which apply to instruments with Option 001 installed.

Unless noted inside this supplement, specifications, performance test, and other data published in your Operating and Service Manual for the standard -hp- 339A will apply to Option 001 instruments.

Description.

An -hp- 339A with Option 001 installed is a standard 339A Distortion Measurement Set with two additional voltmeter input ranges. These ranges are .3mV and .1mV full scale. Measurements capabilities are from .1mV rms full scale to .3mV rms full scale in a frequency range of 10Hz to 80kHz, and from .001V rms full scale to 300V rms full scale in a frequency range of 10Hz to 110kHz.

When switched to the .3mV range, the voltmeter attenuator is set to OdB. When switched to the .1 mV range, the voltmeter attenuator remains at OdB and 10dB of gain is added to the input amplifier. This gives the required input for full scale deflection on the front panel voltmeter.

These changes in voltmeter range have been accomplished by adding two additional positions on S4 of the Analyzer/Power Supply printed circuit assembly.

Specifications.

Table 1-1a is a supplement to Table 1-1 in the standard instrument Operating and Service Manual.

Recommended Test Equipment.

Equipment listed in Table 1-3 of the 339A Operating and Service Manual is also used on Option 001 instruments. In addition, to allow Full-Scale Accuracy and Frequency Response testing, the equipment listed in Table 1-3a is needed for Option 001 instruments.

/oltage Range:			·
standard:	1mV rms full scale t calibrated in dBV an		le (– 60dB to + 50dB full scale, mete m).
option 001:	.1mV rms full scale calibrated in dBV an		ale (– 80dB to + 50dB full scale, mete m).
Accuracy (% of range	e setting):		······································
standard:	20Hz to 20kHz	±2%	@ INPUT RANGE .001V to 300V
	10Hz to 110kHz	±4%	-
option 001:	20Hz to 20kHz	± 2%	@ INPUT RANGE .001V to 300V
	10Hz to 110kHz	±4%	-
	20Hz to 20kHz	± 2%	@ INPUT RANGE .1mV and .3mV
	10Hz to 30kHz	±4%	-
	30kHz to 80kHz	+ 10%, - 30%	
Internal Noise Floor:			
option 001:	Filter Setting	Noise Level	
	30kHz	6uV	
	80kHz	8uV	

Table 1-1a. Specifications.

Table 1-3a. Recommended Test Equipment.

Instrument	Critical Specification	Recommended Model	Usa
Resistors	100k ohm 1% metal film 100 ohm 1% metal film	-hp- Part No. 0757-0465 -hp- Part No. 0757-0401	P P
P = perfor	mance test		

MANUAL CHANGES

4

Page 2

Operation.

The ac voltmeter section of the Model 339A Option 001 measures the true rms value of input voltages from .1mV full scale to 300V full scale in fourteen ranges. Frequency range of the meter section is 10Hz to 80kHz for the .1mV and .3mV input ranges, and 10Hz to 110kHz for the .001V to 300V input ranges.

Performance Test.

All the performance test given in the standard 339A Operating and Service Manual are valid for use on instruments with Option 001. The following test is added to allow verification of Full-Scale Accuracy and Frequency Response of instruments with Option 001 installed.

Full-Scale Accuracy and Frequency Response Test (Option 001).

Equipment Required:

ac calibrator (-hp- Model 745A) 100k ohm resistor (-hp- Part No. 0757-0465) 100 ohm resistor (-hp- Part No. 0757-0401)

a. Set the 339A controls as follows:

b. Set-up the test equipment as shown in Figure 4-1a.

c. Set the AC Calibrator controls for an output of .1V @ 10Hz.

d. The 339A .1mV 10Hz meter indication should be within the Test Limits listed in Table 4-1A.

e. Using the AC Calibrator, verify the 339A Voltmeter accuracy for each .1mV Test Frequency in Table 4-1a.

f. Set the 339A controls as follows:

g. Set the AC Calibrator controls for an output of .3mV @ 10Hz.

h. The 339A .3mV 10Hz meter indication should be within the Test Limits listed in Table 4-1A.

i. Using the AC Calibrator, verify the 339A Voltmeter accuracy for each .3mV Test Frequency in Table 4-1a.

Table 4-1s. Full-Scale Accuracy and Frequency Response Test Limits for Option 001.

Input Ran ge	FREQUENCY							
8	10Hz	20Hz	100Hz	1 kHz	10kHz	20kHz	30kHz	BOkHz
input Level	(±4%)		TEST LIMITS (±2%)			ITS	(±4%)	(+10%,-30%)
.0001V	.000096000104		.000098000102				.000096000194	.00007000011
.0003V	.000288000312		.000294000306				.000288000312	.0002100033

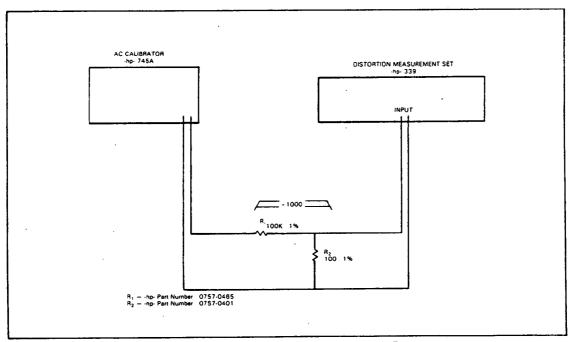


Figure 4-1a. Full-Scale Accuracy and Fraquency Response Test Equipment Set-up For Option 001.

Model 339A

VOLTMETER PERFORMANCE (Option 001).

339A Input Level	339A Input Range	339A 20Hz Reading	30kHz Reading		t Limits ±4%)		
.0001	.0001			.00009	600010	4	
.0003	.0003			.00028	800031	2	
				1	. 	r	
input Lovei	339A Input Range	339A 20Hz Reading	339A 100Hz Reading	339A 1 kHz Reading	339A 10kHz Reading	339A 20kHz Reading	Test Limi (±2%)

Level	Range	Reading	Reading	Reading	Reading	Reading	(±2%)
.0001	.0001						.000098000102
.0003	.0003			-			.000294000306
	•	•	•		•		

input Level	339A Input Range	339A 80kHz Reading	Test Limits (+ 10%,-30%)
.0001	.0001		.00007000011
.0003	.0003		.0002100033

Replaceable Parts:

The -hp- 339A Distortion Measurement Set with option 001 installed uses an A53 Analyzer/Power Supply assembly instead of an A3 Analyzer/Power Supply. The boards are electrically the same with the following exceptions:

1. S4 has been changed to accommodate the two additional voltmeter input ranges. R127, 50.51Ω , R126, $10k\Omega$ and C126, 100pF are included as part of the switch assembly.

2. C323, C324, and R314 have changed values.

Table 6-3a. Replaceable Parts

Reference Designator	-hp- Part No.	ûty	Description
A53	00339-66553	1	Analyzer/Power Supply Assy.
S 4	00339-61914	1	Switch Assy, Rotary
	3100-1657	1	Switch, Rotary
R126	0757-0442	1	Resistor-fxd 10k .01 1/8
C126	0160-4801	1	Capacitor-fxd 100pF 100V
R127	0699-0053	1	Resistor-fxd 50.510 .25
	00339-04014	1	Knob Assy, INPUT RANGE
	1500-0580	2	Coupler, Flex
	3130-0552	1	Detent
C323	0180-0339	2	Capacitor-fxd 50uF 16V
C324	0180-0339		Capacitor-fxd 50uF 16V
R314	0683-1025	1	Resistor-fxd 1k .05 1/4

Theory of Operation

The Input Amplifier operation for instruments with option 001 is the same as that of standard instruments except that two simple modifications have been added to allow for the two additional input ranges. First, a fourteen position switch replaces the twelve position switch of the standard instrument. This allows the output attenuation to go to OdB when either .1mV or .3mV input ranges of the voltmeter are selected.

Second, R127 (a 50.51Ω resistor) is included as part of the fourteen position switch to add 10dB of gain to the input amplifier when the .1mV input range of the voltmeter is selected.

Other A53 board changes:

The value of R314 decreased to 1k Ω to reduce 120Hz pulses picked up on the .1mV scale (due to imbalance in power supply bypassing).

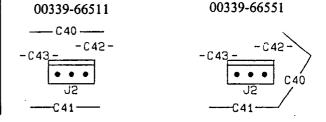
The values of C323 and C324 are increased to improve bypassing and stability in the 25kHz to 50kHz region.

C126 and R126 provide input compensation needed to prevent oscillation on the 0.1mV range with a high impedance source. They cancel the negative input impedance effects of U100.

Figure 8-2A is a simplified block diagram of the input amplifier of Option 001 instruments. The schematic is a revised version of Figure 8-13 found in the standard instrument Operating and Service Manual. It shows the electrical modifications performed to generate an -hp- 339A Option 001 instrument.

Other board changes:

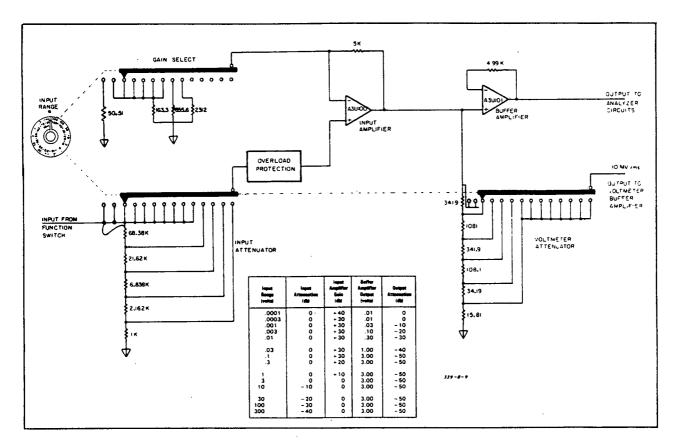
Because a different (shaft) coupler is used on the INPUT RANGE assembly, C40 on the oscillator board needs to be repositioned as per figure below. When ordering a replacement oscillator assembly for the 339A option 001, use part number 00339-66551. This part will come with C40 in the proper place.

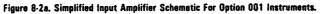


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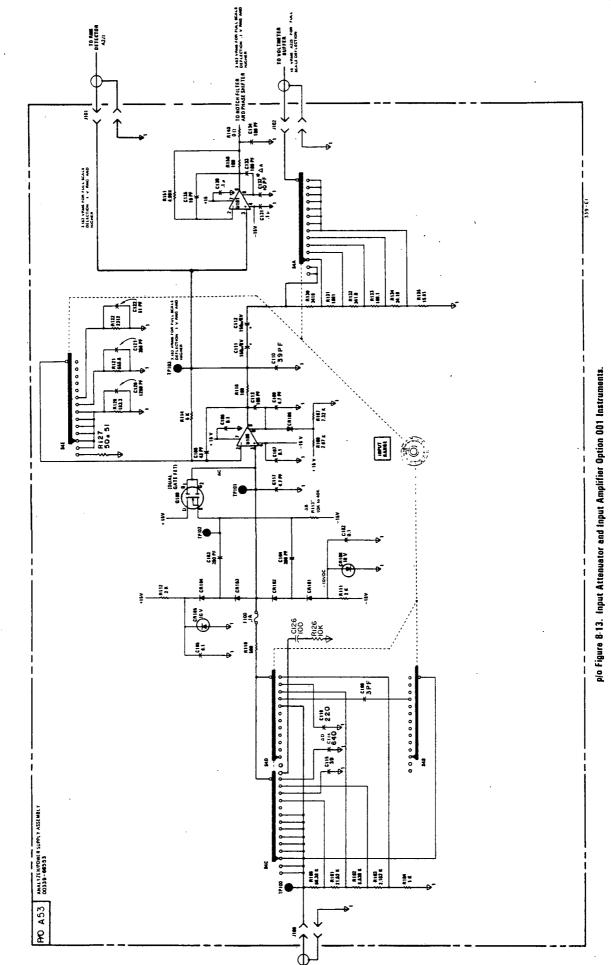
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-hp- MODEL 339A

DISTORTION MEASUREMENT SET

Manual Part Number 00339-90001

New or Revised Item ERRATA.

Page 4-11, Figure 4-12. Change the part number of the SHIELD (item 7) from 1251-1073 to 1251-0173.

Page 4-11, Paragraph 4-25a. The INPUT RANGE should be 0.1V, not 1V.

Page 4-12, Paragraph 4-26b. The sentence should read, "Connect the equipment as shown in Figure 4-13 without the 100 k Ω series resistor."

Page 8-11/8-12, Figure 8-12. Change the value of capacitor C1 from 0.1 to .01 mfd.

CHANGE NO. 1 (applies to instruments with serial numbers 1730A00266 and greater).

Page 6-9, Table 6-3. Delete parts A4L3 and A4L4 -hp- part number 9170-0894.

Page 6-10, Table 6-3. Add the following parts:

A4R67	0757-0407	Resistor 200 Ω 1% .125 W
A4R68	0757-0407	Resistor 200 Ω 1% .125 W

Page 8-17, Figure 8-15. Delete parts L3 and L4 from the schematic. Add resistors R67 and R68 as shown in Figure 1.

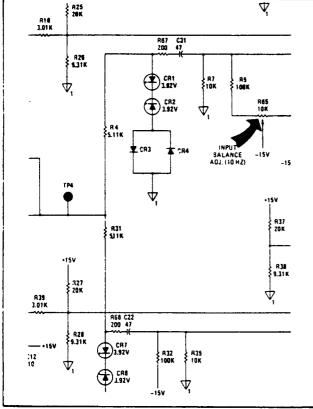


Figure 1.

Resistor R67 and R68 have replaced L3 and L4 for the prevention of high frequency oscillation.

CHANGE NO. 2 (applies to instruments with serial numbers 1730A00409 and greater).

Page 6-5, Table 6-3. Change A2R22 from 2100-0568 Resistor Trimmer 100 Ω 10% to 2100-3212 Resistor Trimmer 200 Ω 10%.

Page 6-6, Table 6-3. Add the following part:

A2R43 0757-0400 Resistor 90.9 Ω 1% .125 W TC=0+-100

Page 8-19/8-20, Figure 8-16. Change the value of resistor R22 from 100 Ω to 200 Ω on the schematic diagram. Add resistor R43 as shown in Figure 2.

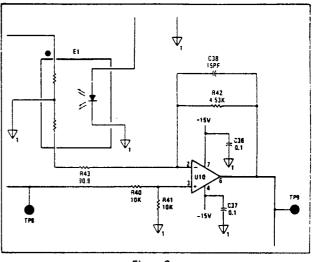


Figure 2.

Resistor R43 has been added and the value of R22 has been changed to compensate for possible tracking errors of the photo-resistors in photo-module E1.

NOTE

Not all replacement photo-modules will work properly in instruments which do not have this modification.

CHANGE NO. 3 (applies to all instruments).

Page 6-8, Table 6-3. Change R113 to *R113 (selected component). Add the following padding list for *R113:

0757-0442	Resistor 10 K	1% .125 W F TC = 0 ± 100
0757-0449	Resistor 20 K	$1\% .125 W F TC = 0 \pm 100$
0757-0453	Resistor 30.1 K	$1\% .125 W F TC = 0 \pm 100$
0698-3499	Resistor 40.2 K	1% .125 W F TC = 0 ± 100

Page 8-13/8-14, Figure 8-13. Change R113 to *R113 and change the nominal value from 10 k Ω to 30.1 k Ω on the schematic diagram.

Model 3394

This change has been made to permit compensation for differences in the dynamic characteristics of FET's used for Q100. The value of *R113 is selected to minimize distortion introduced by the input amplifier stage.

CHANGE NO. 4 (applies to all instruments).

Page 6-10, Table 6-3. Change A4R23 from 0698-3445 Resistor 348 Ω 1% to 0698-4450 Resistor 324 Ω 1%. Change A4R55 from 0698-4453 Resistor 402 Ω 1% to 0698-3445 Resistor 348 Ω 1%.

Page 8-17, Figure 8-15. Change the value of R23 from 348 Ω to 324 Ω and the value of R55 from 402 Ω to 348 Ω on the schematic diagram.

These changes have been made to insure that the proper current is available to drive photo-modules A3E1 and A3E2.

CHANGE NO. 5 (applies to instruments with serial numbers 1730A00451 and greater).

Page 6-7, Table 6-3. Change capacitor A3C302 from 0160-2628 (.03 mfd.) to 0150-0052 (.05 mfd).

Page 6-8, Table 6-3. Add the following resistor:

A3R314 0683-1035 Resistor 10 k0 5% 1/4 W

Page 8-23/8-24. Change the Power Supply schematic diagram as shown in Figure 3.

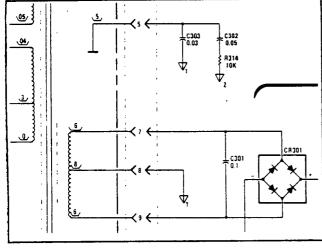


Figure 3.

CHANGE NO. 8 (applies to all instruments).

Page 8-10, Table 8-3. Change the part number and value of A4R59 from 0757-0407, 200 Ω to 0757-0410, 301 Ω . Change the part number and value of reference designator A4R60 from 0757-0407, 200 Ω to 0757-0401, 100 Ω .

Page 8-17, Figure 8-15. Change the schematic value of R59 from 200Ω to 301Ω and the value of R60 from 200Ω to 100Ω . Change the voltage level at the junction of R59 and and R60 from +0.7 to +0.5 volts.

This change establishes a new reference for A4U6C to insure that the "HI" frequency indicator is extinguished when the proper range is selected.

NOTE

If it is necessary to change photo-module A3E1 be certain that A4R59 and A4R60 are the new values listed in this change.

CHANGE NO. 7. (applies to all instruments.)

Page 1-2, Table 1-1. Changed Fundamental Rejection specification for frequency range 50KHz to 110 KHz from >86 dB to >83 dB

Page 4-10, Table 4-6. Change table as shown.

Table 4-8. Fundamental Rejection and Induced Distortion Test

Test Frequency	Fundamental Rejection Specification	Induced Distortion Specification
10 Hz 100 Hz 1kHz 10kHz 20 kHz	>-100 dB	>-95 dB
30kHz		>-90 dB
50kHz	>-90 dB	>-85 dB
110kHz	>-83 d8	>·70 dB

Page 4-1%: Change "Fundamental Rejection and Induced Destortion Test" form as shown.

Test Frequency	339A Fundamental Rejection	Test Limit	339 Induced Distortion	Test Limit
10Hz				
100Hz				
1kHz		-100 dB		-95 dB
10kHz				
20kHz				
30kHz				-90 dB
50kHz	<u>`</u>	-90 dB		-85 d8
110 kHz		-83 dB		-70 dB

Fundamental Rejection and Induced Distortion Test:

CHANGE NO. 8 (applies to all instruments).

Page 6-14, Table 6-3. Change miscellaneous part MP12 part number to 00339-04111. Change miscellaneous part MP13 part number to 00339-04102. Add part number 5041-3155, quantity 10. description "SHAFT EXTENDER".

CHANGE NO. 9 (applies to all instruments).

Page 6-9, Table 6-3. Change the part number of A4C25 from 0180-2338 to 0180-2927. The new part is the same value but with a leakage specification of 0.6 uA maximum after 2 minutes @ 9 VDC.

Nodel 339A

CHANGE NO. 10 (applies to all instruments).

Page 6-3, Table 6-3. Add the following list of part numbers and values to A1C47*:

0160-0356	CAPACITOR-FXD 18pf	:
0160-2306	CAPACITOR-FXD 27pF	:
0160-0204	CAPACITOR-FXD 47pF	:
0160-0376	CAPACITOR-FXD 68pf	:
0140-0193	CAPACITOR-FXD 82pF	:
0140-0194	CAPACITOR-FXD 110	۶F
0140-0198	CAPACITOR-FXD 200	φF

Note that the value most often installed by the factory will be 200pF. The other values are possible alternatives. Selection of this value will optimize the high frequency (> 100kHz) distortion.

Page 8-21/8-22, Figure 8-17. Change the value listed on the schematic for C47* from 510pF to 200pF.

CHANGE NO. 11 (effective on serial numbers 1730A01162 to 1730A01956).

Page 6-9, Table 6-3, Add A4C32* and the following list of part numbers and values:

0160-2248	CAPACITOR-FXD 4.3pF
0160-2249	CAPACITOR-FXD 4.7pF
0160-2250	CAPACITOR-FXD 5.1pF
0160-2251	CAPACITOR-FXD 5.6pF
0160-2252	CAPACITOR-FXD 6.20F

Note that the value most often installed by the factory will be 5.1pF. The other values are possible alternatives.

Page 8-17, Figure 8-15. Add capacitor C32* in parallel with R2. The value of C32* should be listed as 5.1pF.

This addition will provide phase shift at 110 kHz which will improve the fundamental rejection at that frequency.

(applies to all instruments) (effective on serial number 1730A01956 and above)

The installed value for C32* is 6.2pF. Since the above list already includes this value a schematic change is all that is necessary.

CHANGE NO. 12 (applies to all instruments) (effective on serial number 1730A00596 and above).

Page 6-5, Table 6-3. Change the part number of A2C23 from 0180-1746 to 0180-2944. The new part is the same value but has a leakage specification of 0.05 uA maximum @ 14 VDC.

C23 is used to slow the response time of the rms detector U5, which consequently slows the meter response in the NORMAL mode. In the VU mode C23 is switched out of the circuit. If the dc leakage through C23 exceeds .05uA a dc voltage offset occurs at pin 4 of U5 causing an erroneous meter reading.

Page 8-7, Table 6-3. Change the part number and value of A3C324 from 0180-0374, 10uF to 0180-0374, 15uF.

Page 8-23/8-24, Figure 8-18. Change the schematic value of C324 from 10uF to 15uF.

Raising the value of this capacitor will lower the ac impedance of the -15V power supply to the A2 board. This will improve the operation of the 80 kHz filter.

CHANGE NO. 13 (applies to all instruments) (effective on Serial Number 1730A08778 and above).

Page 6-3, Table 6-3. Change the part number and value of A1C21 from 0180-1745, 1.5uF to 0180-0197, 2.2uF.

Page 8-21/8-22, Figure 8-17. Change the schematic value of C21 from 1.0uF to 2.2uF.

This change reduces the 10Hz ripple in the amplitude control circuits. A large ripple voltage at TP4 can cause CR4 to turn on which causes harmonic distortion.

Page 6-5, Table 6-3. Delete all information on A2C21.

Page 8-19/8-20, Figure 8-16. Delete C21 from the schematic.

This part has been deleted because the newer rms detectors (A2U5) do not require its use.

(effective on serial numbers 1730A00776 to 2025A02646)

Page 8-4, Table 8-3. Change the part number and value of A2C13 from 0160-2244, 3pF to 0160-2236, 1pF.

Page 8-19/8-20, Figure 8-18. Change the schematic value of C13 from 3pF to 1pF.

This change has come about to increase the bandwidth of A2U4. The old rms detector, A2U5, had a peak in the response at 110kHz which compensated for the reduced bandwidth of A2U4. The new detectors (marked AD536AJ) don't have this peak in their frequency response.

(applies to all instruments) (affective on serial numbers 2025A02848 and above)

Page 6-4, Table 6-3. Delete all information on reference designators A2C11 and A2C13.

Page 8-19/8-20, Figure 8-16. Delete schematic symbols, values, and designators for C11 and C13.

(effective on serial numbers 1730A00776 to 2025A92226)

Pege 6-6, Table 6-3. Change the part number and value for A3C114 from 0160-0363, 620pF to 0160-2209, 360pF.

Page 8-13/8-14, Figure 8-13. Change the schematic value of C114 from 620pF to 360pF.

(applies to all instruments) (effective on serial number 2025A02226 and above)

Page 6-8, Table 6-3. Change the part number and value of reference designator A3C114 from 0160-2209, 360 pF to 0160-0341 640pF.

Page 8-13/8-14, Figure 8-13. Change the schematic value of C114 from 360pF to 640pF.

CHANGE NO. 14 (applies to all instruments) (effective on serial number 1730A00844 and above).

Page 8-10, Table 8-3. Change the part number and value for A4R48 and A4R52 from 0698-4435, $2.49k\Omega$ to 0698-3515, $5.9k\Omega$.

Page 8-17, Figure 8-15. Change the schematic values of R48 and R52 from 2.49k Ω to 5.9k Ω .

This change is being done to decrease the lock-in time of the notch. Low level 120Hz line signals could beat with the fundamental when the 339 is tuned to 100Hz causing "out of specification" distortion readings at 100Hz.

Model 3394

CHANGE NO. 15 (applies to all instruments) (effective on serial number 1730A00916 and above).

Page 6-6, Table 6-3. Change the part number and value of A3C132* from 0160-2249, 4.7pF to the following list:

0160-2251	CAPACITOR-FXD 5.6pF
0160-2253	CAPACITOR-FXD 6.8pF
0160-2254	CAPACITOR-FXD 7.5pF
0160-2255	CAPACITOR-FXD 8.2pF
0160-2256	CAPACITOR-FXD 9.1pF
0160-2257	CAPACITOR-FXD 10pF
0160-2259	CAPACITOR-FXD 12pF
0160-2261	CAPACITOR-FXD 15pF

Note that the value most often installed by the factory is 10pF. This change is to prevent U101 from oscillating.

Page 8-13/8-14, Figure 8-13. Change the schematic value of C132* from 4.7pF to 10pF.

The two gates of Q100 should be connected to pin 3 of U100 instead of pin 2 as shown. On the schematic break the line between the gates common point and the feedback loop of U100 and draw a new line straight down to TP101 and pin 3 of U100.

Source-follower Q100 keeps the voltage across the input protection diodes constant. Prior to this change the bootstrap voltage came from the feedback network of U100 (pin 2) rather than the input signal, causing distortion at higher frequencies due to the delay in the feedback signal.

CHANGE NO. 16 (effective on serial numbers 1730A00918 to 1730A02438).

Page 8-8, Table 8-3. Add A3R60, part number 2100-3210, value $10K\Omega$.

Page 8-15/8-16, Figure 8-14. Add R6O, a 10k variable resistor, in series with A3E1 photoresistor.

(applies to all instruments) . (effective on serial number 1730A02438 and above)

Page 6-8, Table 8-3. Delete all information on A3R60.

Page 8-15/8-18, Figure 8-14. Remove R60 and replace with a wire jumper.

This was installed to insure that phase control (which runs the error lights) would not pull down to as low a bridge resistance as the amplitude control and the LO frequency lamp always lights to signal when the frequency is too low. It was later removed because it was seldom used.

CHANGE NO. 17 (applies to all instruments) (affective on serial numbers 1730A00850 to 1730A00858 and 1730A00986 and above).

Page 6-6, Table 6-3. Add reference designator A3C28, part number 0160-2264, value 20pF.

Page 6-8, Table 6-3. Change the part number and value for the following reference designators:

 A3R42
 from
 0698-3161
 38.3kΩ
 to
 0757-0454
 33.2kΩ

 A3R43
 from
 0757-0451
 24.3kΩ
 to
 0698-3158
 23.7kΩ

 A3R48
 from
 0757-0446
 15kΩ
 to
 0757-0452
 27.4kΩ

 A3R49
 from
 0698-3152
 3.48kΩ
 to
 0757-0439
 6.81kΩ

Page 8-15/8-16, Figure 8-14. Change the schematic values of the resistors above as shown. Add C28, value 20pF in parallel with R49.

The addition of C28 and the change in value of R49 is to eliminate a 5MHz oscillation in A3U3. The other resistor changes allow the

photocells A3E1 and A3E2 to pull the notch in through a wider range of frequencies. Prior to this change, photocells which met specifications but were at the limits would not work.

CHANGE NO. 18 (applies to all instruments) (effective on serial number 1730A01486 and above)

Page 6-12, Table 6-3. Change the part number of reference designator F2 from 2110-0384 to 2110-0612.

The old fuse caused 3rd order harmonic distortion at low frequencies due to its thermal properties.

CHANGE NO. 19 (effective on on serial numbers 1730A01758 to 2025A03427)

Page 6-6, Table 6-3. Change the part number and value of A3C100 from 0160-2251, 5.6pF to 0140-0209, 5pF.

Page 8-13/8-14, Figure 8-13. Change the value of C100 from 5.6pF to 5pF.

This change eliminates the possibility of a short from 10V to ground.

(applies to all instruments) (effective on serial number 2025A03427 and above)

Page 8-8, Table 8-3. Change the part number and value of A3C100 from 0140-0209, 5pF to 0160-2244, 3pF.

Page 8-13/8-14, Figure 8-13. Change the value of C100 from 5pF to 3pF.

CHANGE NO. 20 (applies to all instruments) (affective on serial number 2025A02226 and above)

Page 6-6, Table 6-3. Change the part number and value of the following reference designators as shown below:

A3C115 from 0160-2263 18pF to 0140-0190 39pF A3C116 from 0140-0195 130pF to 0160-0134 220pF

Page 8-13/8-14, Figure 8-13. Change the value of C115 from 18pF to 39pF and of C116 from 130pF to 220pF.

Page 6.5, Table 6.3. Add A2C50 and A2C51 whose part numbers are 0160-4571 and values are .1uF.

Page 8.6, Table 6.3. Add reference designators A2R50 and A2R51 whose part numbers are 0757-0401 and values are 100Ω .

MANUAL CHANGES

Page 8-19/8-20, Figure 8-18. Add R50, R51, C50, and C51 to the schematic as shown in Figure 4.

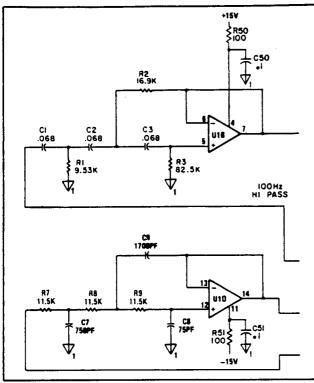


Figure 4

This change is to decouple power supplies on A2U1 to reduce the affect of internal oscillation on the 80kHz filter response. The values of C114, C115 and C116 are changed to compensate for the stray capacitance in the new 00339-26513 printed circuit board. (See change no. 13 for information on C114).

(offective on on serial number 2025A02228 to 2025A02438)

Page 8-9, Table 6-3. Change the part number of A3U200 from 1826-0109 to 1826-0413.

(effective from serial number 2025A02226 to 2025A02786)

Page 6-7, Table 6-3. Change the part number and value of A3C205 from 0160-2264, 20pF to 0160-2200, 43pF.

Page 8-15/8-18, Figure 8-14. Change the value of C205 from 20pF to 43pF.

(effective on serial number 2025A02436 to 2025A02786)

Page 6-9, Table 6-3. Change the part number for A3U200 from 1826-0413 to 1826-0081.

(applies to all instruments) (affective on serial number 2025A02786 and above)

Page 6-9, Table 6-3. Change the part number for A3U200 from 1826-0081 to 1826-0413.

Page 6-7, Table 6-3. Change the part number and value of A3C205 from 0160-2200, 43pF to 0160-2198, 20pF.

Page 8-15/8-16, Figure 8-14. Change the value of C205 from 43pF to 20pF.

These changes reduce noise in the Analyzer Mode due to the LM-318 Op Amp. Meter readings at 1kHz with a clean source are typically -94dB. With the HA 2605 the meter typically reads -96dB.

CHANGE NO. 21 (applies to all instruments) (effective on serial number 2022A02156 and abave).

Page 6-14, Table 6-3. Change the part numbers for the following miscellaneous parts:

MP9 from 00339-00603 to 00339-00613 MP10 from 00339-00601 to 00339-00611 MP11 from 00339-00602 to 00339-00612 MP14 from 00339-00604 to 00339-00614 MP15 from 00339-00605 to 00339-00615

(offective on SN 1730A02156 and above)

Page 8-13, Table 8-3. Add part number 00339-23201, Qty 5. Coupler, Shaft.

CHANGE NO. 22 (applies to all instruments) (effective on serial number 2025A02298 and above).

Page 8-4, Table 8-3. Change the part number of A1U2 from 1826-0315 to 1826-0557.

Page 6-6, Table 6-3. Change the part number of A2U8 from 1826-0315 to 1826-0557.

Page 6-7, Table 6-3. Delete all information on A3J2.

Page 6-10, Table 8-3. Change the part number of A4U3, A4U5, and A4U6 from 1826-0315 to 1826-0557.

(effective on serial numbers 1730A02158 to 2025A03718)

Page 6-6, Table 8-3. Change the part number for A2U1 from 1826-0315 to 1826-0557.

The change of IC part numbers is to a ceramic part to prevent field failures due to phosphorus contamination.

(applies to all instruments) (effective on Serial Number 2025A03718 and above)

Page 6-6, Table 6-3. Change the part number of A2U1 from 1826-0557 to 1826-0323.

CHANGE NO. 23 (applies to all instruments) (effective on serial number 2025A02366 and above).

Page 8-11, Table 8-3. Add part number 00339-00616, "SHIELD. PCB".

CHANGE NO. 24 (applies to all instruments) (effective on serial number 1730A02438 and above).

Page 6-7, Table 6-3. Change the part number and value for A3F100 from 2110-0011, .062A to 2110-0236, .1A.

Page 8-13/8-14, Figure 8-13. Change the value of F100 from .062A to .1A.

CHANGE NO. 25 (effective on serial numbers 2025A02438 to 2025A02786).

Page 6-7, Table 6-3. Delete all information on A3C202, A3C203, A3C204, A3CR200, and A3CR201.

Page 8-15/8-18, Figure 8-14. Delete schematic symbols, values, and designators for C202, C203, C204, CR200, and CR201.

(applies to all instruments) (offective on social number 2025A02786 and above)

Page 5-7, Table 5-3. Add the following reference designators, part numbers, and values:

A3C204 0160-2201 51pF A3CR200 1901-0040 Diode A3CR201 1901-0040 Diode

Page 8-15/8-18, Figure 8-14. Replace C204, CR200 and CR201 where they were in the schematic originally.

The end result is to delete C202 and C203.

CHANGE NO. 26 (applies to all instruments).

Page 6-13, Table 6-3. Change the description of part number 00339-04004 from "KNOB, TENS" to "KNOB, UNITS". Change the description of part number 00339-04005 from "KNOB, UNITS" to "KNOB, TENS".

CHANGE NO. 27 (applies to all instruments) (effective on serial number 1730A02718 and above).

Page 6-12, Table 6-3. Just above the listing of W4 add part number 00339-61915, "SWITCH ASSY." and move the reference designator W4 up to the new listing. Just above the listing of W5 add part number 00339-61916, "SWITCH ASSY." and move the reference designator W5 up to the new listing.

Page 6-13, Table 6-3. Just above the listing of W10 add part number 00339-61917, "SWITCH ASSY." and move the reference designator W10 up to the new listing.

CHANGE NO. 28 (effective on serial numbers 2025A02848 to 2025A03716).

Page 64, Table 6-3. Change the part number and value of the reference designators below as listed:

A2C4 from 0160-0341 640pF to 0160-2940 470pF A2C5 from 0160-2201 51pF to 0140-0192 68pF

Page 8-19/8-20, Figure 8-16. Change the value of C4 from 640pF to 470pF and that of C5 from 51pF to 68pF.

(applies to all instruments) (effective on serial number 2025A03718 and above)

Page 6-4, Table 6-3. Change the part number and value of the reference designators below as listed:

A2C4 0160-2940 470pF to 0140-0234 500pF A2C5 0140-0192 68pF to 0160-3083 62pF

Page 8-19/8-20, Figure 8-18. Change the value of C4 from 470pF to 500pF and that of C5 from 68pF to 62pF.

This change improves, 1)gain above 100kHz, and 2)80kHz filter response. Changing A2R6 is part of this update. See change no. 29.

(applies to all instruments) (offective on serial number 2025A02648 and above)

Page 64, Table 6-3. Change the part number and value of A2C15 from 0160-2201 51pF to 0160-2204 100pF.

Page 8-19/8-20, Figure 8-16. Change the value of C15 from 51pF to 100pF.

Page 5-13, Table 5-3. Change the part numbers and descriptions of the following items:

from 2110-0465 to 2110-0564 FUSEHOLDER from 2110-0467 to 2110-0565 CAP, FUSEHOLDER from 2110-0470 to 2110-0569 NUT, FUSEHOLDER

CHANGE NO. 29 (applies to all instruments) (effective on serial number 2025A03718 and above).

Page 6-13, Table 6-3. Change the part number of W7 from 00339-61607 to 00339-61612 and that of W7S10 from 3101-1656 to 3101-2216. The description for W7S10 should read "SWITCH POWER". Below that listing delete all information on part number 5040-5932 and add 8120-0593, "CABLE SHIELD".

Page 6-14, Table 6-3. Change the part number of MP1 from 00339-00201 to 00339-00211 and that of MP2 from 00339-00202 to 00339-00212.

Page 6-5. Table 6-3. Change the part number and value for A2R6 from 0698-4445, 5.76kΩ to 0698-3382, 5.49kΩ.

Page 8-19/8-20, Figure 8-16. Change the value of R6 from $5.76k\Omega$ to $5.49k\Omega$.

This is part of the change to improve, 1)gain above 100kHz, and 2) 80kHz filter response. See change no. 28.

CHANGE NO. 30 (applies to all instruments) (effective on serial number 2025A03786 and above).

Page 6-11, Table 6-3. Change the part number 3100-3423 to 3100-1663.

When PN 3100-3423 went from hill-and-valley to a unidex indexer it was necessary to change part numbers. The new and old PNs are completely interchangeable.

CHANGE NO. 31 (applies to all instruments) (effective on serial number 2025A02718 and above).

Page 6-6, Table 6-3. Change the part number and value of A3C110 from 0140-0192, 68pF to 0140-0190, 39pF.

Page 6-9, Table 8-3. Add cable assy 00339-61613 at the end of the listings for the A3 board.

Page 8-13/8-14, Figure 8-13. Change the value of C110 from 68pF to 39pF.

These changes improve range-to-range accuracy.

Page 6-14, Table 6-3. Add part number 5041-3124, PUSH ROD.

CHANGE NO. 32 (applies to all instruments).

Page 8-7, Table 6-3. Change the part number of A3Q100 from 1855-0360 to 1855-0458.

This change is being made because PN 1855-0360 is being discontinued by the vendor.

Page 6-6, Table 6-3. Add "SOCKET, 14 PIN IC", part number 1200-0638 to the replaceable parts list at the end of the listings for the A2 board.

Page 6.5, Table 6.3. Add "HOLD DOWN SPRING", part number 1460-1581 to the replaceable parts list after the listing of A2K1.

Prior to this change this part could only be ordered as part of the relay.

CHANGE NO. 33 (applies to all instruments) (effective on serial number 2025A03571 and above).

Page 8-10, Table 8-3. Change the part number of A4U2 and A4U4 from 1820-0427 to 1826-0934.

A separate PN for Signetics part was established because PN 1820-0427 will no longer give the fundamental rejection required by the 339A.

CHANGE NO. 34 (applies to all instruments).

Page 6-6, Table 6-3. Change the part number of A3C16 and A3C17 from 0160-3622 to 0150-0084. The value does not change.

Change the part number and value of A2R35 from 2100-0567. $2k\Omega$ to 2100-3252, $5k\Omega$.

CHANGE NO. 35 (applies to all instruments).

Page 53, Table 53. Change the part number of A1 from 00339-66501 to 00339-66511.

Page 8-4, Table 6-3. Change the part numbers of the components listed below:

A1S6 from 00339-61902 to 00339-61906 A1S7 from 00339-61903 to 00339-61907 A1S8 from 00339-61904 to 00339-61908 A2 from 00339-66502 to 00339-66512

Add to the description of part number 3100-3421 (under A1S6) "MULTIPLIER". Change the description of A1S7 from "UNITS" to "TENTHS". Add to the description of part number 3100-3422 (under A1S7) "TENTHS". Change the description of A1S8 from "TENTHS" to "UNITS".

Page 6-6, Table 6-3, Change the part number of A3 from 00339-66503 to 00339-66513.

Page 6-9, Table 6-3. Change the part numbers of the components listed below:

A3S1 from 00339-61905 to 00339-61901 A3S2 from 00339-61906 to 00339-61902 A3S3 from 00339-61907 to 00339-61903 A3S4 from 00339-61908 to 00339-61904 A3S5 from 00339-61909 to 00339-61905

Page 8-11, Table 8-3. Change the part number for A5S9 from 00339-61901 to 00339-61909.

Page 6-13, Table 6-3. Delete the part number 0370-2990 KNOB, RND W/BAR.

Page 8-14, Table 8-3, Change the part number of MP16 from 00339-00606 to 00339-00616. Add the part number 5041-0531, KEY CAP.

CHANGE NO. 38 (applies to all instruments) (effective on serial number 1730A01956 and above).

Page 6-9, Table 6-3. Change the part number and value of A4R2 from 0757-0472, 200kΩ to 0698-4211, 158kΩ.

At the bottom of the page, change the note to read " with serial numbers 1730A00196 to 1730A00266."

Page 8-17, Figure 8-15. Change the value of R2 (feedback on U1) from 200k to 158k.

Page 6-10, Table 6-3. Change the following part numbers and values:

A4R21 from 0698-4486 24.9k to 0698-3243 178k A4R22 from 0698-4486 24.9k to 0698-3243 178k A4R49 from 0757-0447 16.2k to 0698-3228 49.9k A4R51 from 0757-0447 16.2k to 0698-3228 49.9k A4R53 from 0757-0280 1.0k to 0757-0273 3.01k

Page 8-17, Figure 8-15. Change the values on the schematic as listed above.

These changes were made to reduces internally generated 2nd harmonic distortion. These changes slow down the 339A response as shown below:

	Pull-in	Time
Frequency	Before Change	After Change
10Hz	10 sec.	12 sec.
1Hz	4 sec.	9 sec.
100kHz	3 sec.	6 sec.

CHANGE NO. 37 (applies to all instruments) (effective on serial number 2025A03558 and above).

Page 8-13, Table 6-3. Change the following part numbers as listed:

014	New	
00339-04001	00339-04007	KNOB, DISTORTION RANGE
00339-04002	00339-04008	KNOB, INPUT RANGE
00339-04003	00339-04009	KNOB, OSC LEVEL
00339-04004	00339-04010	KNOB, UNITS
00339-04005	00339-04011	KNOB, TENTHS
00339-04006	00339-04013	KNOB, MULTIPLIER
0370-1099	0370-3054	KNOB, POINTER
0370-2994	0370-3055	KNOB, POINTER

CHANGE NO. 38 (applies to all instruments).

In Section V, Adjustments, make the following changes:

Page 5-2. Add paragraph 5-14d to read, "Set the frequency multiplier control to each range and verify that the voltage level at A1TP8 remains negative."

Paragraph 5-17. Under Equipment Required, Low Distortion Oscillator, (-hp- Model 339A) should read "(-hp- Model 239A)."

Page 5-3, Paragraph 5-17b. On the listing INPUT RANGE...3V, the "3V" should have listed beside it, "(+10dBV)".

Paragraph 5-17c should read, "Set the controls of the 239A signal source to obtain a 1kHz (1.0 x 1k) signal. Adjust the output level for a full scale meter indication of 0 dBV on the instrument under test."

Add a paragraph between 5-17g and 5-17h that reads, "Set the 239A level controls for a -10dB indication on the 3571A."

Page 5-4, Paragraph 5-17k should read, "Adjust the output of the 239A for a full scale meter indication on the unit under test."

Paragraph 5-17s should read, "Set the frequency of the 239A to 10Hz (1.0 x 10). Adjust the output level for a full scale meter indication on the instrument under test."

Paragraph 5-17u should have added to the end of it, "This reading must be >-95dB."

Paragraph 5-18. Under Equipment Required, Low Distortion Oscillator, (-hp-Model 339A) should read "(-hp-Model 239A)".

Paragraph 5-18c should read, " Adjust the 239A signal source to provide a 10kHz, 1V signal."

Page 5-7/5-8, Figure 5-3. Switch the part designators and adjustment descriptions on A2R37 and A2R17 shown in the lower left corner of the drawing.

CHANGE NO. 39

(effective on serial numbers 2025A04006 thru 2025A04160)

Page 6-7, Table 6-3. Change the part number of A3Q100 from 1855-0458 to 1855-0269.

This change was made because the vendor discontinued the part.

CHANGE NO. 40 (applies to all instruments) (effective on serial numbers 2025A04161 and above)

Page 6-7, Table 6-3. Change the part number of A3Q100 from 1855-0269 to 1855-0230.

This change was made because the input circuit has better distortion performance with a depletion mode MOSFET. This part should be used in all instruments.

Page 6-5, Table 6-3. Change the part number and value of A2R16 from 0757-0422, 909 ohms to 0757-0420, 750 ohms. Change the part number and value of A2R17 from 2100-3212, 200 ohms to 2100-0554, 500 ohms.

Page 8-19/8-20, Figure 8-16. Change the schematic value of R16 from 909 to 750 and that of R17 from 200 to 500.

This change was made to give control over a larger percentage of full scale deflection of the meter. This allows meters to be used from the full range of the meter specification.

CHANGE NO. 41 (applies to all instruments)

Page 6-5, Table 6-3. Under A2K1, change HOLD DOWN SPRING 1460-1581 to RELAY HIDDNSP 1460-1612.

Page 1-3, Table 1-1. In the OSCILLATOR section under Distortion, change the table of specifications to read as below:

10 Hz to	20 kHz	< - 93 dB (0.0022%)THD
20 kHz to	30 kHz	< - 85 dB (0.0056%)THD
30 kHz to	50 kHz	< - 80 dB (0.01%)THD
50 kHz to	80 kHz	< - 70 dB (0.032%)THD
80 kHz to	110 kHz	< - 65 dB (0.056%)THD

Page 4-8, Table 4-5. Change the table to read as below.

339A Frequency	THD Specification
10 Hz	< - 93 dB
100 Hz	< - 93 dB
1 kHz	<-93 dB
10 kHz	< - 93 dB
20 kHz	< - 93 dB
30 kHz	< - 85 dB
50 kHz	< - 80 dB
80 kHz	< - 70 dB
109 kHz	< - 65 dB

Note: The change to this table reflects the specification change and a change in relative symbols which was an error in the original manuscript (-94 dB is less than, not >, -93 dB).

Page 4-10. Table 4-6. Change all "greater than" signs to "<". (See note above.)

Page 4-15, Performance Test Record, Oscillator Total Harmonic Distortion Test:. Change the table to read as below:

339A Output Frequency	Calculated THD	Test Limit
10 Hz		-93 dB
100 Hz		-93 dB
1 kHz		-93 dB
10 kHz		-93 dB
20 kHz		-93 dB
30 kHz		-85 dB
50 kHz		-80 dB
80 kHz		-70 dB
109 kHz		-65 dB

HEWLETT PACKARD **OPERATING AND SERVICE MANUAL MODEL 339A DISTORTION MEASUREMENT SET** Serial Numbers: 1730A01162 and Greater **IMPORTANT NOTICE** This manual applies directly to instruments with serial number shown on this page. If changes have been made in the instrument since this manual was printed, a "Manual Changes" supplement supplied with this manual will define these changes. Be sure to record this information in your manual. Backdating information contained in Section VII adapts this manual to instruments having serial numbers lower than those shown on this page. WARNING To help minimize the possibility of electrical fire or shock hazards, do not expose this instrument to rain or excessive moisture.

Manual Part No. 00339-90001

Microfiche Part No. 00339-90051

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Hewlett-Packard Company certifies that this product met its published specifications at the time of shipment from the factory. Hewlett-Packard further certifies that its calibration measurements are traceable to the United States National Bureau of Standards, to the extent allowed by the Pureau's calibration facility, and to the calibration facilities of other International Standards Organization members.

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TABLE OF CONTENTS

Section I.

tion	Pag	e
Gene	ral Information 1-	1
1-1.	Introduction l-	1
1-4.	Specifications 1-	1
1-6.	Instrument and Manual Identification 1-	-1
1-10.	Description	-
1-17.	Options 1-	2
	Recommended Test	
	Equipment 1-	2

Section	n	Page
H.	Installation	2-1
	2-1. Introduction	2-1
	2-3. Initial Inspection	2-1
	2-5. Preparation For Use	2-1
	2-6. Power Requirements	2-1
	2-8. Line Voltage Selection	2-1
	2-10. Power Cable	2-1
	2-12. Grounding Requirements	2-1
	2-14. Bench Use	2-2
	2-16. Rack Mounting	2-2
	2-18. Environmental Requirements	2-2
	2-19. Operating and Storage	
	Temperature	2-2
	2-22. Humidity	2-2
	2-24. Altitude	2-2
	2-26. Repackaging For Shipment	2-2

Sectio	on	Page
III.	Operation	. 3-1
	3-1. Introduction	. 3-1
	3-3. Operating Characteristics	. 3-1
	3-4. General	. 3-1
	3-11. True RMS vs Average	
	Responding Detection	3-1
	3-13. Turn-On and Warm-Up	3-2
	3-15. Distortion Measurement	3-2
	3-16. Distortion Measurement Using the	
	339A Internal Oscillator	3-2
	3-18. Distortion Measurement of an	
	External Source	3-3
	3-20. AM Detector	3-3
	3-22. Voltmeter Operation	3-3
	3-24. Normal Voltmeter Operation	3-3
	3-26. Relative Level Operation	3-4
	3-28. Oscillator Level Operation	3-4
	3-31. VU Measurements	3-4
	3-33. Filters	3-4
	3-35. Input Ground Select	
	3-37. Monitor Output	3-5

Sectio	F	Page
III.	3-39. Oscillator Operation	3-5
	3-40. Frequency Selection	
	3-42. Output Level	3-5
	3-44. Operational Verification	
	Checks	3-5
	3-46. Preliminary Procedure	3-5
	3-48. Oscillator	3-5
	3-50. AC Voltmeter	3-5
	3-52. Distortion Analyzer	3-6
	3-54. Filters	3-6
	3-56. Operator's Maintenance	3-7
	3-57. Fuse Replacement	3-7
	3-59. Adjustment of Meter	
	Mechanical Zero	3-7

Section	n	Page
IV.	Performance Test	. 4-1
	4-1. Introduction	. 4-1
	4-3. Equipment Required	. 4-1
	4-5. Test Record	
	4-7. Calibration Cycle	. 4-1
	4-9. Voltmeter Performance Tests	. 4-1
	4-11. Full-Scale Accuracy and	
	Frequency Response Test	. 4-1
	4-12. Meter Tracking and Monitor	
	Output Accuracy Test	. 4-2
	4-13. RMS Accuracy	
	(crest factor) Test	. 4-4
	4-14. Filter Accuracy Test	. 4-4
	4-15. Oscillator Performance Tests	. 4-5
	4-16. Output Level and	•
	Flatness Test	. 4-5
	4-17. Output Impedance Test	
	4-18. Oscillator Frequency Accuracy Test	. 4-6
	4-19. Oscillator Total Harmonic	
	Distortion Test	4-7
	4-20. Distortion Analyzer	
	Performance Tests	4-8
	4-22. Fundamental Rejection and	
	Induced Distortion Test	4-8
	4-24. Distortion Measurement	
	Accuracy Test	. 4-10
	4-25. Residual Noise Test	
	4-26. Input Impedance Test	
	· • •	

Sect	ion		Page
V.	Adju	stments	5-1
	5-1.	Introduction	5-1
		Equipment Required	
		Adjustment Locations	

Table of Contents

TABLE OF CONTENTS (Cont'd)

Page

Section

V.	5-7.	Factory Selected Components 5	-1
	5-9.	Voltmeter Adjustments 5	-1
	5-10.	Mechanical Meter Zero 5	-1
	5-12.	Gain Adjustments 5	-1
	5-13.	Oscillator Adjustments 5	-2
	5-14.	Amplitude Adjustment 5	-2
		Frequency Adjustment 5	
	5-16.	Analyzer Adjustments 5	-2
	5-17.	Notch Filter Null Adjust 5	-2
	5-18.	High Frequency Adjustment 5	-4
Section	•	Pa	~~

Secu	UII		гаge
VI.	Repla	aceable Parts	6-1
	6-1.	Introduction	6-1
	6-4.	Ordering Information	6-1
	6-6.	Non-Listed Parts	6-1
	6-8.	Parts Changes	6-1
	6-10.	Proprietary Parts	6-2

7-6. Manual Change Instructions.....7-1/7-2

8-3. Safety Considerations 8-1

8-8. Recommended Test Equipment 8-1

THEORY OF OPERATION

8-10.	General Description 8-1
8-22.	Circuit Descriptions 8-2
8-23.	Input Circuitry
8-26.	Input Amplifier 8-3
8-28.	Input Overload Protection
8-30.	Analyzer Circuitry 8-3
8-31.	Notch Filter
8-33.	Capacitance Neutralizer 8-5
8-35.	Amplitude Error Detector
8-37.	Phase Error Detector
8-39.	Auto Set - Level Circuit
8-41.	Meter Circuits
8-43.	Oscillator Circuit

LIST OF TABLES

Tabl	e Page
1-1.	Specifications 1-2
1-2:	Typical Operating Characteristics 1-4
1-3.	Recommended Test Equipments 1-4
4-1.	Full-Scale Accuracy and Frequency
	Response Test Limits 4-2
4-2.	Meter Tracking and MONITOR
	Output Accuracy Tests 4-4
4-3.	Oscillator Output Limits
	(Flatness Test) 4-6
4-4.	Oscillator Frequency Accuracy Test 4-7
4-5.	Oscillator Total Harmonic
	Distortion Test 4-8
4-6.	Fundamental Rejection and Induced
	Distortion Test 4-10
4-7.	Distortion Measurement Accuracy Test 4-11
5-1.	Factory Selected Components 5-7
5-2.	Adjustable Components
6-1.	Standard Abbreviations
6-2.	Code List Of Manufacturers
6-3.	Replaceable Parts 6-3
7-1.	Manual Changes by Serial Number7-1/7-2

Model 339A

v

TABLE OF CONTENTS (Cont'd)

LIST OF ILLUSTRATIONS

Figur	e	Page	F
2-Ĭ.	Line Voltage Selection	. 2-1	5
2-2.	Power Cord Configurations		5
3-2.	Distortion Measurement Using		6
	339A Internal Oscillator	. 3-2	7
3-3.	Distortion Measurement of an		8
	External Source	3-3	8
3-1.	Control, Connector and		8
	Indicator Descriptions	3-0	8
4-1.	Full-Scale Accuracy and		8
	Frequency Response Test	4-1	
4-2.	Meter Tracking and Monitor		8
	Output Accuracy Test	4-2	
4-3.	RMS Accuracy Test		1
4-4.	Filter Accuracy Test	4-3	
4-5.	Oscillator Output Level and		1
	Flatness Test	4-5	1
4-6.	Oscillaotr Output Impedance Test	4-6	:
4-7.	Oscillator Frequency Accuracy Test	4-6	
4-8.	Oscillator Total Harmonic		:
	Distortion Test	4-8	
4-9.	Logarithmic Addition of		
	Harmonic Components	4-8	
4-10.	Fundamental Rejection and		
	Induced Distortion Test	4-9	
4-11.	Distortion Measurement		
	Accuracy Test	. 4-10	
4-12.	Shielded Load Assembly		
4-13.	Input Impedance Test	. 4-12	
5-1.			

Figure	Page
5-2.	Notch Filter High Frequency Adjust 5-5/5-6
5-3.	Adjustment Locations 5-7
6-1.	Mechanical Parts Locator
7-1.	Amplitude Control Circuit Change7-1/7-2
8-1.	Model 339A Simplified Block Diagram 8-2
8-2.	Simplified Input Amplifier Schematic 8-3
8-3.	Simplified Notch Filter Schematic
8-4.	Effect of Feedback
8-5.	Simplified Capacitance Neutralizer
	Schematic
8-6.	Simplified Amplitude Error
	Detector Schematic
8-7.	Simplified Phase Error
	Detector Schematic
8-8.	Simplified Auto Set+Level Circuit
8-9.	Simplified Meter Circuit Schematic 8-8
8-10.	Simplified Oscillator Circuit
	Simplified Amplitude Control Circuit 8-9
8-12.	AM Detector and Input
	Switching 8-11/8-12
8-13.	Input Attenuator and Input
	Amplifier 8-13/8-14
8-14.	Fundamental Rejection Circuit 8-15/8-16
	Error Detector Circuits 8-17
8-16.	Auto Set-Level and Meter
	Circuits
8-17.	Oscillator Circuits
8-18.	Power Supplies



SAFETY SUMMARY

The following general safety precautions must be observed during all phases of operation, service, and repair of this instrument. Failure to comply with these precautions or with specific warnings elsewhere in this manual violates safety standards of design, manufacture, and intended use of the instrument. Hewlett-Packard Company assumes no liability for the customer's failure to comply with these requirements. This is a Safety Class 1 instrument.

GROUND THE INSTRUMENT

To minimize shock hazard, the instrument chassis and cabinet must be connected to an electrical ground. The instrument is equipped with a three-conductor ac power cable. The power cable must either be plugged into an approved three-contact electrical outlet or used with a three-contact to two-contact adapter with the grounding wire (green) firmly connected to an electrical ground (safety ground) at the power outlet. The power jack and mating plug of the power cable meet International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) safety standards.

DO NOT OPERATE IN AN EXPLOSIVE ATMOSPHERE

Do not operate the instrument in the presence of flammable gases or fumes. Operation of any electrical instrument in such an environment constitutes a definite safety hazard.

KEEP AWAY FROM LIVE CIRCUITS

Operating personnel must not remove instrument covers. Component replacement and internal adjustments must be made by qualified maintenance personnel. Do not replace components with power cable connected. Under certain conditions, dangerous voltages may exist even with the power cable removed. To avoid injuries, always disconnect power and discharge circuits before touching them.

DO NOT SERVICE OR ADJUST ALONE

Do not attempt internal service or adjustment unless another person, capable of rendering first aid and resuscitation, is present.

DO NOT SUBSTITUTE PARTS OR MODIFY INSTRUMENT

Because of the danger of introducing additional hazards, do not install substitute parts or perform any unauthorized modification to the instrument. Return the instrument to a Hewlett-Packard Sales and Service Office for service and repair to ensure that safety features are maintained.

DANGEROUS PROCEDURE WARNINGS

Warnings, such as the example below, precede potentially dangerous procedures throughout this manual. Instructions contained in the warnings must be followed.



Dangerous voltages, capable of causing death, are present in this instrument. Use extreme caution when handling, testing, and adjusting.

Α

SAFETY SYMBOLS

General Definitions of Safety Symbols Used On Equipment or In Manuals.

Instruction manual symbol: the product will be marked with this symbol when it is necessary for the user to refer to the instruction manual in order to protect against damage to the instrument.



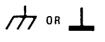
Indicates dangerous voltage (terminals fed from the interior by voltage exceeding 1000 volts must be so marked).



(上

Protective conductor terminal. For protection against electrical shock in case of a fault. Used with field wiring terminals to indicate the terminal which must be connected to ground before operating equipment.

Low-noise or noiseless, clean ground (earth) terminal. Used for a signal common, as well as providing protection against electrical shock in case of a fault. A terminal marked with this symbol must be connected to ground in the manner described in the installation (operating) manual, and before operating the equipment.



Frame or chassis terminal. A connection to the frame (chassis) of the equipment which normally includes all exposed metal structures.

- Alternating current (power line).
- Direct current (power line).
 - Alternating or direct current (power line).

WARNING

The WARNING sign denotes a hazard. It calls attention to a procedure, practice, condition or the like, which, if not correctly performed or adhered to, could result in injury or death to personnel.



The CAUTION sign denotes a hazard. It calls attention to an operating procedure, practice, condition or the like, which, if not correctly performed or adhered to, could result in damage to or destruction of part or all of the product.

NOTE: The NOTE sign denotes important information. It calls attention to procedure, practice, condition or the like, which is essential to highlight.

SECTION I GENERAL INFORMATION

1-1. INTRODUCTION.

1-2. This Operating and Service Manual contains information necessary to install, operate, test, adjust, and service the Hewlett-Packard Model 339A Distortion Measurement Set.

1-3. This section of the manual contains the performance specifications and general operating characteristics of the Model 339A. Also listed are available options and accessories, and instrument and manual identification information.

1-4. SPECIFICATIONS.

1-5. Operating Specifications for the Model 339A are listed in Table 1-1. These specifications are the performance standards or limits against which the instrument is tested. Table 1-2 lists general operating characteristics of the instrument. These characteristics are not specifications but are typical operating characteristics included as additional information for the user.

1-6. INSTRUMENT AND MANUAL IDENTIFI-CATION.

1-7. Instrument identification by serial number is located on the rear panel. Hewlett-Packard uses a twosection serial number consisting of a four-digit prefix and a five-digit suffix separated by a letter designating the country in which the instrument was manufactured. (A = U.S.A.; G = West Germany; J = Japan; U = United Kingdom.) The prefix is the same for all identical instruments and changes only when a major instrument change is made. The suffix, however, is assigned sequentially and is unique to each instrument.

1-8. This manual applies to instruments with serial numbers indicated on the title page. If changes have been made in the instrument since the manual was printed, a yellow "Manual Changes" supplement supplied with the manual will define these changes and explain how to adapt the manual to the newer instruments. In addition, backdating information contained in Section VII adapts the manual to instruments with serial numbers lower than those listed on the title page.

1-9. Part numbers for the manual and the microfiche copy of the manual are also listed on the title page.

1-10. DESCRIPTION.

1-11. The Model 339A Distortion Measurement Set combines a low distortion signal source, a high resolution distortion analyzer, an rms responding voltmeter and a VU (volume units) meter in one unit.

1-12. The signal source used in the Model 339A is a "bridged-T" oscillator which provides a low distortion sine-wave signal from 10 Hz to 110 kHz. The output amplitude is variable from 1 mV rms to 3 V rms into a 600 ohm load and is maintained by an amplitude control circuit which minimizes amplitude variations even when changing frequency ranges.

1-13. The distortion analyzer section of the 339A contains a tracking notch filter which is tuned to the oscillator frequency. The analyzer measures total harmonic distortion (THD) from 100% full-scale to .01% full-scale in nine ranges and features both automatic "Set Level" and automatic "Nulling" to greatly simplify operation. The Auto Set Level feature automatically sets the reference level over a 10 dB range. If the input signal is outside this range, a LED on the front panel indicates whether the INPUT RANGE control setting must be increased or decreased to be within the "pull-in" range of the Auto Set Level. The Auto Nulling feature is fully automatic when the 339A internal oscillator is used as the signal source. When an external oscillator is used as the signal source, an LED on the front panel indicates which direction the FREQUENCY controls must be set to be within the Auto Nulling range. Distortion characteristics of the input signal can be monitored at the MONITOR OUTPUT terminals with external equipment (oscilloscope, voltmeter, spectrum analyzer, etc.) to provide additional analysis of the distortion products.

1-14. The Model 339A is equipped with an amplitude modulation (AM) detector which has a frequency response from 550 kHz to 1.6 MHz. The AM detector permits the measurement of modulation distortion.

1-15. The 339A contains three active filters, one highpass and two low-pass, which enables the user to eliminate unwanted frequencies and noise to permit higher resolution measurements.

1-16. The ac voltmeter section of the 339A measures the rms value of input voltage from 1 mV full-scale to 300 V full-scale in twelve ranges. In the VU meter mode, the

Section I

meter response characteristics are changed to those of a volume units meter.

1-17. OPTIONS.

1-18. The following options are available for use with the Model 339A:

Option 907: Front Handle Kit

Option 908: Rack Mounting Kit Option 909: Front Handle and Rack Mounting Kit Option 910: Additional Operating and Service Manual

1-19. Recommended Test Equipment.

1-20. Equipment required to maintain the Model 339A is listed in Table 1-3. Other equipment may be substituted if it meets the critical requirements listed in the table.

Table 1-1. Specifications.

DISTORTION

Fundamental Frequency Range:

10 Hz to 110 kHz continuous frequency coverage in 4 decade ranges with 2-digit resolution. Distortion analyzer and oscillator are simultaneously tuned.

Distortion Measurement Range:

0.01% full scale to 100% full scale (-80 dB to 0 dB) in 9 ranges.

Detection and Meter Indication:

True rms detection for waveforms with crest factor \leq 3. Meter reads dB and % THD (Total Harmonic Distortion). Meter response can be changed from NORMAL to VU ballistics with a front panel switch.

Distortion Measurement Accuracy:

20 Hz to	20 kHz	±1 dB
10 Hz to	50 kHz	+1, -2 dB
50 kHz to	110 kHz	+1.5, -4 dB

NOTE

The above specifications apply for harmonics < 330 kHz.

Fundamental Rejection:

10 Hz to 20 kHz > 100 dB 20 kHz to 50 kHz > 90 dB 50 kHz to 110 kHz > 86 dB Distortion Introduced by Instrument (Input > 1 V rms)

10 Hz to 20 kl	Hz < -95 dB
20 kHz to 30 kl	Hz < -90 dB
30 kHz to 50 kl	Hz < −85 dB
50 kHz to 110 k	Hz < -70 dB

Residual Noise (Fundamental frequency setting < 20 kHz, 80 kHz filter in, source resistance \leq 1 k Ω shielded):

< -92 dB referenced to 1 V.

Input Level for Distortion Measurements:

30 mV to 300 V rms (100 mV range minimum)

Input Impedance:

100 k Ω ±1.0% shunted by < 100 pF input High to Low.

DC Isolation:

Input low may be connected to chassis ground or floated 30 V to reduce the effects of ground loops on the measurement.

Auto Set Level:

No set level adjustment required. Distortion measurements are made directly over 10 dB range selected by input range switch. Two LED annunciators provide a fast visual indication to change input range for valid distortion measurement. Correct range is indicated when both annunciators are extinguished.

Auto Null:

Using internal oscillators: No manual frequency tuning necessary when using internal oscillator as signal source. Oscillator frequency controls simultaneously tune the analyzer.

Using external frequency source: Two LED annunciators provide a quick visual indication for the operator to increase or decrease the analyzer frequency controls. When the analyzer is rough tuned to within one least significant digit of the fundamental frequency, the indicator lights are extinguished and the 339A auto-null circuitry takes over to provide a fast accurate null without tedious operator tuning.

Input Filters (usable on all functions):

Low Pass

30 kHz – 3 dB point at 30 kHz, \pm 2.6 kHz, - 3 kHz. Provides band limiting required by FCC for proof-ofperformance broadcast testing.

80 kHz - 3 dB point at 80 kHz, +7 kHz, -7.9 kHz. Normally used with fundamental frequencies < 20 kHz to reduce the effect of higher frequency noise present in the measured signal.

High Pass

400 Hz - 3 dB point at 400 Hz, + 35 Hz, - 40 Hz. Normally used with fundamental frequencies > 1 kHz to reduce the effect of hum components in the input signal.

Monitor Output:

Provides scaled presentation of input signal after

Table 1-1. Specifications (Cont'd). fundamental is removed for further analysis using scale meter indication, proportional to meter oscilloscope or low frequency spectrum analyzer. deflection. Output Voltage: 1 V rms ±5% open circuit for full Output Resistance: 1 k Ω ±5%. VOLTMETER Monitor Output: Voltage Range: 1 mV rms full scale to 300 V rms full scale Provides scaled presentation of input signal for further (-60 dB to +50 dB full scale, meter calibrated in dBV analysis using oscilloscope or low frequency spectrum and dBm into 600Ω) analyzer. Output Voltage: 1 V rms ±5% open circuit for full Frequency Range: scale meter indication, proportional to meter 10 Hz to 110 kHz deflection. Accuracy (% of range setting) Output Resistance: 1 k $\Omega \pm 5\%$. 20 Hz to 20 kHz + 2%**RELATIVE INPUT LEVEL** 10 Hz to 110 kHz ± 4% Provides a ratio measurement relative to an operator **Detection and Meter Indication** selected reference level with readout directly in dB V or dBm (600 Ω). True rms detection for waveforms with crest factor \leq 3. Voltage range, frequency range, accuracy specifications, and monitor are the same as in Meter reads true rms volts, dB V, and dBm into 600Ω. Input Impedance: VOLTMETER mode. (Accuracy is relative to 0 dB set level input.) 100 k Ω ± 1.0% shunted by <100 pF Input High to Low. OSCILLATOR Frequency Accuracy: Frequency Range: ± 2% of selected frequency (with FREQUENCY VERNIER 10 Hz to 110 kHz in 4 overlapping decade ranges with 2 digit resolution. Frequency vernier provides continuous in CAL position). frequency tuning between 2nd digit switch settings. Level Flatness: Output Level: 20 Hz to 20 kHz $\pm 0.1 \ dB$ Variable from < 1 mV to > 3 V rms into 600 Ω with 10 10 Hz to 110 kHz $\pm 0.2 \text{ db}$ dB/step LEVEL control and 10 dB VERNIER adjustment. Distortion ($\geq 600 \Omega$ load, $\leq 3 V$ output): OSC LEVEL position on function switch allows a quick check of oscillator level without disconnecting leads to 10 Hz to 20 kHz < -95 dB (0.0018%) THD 20 kHz to 30 kHz < -85 dB (0.0056%) THD device under test. 30 kHz to 50 kHz < -80 dB (0.01%) THD 50 kHz to 110 kHz < -70 dB (0.032%) THD OFF position on Oscillator LEVEL control provides fast signal-to-noise measurement capability. Oscillator Output Resistance: output terminals remain terminated in 600Ω . 600Ω ± 5% **AM DETECTOR** Frequency Range: Input Level Maximum: 60 V peak Carrier frequencies: 550 kHz to 1.6 MHz. Modulation frequencies: 20 Hz to 20 kHz. Modulation signal level: 2.0 V rms minimum Distortion introduced by AM Detector (with 30 kHz filter 10 V rms maximum switched IN): Monitor Output (with modulated RF carrier applied to AM Detector input): Up to 85% Modulation: < -36 dB (1.6%) THD 85% to 95% Modulation: < -30 dB (3%) THD

1-3

Table 1-1. Specificatons (Cont'd).

Distortion mode: Provides scaled presentation of demodulated input signal after fundamental is removed.

Voltmeter and Relative Input mode: Provides scaled presentation of demodulated input signal.

Output Voltage and Output Resistance are the same as in Distortion mode.

Net 8.2 kg (18 lbs.); shipping 11.3 kg (25 lbs.).

426~mm wide x 146 mm high x 442 mm deep (16.75 $^{\prime\prime}$ wide x 5.75 $^{\prime\prime}$ high x 17.4 $^{\prime\prime}$ deep).

Table 1-2. Typical Operating Characteristics.

GENERAL

Weight:

Dimensions:

Operating Environment:

Temperature: 0°C to 50°C. Humidity Range: < 95%, 0°C to 40°C.

Storage Temperature:

-40°C to +65°C.

Power:

 $100/120/220/240,\,+5\%,\,-10\%,\,40$ to 66 Hz, 200 mA max.

 Table 1-3. Recommended Test Equipments.

Instrument	Critical Specification	Recommended Model	Use
AC Calibrator	Frequency: 10 Hz - 110 kHz Output Level: 1 mV - 300 V rms Level Accuracy: \pm .2% Output Impedance: \leq 50 Ω	-hp- Model 745A AC Calibrator -hp- Model 746A High Voltage Amplifier	ΡΑΤ
True RMS Voltmeter	Frequency Range: 10 Hz - 110 kHz Voltage Range: 1 mV - 10 V rms Measurement Accuracy: ±.5% Measurement Resolution: .1% of full-scale Crest Factor: ≥ 4	-hp- Model 3403C True RMS Voltmeter	PT
Pulse Generator	Pulse Output Amplitude: 10 V p-p Pulse Width: Variable, 1 msec – 10 μsec Repetition Rate: 100 Hz – 10 kHz	-hp- Model 8011A Pulse Generator	Ρ
Oscilloscope	Bandwidth; DC - 2 MHz Sweep Time: .1 μs5 sec/div Sensitivity: .1 V/div.	-hp- Model 1221A Oscilloscope	РТ

Model 339A

Instrument	Critical Specification	Recommended Model	Use
Frequency Counter	Frequency Range: 10 Hz - 110 kHz Frequency Resolution: .1% of reading	-hp- Model 5300A Counter Mainframe -hp- Model 5302A Counter Module	Ρ
Spectrum Analyzer	Frequency Range: 10 Hz - 330 kHz Frequency Resolution: 1 Hz Input Amplitude: 1 V Dynamic Range: 50 dB Measurement Resolution: ±.1 dB Minimum Bandwidth: 3 Hz	-hp- Model 3044A Spectrum Analyzer	PA
Tuneable Notch Filter	Frequency Range: 10 Hz - 110 kHz Notch Depth: ≥ -80 dB	-hp- Model 339A Distortion Measurement Set	p.
Low Distortion Oscillator	Frequency Range: 10 Hz - 110 kHz Output Level: 3 V rms into 600Ω THD: > -95 dB (10 Hz - 20 kHz) > -85 dB (20 kHz - 30 kHz) > -80 dB (30 kHz - 50 kHz) > -70 dB (50 kHz - 110 kHz)	-hp- Model 239A Oscillator	ΡΑΤ
DC Digitał Voltmeter	Input Range: 4 V dc Measurement Accuracy: ± .1% Resolution: .01% of full-scale	-hp- Model 3465A Digital Voltmeter	AT
Resistors	600 Ω Resistive Load 600 Ω 1% Metal	-hp- Accessory No. 11095A -hp- Part No.	ΡΑ
	Film 60 kΩ 1% Metal	0698-5405 -hp- Part No. 0698-5973	P.
	100 k() .1% Metal Film	-hp- Part No. 0698-4158	
	1 kΩ 1% Metal Film	-hp- Part No. 0757-0280	
	1	1	1

Table 1-3. Recommended Test Equipments (Cont'd).

P = Performance Test

A = Adjustment Procedures

T = Troubleshooting

SECTION II

2-1. INTRODUCTION.

2-2. This section of the manual contains information and instructions necessary to install the Model 339A Distortion Measurement Set. Also included are initial inspection procedures, power and grounding requirements, environmental information, and packaging instructions.

2-3. INITIAL INSPECTION.

2-4. This instrument was carefully inspected, both mechanically and electrically, before shipment. It should be free of mars and scratches and in perfect electrical order. The instrument should be inspected upon receipt for damage that might have occured in transit. If the shipping container or cushioning material is damaged, it should be kept until the contents of the shipment have been checked for completeness and the instrument has been mechanically and electrically inspected. Procedures for testing the electrical performance of the Model 339A are given in Section IV of this manual. If the contents are incomplete, if there is mechanical damage or defect, or if the instrument does not pass the Performance Tests, notify the nearest Hewlett-Packard Office. (A list of the hp-Sales and Service Offices is presented at the back of this manual.) If the shipping container is damaged, or the cushioning material shows signs of stress, notify the carrier as well as the Hewlett-Packard Office. Save the shipping materials for the carriers inspection.

2-5. PREPARATION FOR USE.

2-6. Power Requirements.

2-7. The Model 339A requires a power source of 100, 120, 220, or 240 V ac (+5% - 10%), 48 Hz to 66 Hz single phase. Maximum power consumption is 48 VA.

2-8. Line Voltage Selection.

2-9. Before connecting ac power to the Model 339A make sure the rear panel line selector switches are set to correspond to the available power line voltage and that the proper fuse is installed, as shown in Figure 2-1. The instrument is shipped from the factory with the line voltage and fuse selected for 120 V ac operation.

2-10. Power Cable.

2-11. Figure 2-2 illustrates the standard configurations used for -hp- power cables. The number directly below each drawing is the -hp- part number for a power cable equipped with a connector of that configuration. If the

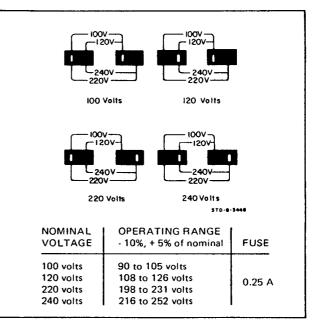


Figure 2-1. Line Voltage Selection.

appropriate power cable is not included with the instrument, notify the nearest -hp- Sales and Service Office and the proper cable will be provided.

2-12. Grounding Requirements.

2-13. To protect operating personnel, the National Electrical Manufacturer's Association (NEMA) recommends that the instrument cabinet and front panel be grounded. The Model 339A is equipped with a three

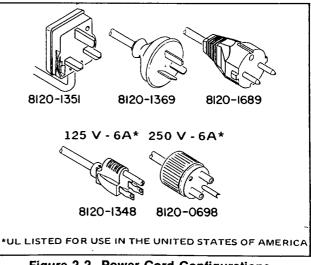


Figure 2-2. Power Cord Configurations.

Section II

conductor power cable which, when plugged into an appropriate receptacle, grounds the instrument.

2-14. Bench Use.

2-15. The Model 339A is shipped with plastic feet and tilt stands installed and is ready for use as a bench instrument. The plastic feet are shaped to permit "stacking" with other full-module Hewlett-Packard instruments. The tilt stands permit the operator to elevate the front of the instrument for operating and viewing convenience.

2-16. Rack Mounting.

2-17. The Model 339A may be rack mounted by adding rack mounting kit Option 908 or Option 909. Option 908 contains the basic hardware and instructions for rack mounting; Option 909 adds front handles to the basic rack mount kit. The rack mount kits are designed to permit the instrument to be installed in a standard 19 inch rack.

2-18. ENVIRONMENTAL REQUIREMENTS.

WARNING

To prevent electrical shock or fire hazard, do not expose the instrument to rain or moisture.

2-19. Operating and Storage Temperature.

2-20. In order to meet the specifications listed in Table 1-1, the instrument should be operated within an ambient temperature range of 0° C to $+50^{\circ}$ C ($+32^{\circ}$ F to $+122^{\circ}$ F).

2-21. The instrument may be stored or shipped where the ambient temperature range is within -40° C to $+65^{\circ}$ C (-40° F to $+149^{\circ}$ F). However, the instrument should not be stored or shipped where temperature fluctuations cause condensation within the instrument.

2-22. Humidity.

2-23. The instrument may be operated in environments with relative humidity of up to 95%. However, the instrument must be protected from temperature extremes which cause condensation within the instrument.

2-24. Altitude.

2-25. The instrument may be operated at altitudes up to 4572 meters (15,000 feet).

2-26. REPACKAGING FOR SHIPMENT.

NOTE

If the instrument is to be shipped to Hewlett-Packard for service or repair, attach a tag to the instrument identifying the owner and indicating the service or repair to be accomplished. Include the model number and full serial number of the instrument. In any correspondence, identify the instrument by model number and full serial number. If you have any questions, contact your nearest -hp-Sales and Service Office.

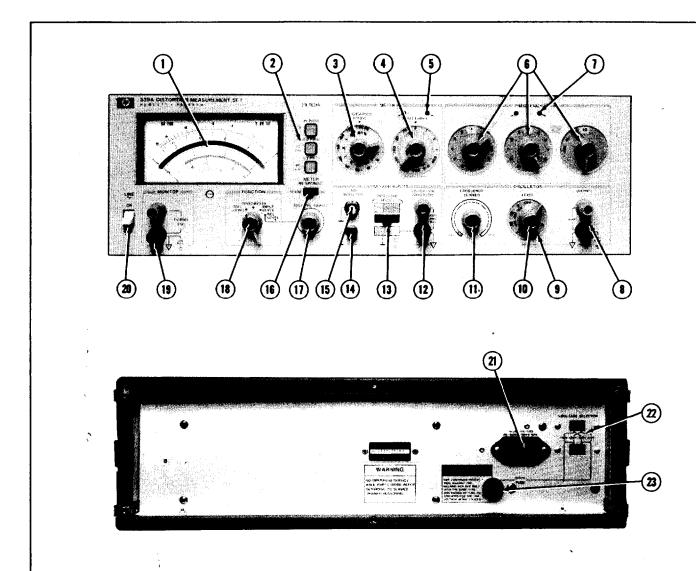
2-27. The following is a general guide for repackaging the instrument for shipment. If the original container is available, place the instrument in the container with appropriate packing material and seal well with strong tape or metal bands. If the original container is not available, proceed as follows:

a. Wrap the instrument in heavy paper or plastic before placing it in an inner container.

b. Place packing around all sides of the instrument and protect the front panel with cardboard strips or plastic foam.

c. Place the instrument and inner container in a heavy carton and seal with strong tape or metal bands.

d. Mark the shipping container "DELICATE INSTRUMENT", "FRAGILE", etc.



1. Meter indicates voltage level, distortion in dB or percent, or VU (volume units) in dB.

2. Filters permit the user to eliminate unwanted frequencies and noise from the measurement. The filters include a 400 Hz high-pass filter which is normally used to reject power-line related noise, a 30 kHz low-pass filter for use in making "proof of performance" measurements at AM broadcast stations, and an 80 kHz low-pass filter to eliminate high frequency noise.

3. DISTORTION RANGE control selects the gain of the distortion measurement circuits to the proper sensitivity for measuring the applied signal.

4. INPUT RANGE control sets the input range of the distortion and meter circuits to the proper sensitivity for measuring the applied signal.

5. Input Range indicators indicate the direction the INPUT RANGE control must be turned to select the correct range for the signal applied.

6. FREQUENCY controls determine the fundamental rejection frequency of the analyzer and the output frequency of the oscillator.

Figure 3-1. Control, Connector and Indicator Descriptions.

7. Frequency indicators indicate the direction the FREQUENCY controls must be turned to bring the analyzer circuits within "pull-in range" of the fundamental frequency of the applied signal. This applies only when using an external signal source.

8. OSCILLATOR OUTPUT terminals. Output impedance is 600 $\boldsymbol{\Omega}.$

9. OSCILLATOR LEVEL control changes the output level in 10 dB V steps from 3 mV rms to 3 V rms into 600 Ω . The LEVEL control also includes an OFF position which disconnects the oscillator output and terminates the output terminals with a 600 Ω resistive load.

10. Oscillator LEVEL Vernier permits the output level to be varied below the level selected by the LEVEL control. This makes the oscillator output level continuously variable from less than 1 mV to greater-than 3 rms into 600 Ω .

11. OSCILLATOR FREQUENCY VERNIER. Frequency range of the vernier permits the oscillator output frequency to be increased above the frequency selected by the FREQUENCY controls. Frequency range of the vernier is approximately equal to one step on the center frequency control. 12. DISTORTION ANALYZER (and voltmeter) terminals provide connection for analyzer and voltmeter inputs.

13. ANALYZER (and voltmeter) INPUT/GND SELECT switch selects DIStortion ANalyzer input with either circuit or chassis ground or AM DETECTOR input with chassis ground only.

14. AM DETECTOR input terminal provides connection for amplitude modulated RF signals.

15. Ground Terminal provides connection to 339A Chassis.

16. METER RESPONSE switch selects normal or VU (volume units) meter response.

17. RELATIVE ADJUST permits the user to set a convenient reference level on the meter when using the voltmeter RELative LEVEL FUNCTION.

18. FUNCTION control selects analyzer or voltmeter functions.

19. MONITOR terminals permit the signal applied to the meter circuitry to be monitored. The MONITOR output is 1 V rms for a full-scale meter deflection.

With an audio signal applied to the DISTORTION ANALYZER input the MONITOR output will be:

DISTORTION FUNCTION - Distortion products of the applied signal after the fundamental has been removed.

INPUT LEVEL - And RELative LEVEL FUNCTIONS. Scaled presentation of the applied signal.

With a modulated RF signal applied to the AM DETECTOR input the MONITOR output will provide:

DISTORTION FUNCTION - Scaled presentation of the demodulated input signal with the fundamental removed.

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је 1-Y al INPUT LEVEL and RELative LEVEL FUNCTIONS - Scaled presentation of the demodulated input signal.

The MONITOR terminals are disabled when using the OSCillator LEVEL FUNCTION.

20. LINE switch applies ac power to the instrument.

21. AC LINE connector provides connection for ac power.

22. AC VOLTAGE SELECTOR switches set the instrument to operate from 100 V, 120 V, 220 V, or 240 V ac power source.

23. FUSE protects the instrument circuits from excessive current.

SECTION III OPERATION

3-1. INTRODUCTION.

3-2. This section contains information and instructions necessary for operation of the Model 339A Distortion Measurement Set. Included is a description of operating characteristics, a description of operating controls and indicators, and functional checks to be performed by the operator.

3-3. OPERATING CHARACTERISTICS.

3-4. General.

3-5. The Model 339A is designed to measure Total Harmonic distortion (THD) of signals having a fundamental frequency between 10 Hz and 110 kHz. the analyzer section of this instrument measures total harmonic distortion levels from 100% (0 dB) full-scale to .01% (-80 dB) full-scale in nine ranges as selected by the DISTORTION RANGE control. to simplify operation, the analyzer section features both automatic "set level" and automatic "nulling".

3-6. The Auto Set Level feature automatically sets the measurement reference level over a 10 dB V range. If the input signal is outside this range, an LED on the front panel indicates whether the INPUT RANGE control setting must be increased or decreased to be within the "pull-in" range of the Auto Set Level.

3-7. The Auto Nulling feature is fully automatic when the 339A internal oscillator is used as the signal source. When using an external signal source, an LED on the front panel indicates which direction the FREQUENCY controls must be rotated to be within the Auto Nulling range.

3-8. The Model 339A includes an AM detector which has a carrier frequency range of 550 kHz to 1.6 MHz. The AM detector permits the measurement of THD of a modulation signal.

3-9. The signal source used in the Model 339A is a "bridged T" oscillator which provides a low distortion sine-wave signal from 10 Hz to 110 kHz. The operating

frequencies of the oscillator and the analyzer notch filter are set simultaneously. The output level of the oscillator is variable from 1 mV rms full-scale to 3 V rms full-scale into a 600 Ω load.

3-10. The ac voltmeter section of the Model 339A measures the true rms value of input voltages from 1 mV full-scale to 300 V full-scale in twelve ranges. Frequency response of the meter section is 10 Hz to 110 kHz.

3-11. True RMS VS Average Responding Detection.

3-12. Since the 339A employs a true rms converter to detect the measurement signal, it is less susceptible to errors than average responding devices. Most average responding meters are calibrated to indicate the rms value of a pure sine-wave. When reading a pure sine-wave, both the true rms and average responding meters will give the correct indication. However, when reading complex signals the average responding meter may be in error. The amount or error depends upon the particular signal being measured.

As an example; when measuring a square-wave, the true rms meter will give the correct indication of the rms value. The average responding meter however, will read 11% high. The average responding meter is also affected by signals with harmonic content. The amount of error introduced by an average responding meter due to harmonics is dependent upon the relative amplitude, phase, and order of the harmonic. The third harmonic usually causes the greatest amount of error. For example, when measuring a signal with third harmonic content, an average responding meter can be in error by +5% to -20% depending upon the amplitude and phase of the harmonic, relative to the fundamental frequency. Due to the errors inherent in average responding meters, a distortion analyzer which employs this type of detector will also be subject to the same measurement errors. These errors can cause indicated distortion readings to be as much as 1.3 dB below the actual rms value for certain combinations of second and third harmonics. The Model 339A is not affected by the errors associated with average responding detectors and will provide more accurate measurement indications.

Section III

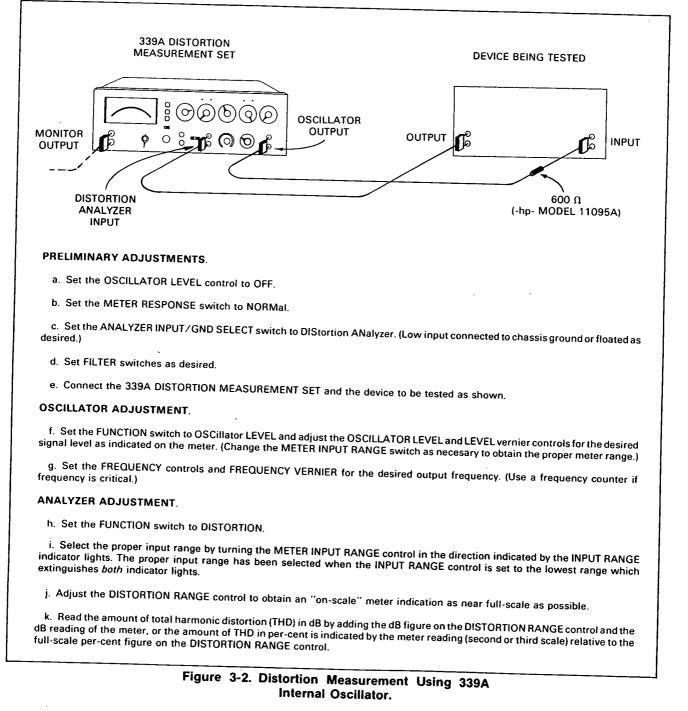
3-13. Turn-On and Warm-Up.

3-14. Before connecting ac power to the 339A, be certain the rear panel voltage selector switches are set to correspond to the voltage of the available power line and that the proper fuse is installed for the voltage selected. For rated measurement accuracy, the 339A should be allowed to "warm-up" for at least 15 minutes.

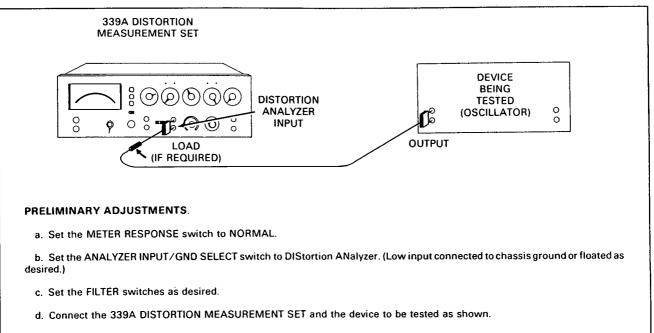
3-15. DISTORTION MEASUREMENT.

3-16. Distortion Measurement Using the 339A Internal Oscillator.

3-17. The Model 339A Distortion Measurment Set is designed to provide complete capability for measuring Total Harmonic Distortion by combining an automatic, high resolution distortion analyzer and a low distortion signal source. Figure 3-2 illustrates the fundamental application of the Model 339A. The figure shows the equipment configuration and includes an operating procedure for making THD measurements.



Section III



ANALYZER ADJUSTMENTS.

e. Set the FUNCTION switch to DISTORTION.

f. Select the proper input range by turning the METER INPUT RANGE control in the direction indicated by the INPUT RANGE indicator lights. The proper input range has been selected when the INPUT RANGE control is set to the lowest range which extinguishes *both* indicator lights.

g. Slowly adjust the FREQUENCY controls in the direction indicated by the FREQUENCY indicator lights. The proper frequency range has been selected when *both* indicator lights are extinguished.

h. Adjust the DISTORTION RANGE control to obtain an "on-scale" meter indication as near full-scale as possible.

i. Read the amount of total harmonic distortion (THD) in dB by adding the dB figure on the DISTORTION RANGE control and the dB reading of the meter, or the amount of THD in per-cent is indicated by the meter reading (second or third scale) relative to the full-scale per-cent figure on the DISTORTION RANGE control.

Figure 3-3. Distortion Measurement of an External Source.

3-18. Distortion Measurement of an External Source.

Figure 3-3 shows another measurement application. In this case the Model 339A is used to measure the THD of a signal source. The figure includes an illustration of the necesary equipment connections and an operating procedure for making the measurement.

3-20. AM DETECTOR.

3-21. The Model 339A includes an AM DETECTOR to permit the user to measure the total harmonic distortion of a modulation signal on an RF carrier. Equipment connection and measurement procedures are similar to those outlined in Figure 3-3 except the input is connected to the AM DETECTOR input.

3-22. VOLTMETER OPERATION.

3-23. The following procedures outline the operating procedures for the various voltmeter functions.

3-24. Normal Voltmeter Operation.

3-25. To use the Model 339A as a normal, true rms voltmeter, proceed as follows:

a. Set the FUNCTION switch to INPUT LEVEL.

b. Set the METER RESPONSE switch to NOR-MAL.

c. Set the INPUT/GND SELECT switch to DIStortion ANalyzer (low input connected to chassis ground or floating as desired).

d. Set the FILTER switches off (out).

e. Connect the signal to be measured to the DISTORTION ANALYZER input connectors.

f. Adjust the INPUT RANGE control in the direction indicated by the INPUT RANGE indicator lights until an "on-scale" meter indication, as near full-scale as possible, is obtained. (Both indicator lights will be off.)

3-26. RELATIVE LEVEL OPERATION.

3-27. The RELATIVE LEVEL FUNCTION permits the user to adjust the meter gain of the 339A to set a convenient reference level on the meter (usually 0 dB). This function is convenient for measuring signal levels relative to a reference level. To use the RELative LEVEL FUNCTION, proceed as follows:

a. Set the FUNCTION switch to RELative LEVEL.

b. Set the METER RESPONSE switch to NORMal.

c. Set the INPUT/GND SELECT switch to DIStortion ANalyzer. (Low input connected to chassis ground or floating as desired.)

d. Set the FILTER switches off (out).

e. Connect the reference signal to the DISTORTION ANALYZER input connectors.

f. Adjust the INPUT RANGE control in the direction indicated by the INPUT RANGE indicator lights until an "on-scale" meter indication is obtained.

g. Use the RELATIVE ADJUST control to set the meter to the desired reference level.

h. Measure other input levels relative to the reference just established. Do not change the RELATIVE ADJUST control.

3-28. Oscillator Level Operation.

3-29. In the OSCillator LEVEL function, the analyzer inputs and the MONITOR output is disabled and the 339A meter circuit is used to monitor the output level of the oscillator. To measure the oscillator output level, perform the following:

a. Set the FUNCTION switch to OSCillator LEVEL.

b. Set the METER RESPONSE switch to NOR-MAL.

c. Set the FILTER switches to off (out).

d. Adjust the INPUT RANGE control as necessary to obtain an "on-scale" meter indication as near full-scale as possible.

e. The meter reading, relative to the meter range selected by the INPUT RANGE control indicates the output level of the oscillator.

3-30. To adjust the oscillator output to a particular level, perform the following:

a. Set the FUNCTION switch to OSCillator LEVEL.

b. Set the METER RESPONSE switch to NOR-MAL.

c. Set the FILTER switches to off (out).

d. Set the INPUT RANGE control to the appropriate meter range for the oscillator output level desired.

e. Adjust the OSCILLATOR LEVEL control and LEVEL vernier until the desired output level is indicated on the meter.

3-31. VU MEASUREMENTS.

3-32. To measure volume units (VU), the meter response characteristics are changed to those of a VU meter by switching the METER RESPONSE switch to the VU position. VU measurements can be made in the INPUT LEVEL or RELative LEVEL functions. Measurement results are normally read on the dBm 600 ohms meter scale. Operating procedures for making VU measurements are the same as those listed for Normal Voltmeter Operation or Relative Level Operation.

3-33. Filters.

3-34. Three 60 dB/decade active filters, one high-pass and two low-pass, are included to permit the user to eliminate unwanted frequencies and noise. These filters may be selected individually or in any combination by means of the front panel FILTER switch. The frequencies labeled beside each switch indicate the 3 dB "roll-off" point of that particular filter.

3-35. Input Ground Select.

3-36. The ANALYZER Low input reference is selected by the INPUT/GND SELECT switch. When using the DISTORTION ANALYZER input, the input low is connected to chassis ground (center switch position) or allowed to float (right switch position). When using the AM DETECTOR input (left switch position) the input low is connected to chassis ground.



To prevent damage to the analyzer input circuits, do not float the low input terminal more than ± 30 V dc relative to earth ground.

3-4

3-37. Monitor Output.

3-38. The MONITOR output provides a means of driving external equipment to permit a more detailed analysis of the signal being measured. Instruments, such as an oscilloscope, wave analyzer, or spectrum annalyzer can be used to determine the nature of the total harmonic distortion being measured. The monitor output level is 1 V rms for full-scale meter deflection. The MONITOR output is disabled when using the OSCillator LEVEL FUNCTION.

3-39. OSCILLATOR OPERATION.

3-40. Frequency Selection.

3-41. The oscillator frequency is determined by the setting of the FREQUENCY and FREQUENCY VERNIER controls. The units and tenths controls determine the first and second digits of the desired frequency. These numbers are then multiplied by the range selected on the multiplier control. As an example: to set the oscillator to a frequency of 5.6 kHz; set the units control to 5, the tenths control to .6, and the multiplier to X1K. (The FREQUENCY VERNIER should be set to the CAL position.) The FREQUENCY VERNIER provides continuous frequency tuning between steps of the tenths control to permit continuous frequency selection from 10 Hz to 110 kHz.

3-42. Output Level.

3-43. The oscillator output level is controlled by the OSCILLATOR LEVEL control and LEVEL vernier. The OSCILLATOR LEVEL control selects output levels from 3 mV rms full-scale to 3 V rms full-scale in 10 dB V steps (600 ohm load). The level vernier varies the output level from greater than 3 V rms to less than 1 mV rms (600 ohm load).

3-44. OPERATIONAL VERIFICATION CHECKS.

3-45. The following procedures are designed to test the operational capabilities of the Model 339A. If so desired, these tests can be substituted for the performance tests outlined in Section IV for incoming inspection tests or to check operation after calibration. Keep in mind however, these tests check only the operational capabilities of the Models 339A. They *do not* check the performance accuracy. If the instrument fails any of the following tests, refer service to qualified service personnel.

3-46. Preliminary Procedure.

3-47. Before connecting power to the 339A, perform the following:

a. Be certain that the rear panel VOLTAGE SELECTOR switches are set to correspond to the

available power line voltage and that the proper fuse is installed.

b. Connect power to the 339A and turn the LINE switch ON.

c. Set the FILTER switches off (out).

d. Set the METER RESPONSE switch to NOR-MAL.

3-48. OSCILLATOR.

3-49. This procedure checks the output level of the 339A oscillator for all frequency settings. Frequency accuracy is not checked. To check the oscillator proceed as follows:

a. Set the FUNCTION switch to OSCillator LEVEL.

b. Set the INPUT RANGE control to the 10 volt range.

c. Set the FREQUENCY controls fully counterclockwise.

d. Set the OSCILLATOR LEVEL control and level vernier fully clockwise. The meter should indicate more than 6 volts.

e. Set the level vernier fully counterclockwise. The meter should indicate less than 2 volts.

f. Set the INPUT RANGE control to the +10 dBm range and adjust the level vernier for a 0 dBm meter indication (blue scale).

g. While observing the meter, set the FREQUENCY controls to each dial position. (Allow time for the meter reading to stabilize at each setting.) The meter indication should not vary more than 0.6 dBm from the original setting.

h. Set the FREQUENCY controls for a frequency of 1 kHz.

i. Adjust the level vernier for a meter indication 0 dBm.

j. Simultaneously down-range the OSCILLATOR LEVEL and INPUT RANGE controls to the next lower range. The meter should indicate 0 dBm.

k. Repeat Steps i and j for each position of the OSCILLATOR LEVEL control.

3-50. AC VOLTMETER.

3-51. The following procedure checks the ac voltmeter functions and ranges. Perform the following steps:

Section III

a. Set the FILTER switches off (out), the METER RESPONSE switch to NORMAL, and the INPUT/ GND SELECT switch to the center position. (DIStortion ANalyzer with input low connected to chassis ground.)

b. Set the FUNCTION switch to INPUT LEVEL.

c. Set the INPUT RANGE control to the 10 volt range.

d. Set the FREQUENCY controls for a frequency of 1 kHz.

e. Set the OSCILLATOR LEVEL control to the 3 volt range.

f. Connect a cable from the OSCILLATOR OUTPUT terminals to the DISTORTION ANALYZER input terminals.

g. Adjust the OSCILLATOR LEVEL vernier for a meter indication of 6 volts.

h. While observing the meter, set the INPUT RANGE control to the 30, 100, and 300 volts ranges. The meter should indicate 6 volts on the respective ranges. The left hand INPUT RANGE indicator light should be lit on all three ranges.

i. Set the INPUT RANGE switch to the 3 volt range. Observe that the right hand INPUT RANGE indicator is lit.

j. Down-range the OSCILLATOR LEVEL control to the next lower range and adjust the level vernier for a meter indication -10 dB V.

k. Down-range the INPUT RANGE control to the next lower range. The meter should indicate $0 \text{ dB V} \pm .2 \text{ dB V}$.

1. Repeat Steps j and k until all input ranges except the .001 V range have been checked.

m. Set the INPUT RANGE control to the 10 volt range and the OSCILLATOR LEVEL control to the 3 volt range.

n. Adjust the level vernier for a meter indication of -12 dB V.

o. Set the FUNCTION switch to the RELATIVE LEVEL position.

p. Vary the RELATIVE ADJUST control to verify an adjustment range of greater-than 10 dB V.

3-52. Distortion Analyzer.

3-53. The following procedure checks the distortion

analyzer ranges and distortion measurement capability. Perform the following steps:

a. Set the FILTER switches off (out), the METER RESPONSE switch to NORMAL, and the INPUT/ GND SELECT switch to the center position (DIStortion ANalyzer with input low connected to chassis ground).

b. Set the DISTORTION RANGE control to 0 dB.

c. Set the INPUT RANGE control to the I volt range.

d. Set the FREQUENCY controls to a frequency of 1 kHz.

e. Set the OSCILLATOR LEVEL control to the 3 volt range.

f. Connect a cable between the OSCILLATOR OUTPUT terminals and the DISTORTION ANALY-ZER input terminals.

g. Set the FUNCTION switch to the DISTORTION position.

h. Adjust the OSCILLATOR LEVEL vernier for a meter indication of -15 dB V.

i. Down-range the DISTORTION RANGE control to the next lower range. The meter should indicate approximately -5 dB V.

j. Repeat Steps h and i until all distortion ranges have been checked.

3-54. Filters.

3-55. The following procedure checks the "roll-off" of the filters.

a. Set the FUNCTION switch to OSCILLATOR LEVEL.

b. Set the INPUT RANGE control to the 3 volt range.

c. Set the OSCILLATOR LEVEL control to the 3 volt range and adjust the level vernier for a meter indication of 0 dB V.

d. Set the FREQUENCY controls for a frequency of 400 Hz.

e. Set the 400 Hz FILTER switch on (in). The meter should indicate $-3 \text{ dB V} \pm 1 \text{ dB}$. Return the filter switch to off (out).

f. Set the FREQUENCY controls for a frequency of 30 kHz. Readjust the level vernier for a meter indication 0 dB V if necessary.

g. Set the 30 kHz filter switch on (in). The meter

Model 339A

Section III

should indicate $-3 dBV \pm 2 dB$. Return the filter switch to off (out).

h. Set the FREQUENCY controls for a frequency of 80 kHz. Readjust the level vernier for a meter indication of 0 dB V if necessary.

i. Set the 80 kHz filter switch on (in). The meter should indicate -3 dB V \pm 2 dB. Return the filter switch to off (out).

3-56. OPERATOR'S MAINTENANCE.

3-57. Fuse Replacement.

3-58. The ac line fuse is located on the rear panel of the instrument. Before checking or replacing the fuse, disconnect the ac line cord from the instrument. The fuse used in the Model 339A is a 250 mA, normal-blow fuse.

WARNING

For continued protection against fire hazard, replace only with the same type and rating of fuse as specified for the line voltage being used.

3-59. Adjustment of Meter Mechanical Zero.

3-60. The meter is properly zero-set when the pointer rests over the zero calibration mark with the instrument in its normal operating environment and turned off. Zero-set the meter as follows to obtain maximum accuracy and mechanical stability:

a. Turn instrument on and alow it to operate for at least 20 minutes to let meter movement reach normal operating temperature.

b. Turn instrument off and allow 30 seconds for all capacitors to discharge.

c. Rotate zero adjustment screw clockwise until pointer is left of zero and moving upscale.

d. Continue rotating screw clockwise; stop when pointer is exactly at zero.

e. When pointer is exactly over zero, rotate adjustment screw slightly counterclockwise to relieve tension on pointer suspension. If pointer moves off zero, repeat Steps c through e, but make counterclockwise rotation less.

SECTION IV PERFORMANCE TEST

4-1. INTRODUCTION.

4-2. This section contains performance test procedures which can be used to verify that the Model 339A meets the specifications listed in Table 1-1. All tests can be performed without access to the interior of the instrument. A simpler operational verification procedure, included in Section III, may be used to check the operational capability of the 339A. The operational procedures do not, however, check specified accuracy of the instrument.

4-3. EQUIPMENT REQUIRED.

4-4. The test equipment required for the performance tests is listed at the beginning of each procedure and in the Recommended Test Equipment Table in Section I. If the recommended equipment is not available, any equipment that meets the critical specifications given in the table may be substituted.

4-5. TEST RECORD.

4-6. A Performance Test Record is included at the end of this section for your convenience in recording performance data. This record may be removed from the manual and used as a permanent record of the incoming inspection or of a routine performance test. The

Performance Test Record may be reproduced without written permission of Hewlett-Packard.

4-7. CALIBRATION CYCLE.

4-8. The Model 339A requires periodic verification of performance. The performance should be tested as part of the incoming inspection and at 90 day or 6 month intervals, depending upon the environmental conditions and your specific accuracy requirements.

4-9. VOLTMETER PERFORMANCE TESTS.

4-10. The following procedures check the accuracy of the voltmeter section of the 339A. These procedures should be performed and the voltmeter accuracy verified before performing the Distortion Analyzer Performance Tests.

4-11. Full-Scale Accuracy and Frequency Response Test.

Equipment Required:

AC Calibrator (-hp- Model 745A) High Voltage Amplifier (-hp- Model 746A)

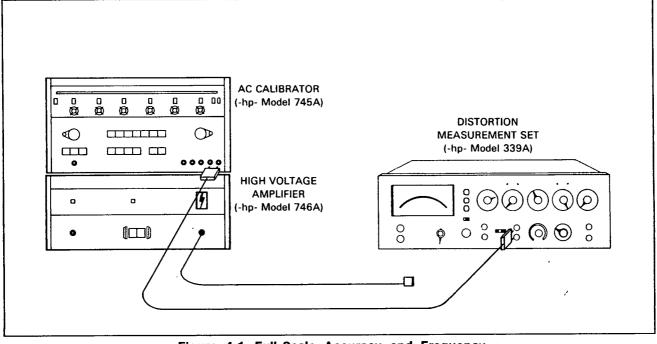


Figure 4-1. Full-Scale Accuracy and Frequency Response Test.

Input Range	FREQUENCY						
& Input	10 Hz	20 Hz	20 Hz 100 Hz 1 kHz 10 kHz 20 kHz				110 kHz
Level	TEST LIMITS						
.001 V .003 V .01 V .03 V .1 V .3 V 1 V 3 V 10 V 30 V 100 V 300 V	.0009600104 .0028800312 .00960104 .02880312 .096104 .288312 .96 - 1.04 2.88312 9.6 - 10.4 28.8 - 31.2 96 - 104 288 - 312	.0009800102 .0029400306 .00980102 .02940306 .098102 .294306 .98 - 1.02 2.94 - 3.06 9.8 - 10.2 29.4 - 30.6 98 - 102 294 - 306			.0009600104 .0028800312 .00960104 .02880312 .096104 .288312 .96 - 1.04 2.88312 9.6 - 104 28.8 - 31.2 96 - 104 288 - 312		

a. Set the 339A controls as follows:

FUNCTION INPUT LEVEL FILTERS OFF (out) METER RESPONSE VU INPUT RANGE001 V INPUT/GND SELECT DIS. AN./_ (center position)

b. Set the AC Calibrator controls for an output of 1 mV, 10 Hz.

c. Connect the output of the AC Calibrator to the 339A DISTORTION ANALYZER input.

d. The 339A 1 mV, 10 Hz meter indication should be within the Test Limits listed in Table 4-1.

e. Using the AC Calibrator and High Voltage Amplifier, verify the 339A Voltmeter accuracy for each Test Frequency, Input Level, and 339A Input Range listed in Table 4-1.

4-12. Meter Tracking and Monitor Output Accuracy Test.

Equipment Required:

AC Calibrator (-hp- Model 745A) True RMS Voltmeter (-hp- Model 3403C)

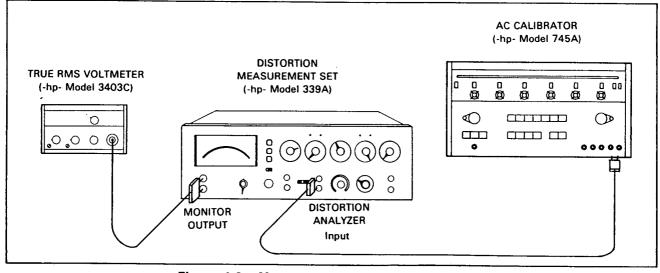
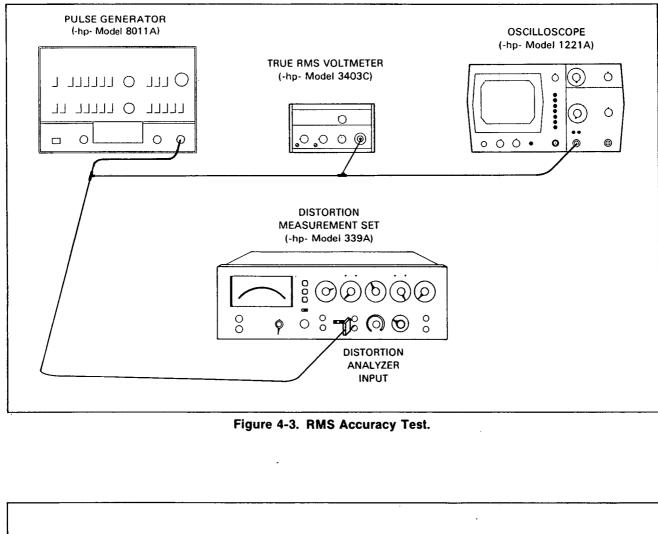


Figure 4-2. Meter Tracking and Monitor Output Accuracy Test.



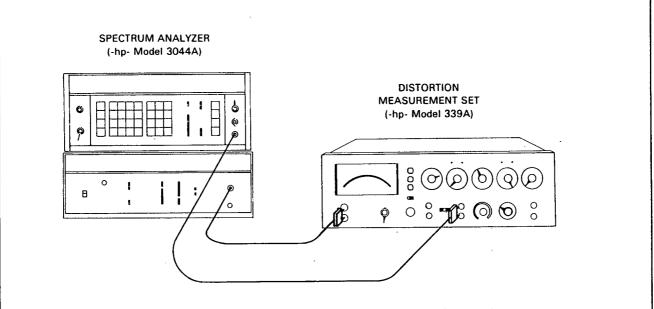


Figure 4-4. Filter Accuracy Test.

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a. Set the 339A controls as follows:

FUNCTION INPUT I	LEVEL
FILTERS OF	F (out)
METER RESPONSE	VÚ
INPUT RANGE	I V
INPUT/GND SELECT DIS. A	N./⊥
(center position)	

b. Set the AC Calibrator controls for an output of 1 V, 1 kHz.

c. Set the True RMS Voltmeter to read AC Volts on the 1 V range.

d. Connect the equipment as shown in Figure 4-2.

e. The 339A 1 V meter indication and MONITOR output level should be within the Test Limits listed in Table 4-2.

f. Using the AC Calibrator, verify the 339A meter accuracy and MONITOR output accuracy for each input level listed in Table 4-2.

Table 4-2. Meter Tracking and MONITOR Output Accuracy Tests.

Input Level	Meter Indication	Monitor Output Level
1.0 V	.98 - 1.02	.95 - 1.05
.9 V	.8892	.8595
.8 V	.7882	.7585
.7 V	.6872	.6575
.6 V	.5862	.5565
.5 V	.4852	.4555
.4 V	.3842	.3545
.3 V	.2832	.2535
.2 V	.1822	.1525
.1 V	.0812	.0515

4-13. RMS Accuracy (crest factor) Test.

Equipment Required:

Pulse Generator (-hp- Model 8011A) True RMS Voltmeter (-hp- Model 3403C) Oscilloscope (-hp- Model 1221A)

a. Set the 339A controls as follows:

FUNCTION	INPUT LEVEL
FILTERS	OFF (out)
METER RESPONSE	VÚ
INPUT RANGE	3 V
INPUT/GND SELECT	DIS. AN./1
(center position)	,

b. Connect the equipment as shown in Figure 4-3.

c. Adjust the pulse generator for a 10 V peak-to-peak positive pulse with a repetition rate of 1 kHz (as observed on the oscilloscope).

d. Adjust the Pulse Geneator symmetry until the true RMS voltmeter indicates 3.00 V rms.

NOTE

The pulse generator amplitude and symmetry controls may interact. Repeat adjustments as necessary to obtain a true rms meter indication of 3 V and an oscilloscope presentation of 10 V peak-to-peak.

e. The 339A meter indication must be 3 volts \pm .06 volts.

f. Change the Pulse Generator repetition rate to 100 Hz. Readjust the amplitude and symmetry as necessary to obtain a true RMS meter indication of 3 V and a 10 V peak-to-peak oscilloscope presentation.

g. The 339A meter indication must be $3 V \pm .06$ volts.

h. Change the Pulse Generator repetition rate to 10 kHz. Readjust the amplitude and symmetry as necessary to obtain a True RMS meter reading of 3 V and a 10 V peak-to-peak oscilloscope presentation.

i. The 339A meter indication must be $3 V \pm .12$ volts.

4-14. Filter Accuracy Test.

Equipment Required:

Spectrum Analyzer (-hp- Model 3044A)

a. Set the 339A controls as follows:

FUNCTION INPUT LEVEL FILTERS OFF (out) METER RESPONSE VU INPUT RANGE I V INPUT/GND SELECT DIS. AN./__ (center position)

b. Connect the equipment as shown in Figure 4-4.

c. Set theSynthesizer (3330B) output frequency to 400 Hz and adjust the output level for a full-scale meter reading on the 339A.

d. Set the Spectrum Analyzer (3571A) controls for an input impedance of 1 M Ω , an input range of +10 dB V, a bandwidth of 3 Hz and a relative display reference.

Model 339A

e. Set the Spectrum Analyzers measurement reference by pressing the Enter Offset button. (The Spectrum Analyzer should display 00.00 dB.)

f. Set the 339A 400 Hz FILTER switch to ON (in).

g. Adjust the Synthesizer frequency until the Spectrum Analyzer indicates a reading of -3.00 dB. The Synthesizer frequency must be between 360 Hz and 435 Hz.

h. Set the 339A 400 Hz FILTER to OFF (out).

i. Set the Synthesizer output frequency to 30 kHz.

j. Set the Spectrum Analyzers measurement reference by pressing the Enter Offset button.

k. Set the 339A 30 kHz FILTER switch to ON (in).

l. Adjust the Synthesizer frequency as necessary to obtain a Spectrum Analyzer reading of -3.00 dB. The Synthesizer frequency must be between 27 kHz and 32.6 kHz.

m. Set the 339A 30 kHz FILTER to OFF (out).

n. Set the Synthesizer output frequency to 80 kHz.

o. Set the Spectrum Analyzers measurement reference by pressing the Enter Offset button.

p. Set the 339A 80 kHz FILTER switch to ON (in).

q. Adjust the Synthesizer frequency as necessary to obtain a Spectrum Analyzer reading of -3.00 dB. The Synthesizer frequency must be between 72.1 kHz and 87 kHz.

r. Set the 339A 80 kHz FILTER to OFF (out).

4-15. OSCILLATOR PERFORMANCE TESTS.

4-16. Output Level and Flatness Test.

Equipment Required:

True RMS Voltmeter (-hp- Model 3403C) 600 ohm Resistive Load (-hp- 11095A)

a. Set the 339A controls as follows:

FREQUENCY 1 kHz (1.0 x 1 K) FREQUENCY VERNIER CAL OSCILLATOR LEVEL 3 V LEVEL vernier fully CW

b. Set the True RMS Voltmeter controls to measure AC Volts.

c. Connect the equipment as shown in Figure 4-5.

d. The True RMS Voltmeter indication must be greater than 3 V (typically > 3.4 V).

e. Adjust the 339A LEVEL vernier for a reading of 3.00 V as indicated on the True RMS Voltmeter.

f. Set the 339A to each FREQUENCY listed in Table 4-3 and verify that the output level is within the limits specified.

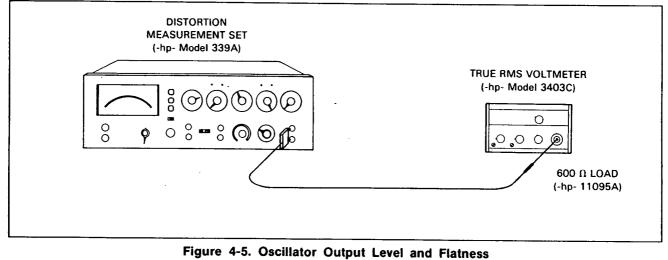
4-17. Output Impedance Test.

Equipment Required:

True RMS Voltmeter (-hp- Model 3403C) 600 ohm Resistive Load (-hp- Model 11095A)

a. Set the 339A controls as follows:

FREQUENCY 1 kHz (1.0 x 1 K)



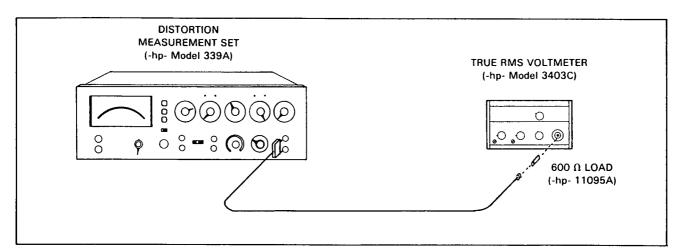


Figure 4-6. Oscillator Output Impedance Test.

FREQUENCY VERNIER CAL OSCILLATOR 3 V

b. Connect the equipment as shown in Figure 4-6 (without the 600 ohm load).

c. Adjust the True RMS Voltmeter controls to measure AC volts on the 10 V range.

d. Adjust the 339A LEVEL vernier control to obtain a reading of 6.00 V on the True RMS voltmeter.

e. Disconnect the cable from the True RMS Voltmeter and install the 600 ohm load as shown in Figure 4-6.

f. The True RMS Voltmeter reading must be between 2.927 and 3.077 V rms.

4-18. Oscillator Frequency Accuracy Test.

Equipment Required:

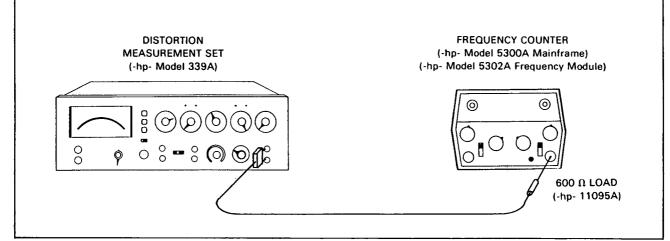
Frequency Counter (-hp- Model 5300A Mainframe, 5302A Frequency Module) 600 ohm Resistive Load (-hp- 11095A)

a. Set the 339A controls as follows:

FREQUENCY 10 Hz (1.0 x 10) FREQUENCY VERNIER CAL OSCILLATOR LEVEL 3 V

Table 4-3. Oscillator Output Limits (Flatness Test).

Output Frequency	Output Level
10 Hz	2.930 - 3.070
20 Hz	2.965 - 3.035
100 Hz	2.965 - 3.035
10 kHz	2.965 - 3.035
20 kHz	2.965 - 3.035
110 kHz	2.930 - 3.070





Model 339A

Frequency	339A Frequency Range Setting	Frequency Counter Indication (Period)
10 Hz 20 Hz 50 Hz 100 Hz	X 10	102.04 mSec 98.04 mSec. 51.020 mSec 49.019 mSec. 20.408 mSec 19.608 mSec. 10.204 mSec 9.803 mSec.
100 Hz 200 Hz 500 Hz 1 kHz	X 100	10.204 mSec 9.803 mSec. 5.1020 mSec 4.9019 mSec. 2.0408 mSec 1.9608 mSec. 1.0204 mSec9803 mSec.
1 kHz 1.1 kHz 1.2 kHz 1.3 kHz 1.4 kHz 1.5 kHz 1.6 kHz 1.7 kHz 1.8 kHz 1.9 kHz 2.0 kHz 3.0 kHz 4.0 kHz 5.0 kHz 6.0 kHz 7.0 kHz 8.0 kHz 9.0 kHz 10.0 kHz	• х 1К	1020.4 μ Sec 980.3 μ Sec. 927.64 μ Sec 891.26 μ Sec. 850.34 μ Sec 816.99 μ Sec. 784.93 μ Sec 754.14 μ Sec. 728.86 μ Sec 700.28 μ Sec. 630.27 μ Sec 653.59 μ Sec. 637.75 μ Sec 612.74 μ Sec. 600.24 μ Sec 576.70 μ Sec. 566.89 μ Sec 544.66 μ Sec. 537.05 μ Sec 515.99 μ Sec. 510.20 μ Sec 326.79 μ Sec. 240.13 μ Sec 245.09 μ Sec. 255.10 μ Sec 163.39 μ Sec. 170.06 μ Sec 163.39 μ Sec. 145.77 μ Sec 122.54 μ Sec. 127.55 μ Sec 122.54 μ Sec. 113.37 μ Sec 108.93 μ Sec. 102.04 μ Sec 98.039 μ Sec.
10 kHz 20 kHz 50 kHz 100 kHz 109 kHz	х 10 к	102.04 μSec 98.039 μSec. 51.020 μSec 49.019 μSec. 20.408 μSec 19.608 μSec. 10.204 μSec 9.8039 μSec. 9.3615 μSec 8.9944 μSec.

Table 4-4. Oscillator Frequency Accuracy Test.

b. Connect the equipment as shown in Figure 4-7.

c. Adjust the Frequency Counter controls to measure period.

d. The 339A 10 Hz frequency should be within the limits listed in Table 4-4.

e. Verify the 339A Oscillator Frequency Accuracy for each frequency listed in Table 4-4.

4-19. Oscillator Total Harmonic Distortion Test.

Equipment Required:

Spectrum Analyzer (-hp- Model (3044A) Tuneable Notch Filter (-hp- Model 339A) 600 ohm Resistive Load (-hp- 11095A) a. Set the 339A controls as follows:

FUNCTION	OSCillator LEVEL
FREQUENCY .	10 Hz (1.0 x 10)
FREQUENCY '	VERNIER CAL
OSCILLATOR	LEVEL 3 V

b. Connect the equipment as shown in Figure 4-8.

c. Adjust the 339A OSCILLATOR LEVEL vernier for an output level of 3 V rms as indicated on the 339A meter.

d. Set the Tuneable Notch Filter (339A) Frequency to 10 Hz and set the Function to Input Level. Adjust the Input Range control as necessary to obtain an on-scale meter indication as near full-scale as possible.

e. Set the Spectrum Analyzer (3571A) controls for an input impedance of 1 M Ω , an input range of +10 dB V, a bandwidth of 3 Hz, and a relative display reference.

f. Tune the Spectrum Analyzer to the exact frequency of the 339A under test by varying the Synthesizer (3330B) frequency until the Spectrum Analyzer indicates maximum level. Enter this frequency as both the output frequency and step frequency of the Synthesizer.

g. Reference the Spectrum Analyzer to the amplitude of the 339A fundamental frequency by pressing the Enter Offset button. (Observe a Spectrum Analyzer display of 00.00 dB.)

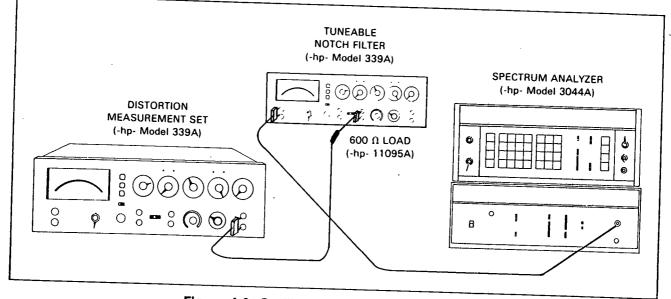
h. Adjust the Tuneable Notch Filter controls as necessary to make a distortion measurement. (The purpose of this step is to null the fundamental frequency of the 339A Oscillator output. This puts the distortion products within the dynamic range of the Spectrum Analyzer.)

i. Step the Synthesizer frequency to the second harmonic frequency of the 339A output.

j. The amplitude of the second harmonic frequency, relative to the fundamental frequency is determined by adding the Spectrum Analyzer display reading and the range setting of the Notch Filter. (As an example: If the Notch Filter distortion range control is set to -80 dB and the Spectrum Analyzer display indicates -23 dB the amplitude of the second harmonic is -103 dB, relative to the fundamental.) Record the amplitude reading of the second harmonic.

k. Step the Synthesizer frequency to the frequency of the third harmonic.

l. Determine the relative amplitude of the third harmonic by adding the Spectrum Analyzer display reading and the range setting of the Notch Filter. Record the amplitude reading of the third harmonic.





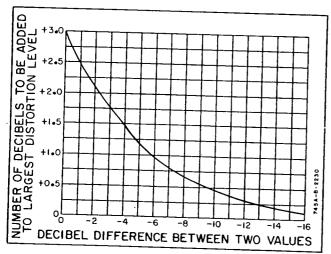


Figure 4-9. Logarithmic Addition of Harmonic Components.

Table 4-5. Oscillator Total Harmonic Distortion Test.

339A	THD
Frequency	Specification
10 Hz 100 Hz 1 kHz 10 kHz 20 kHz 30 kHz 50 kHz 109 kHz	> -95 dB > -95 dB > -95 dB <- > -95 dB > -95 dB > -95 dB > -85 dB > -80 dB > -70 dB

m. Calculate the Total Harmonic Distortion using the graph shown in Figure 4-9. As an example: If the amplitude of the second harmonic is -110 dB and the third harmonic amplitude is -114 dB the dB difference between the two is -4 dB. Locate this number on the horizontal axis of the graph. The -4 line intersects the curve at approximately the +1.5 level on the vertical axis. The total harmonic distortion is therefore the amplitude of the largest harmonic (2nd harmonic) plus the number determined on the vertical axis (-110 dB + 1.5 dB = -108.5 dB).

n. The 339A should meet the 10 Hz THD specification listed in Table 4-5.

o. Repeat Steps f through m for each frequency listed in Table 4-5.

NOTE

It may be necessary to increase the Bandwidth of the Spectrum Analyzer at higher frequencies. Adjust as necessary to maintain a stable reading.

4-20. DISTORTION ANALYZER PERFOR-MANCE TESTS.

4-21. The Voltmeter Performance Tests, at the beginning of this section, should be performed and the Voltmeter accuracy verified before proceeding with the Distortion Analyzer Tests.

4-22. Fundamental Rejection and Induced Distortion Test.

4-23. The following test requires an exceptionally low

Model 339A

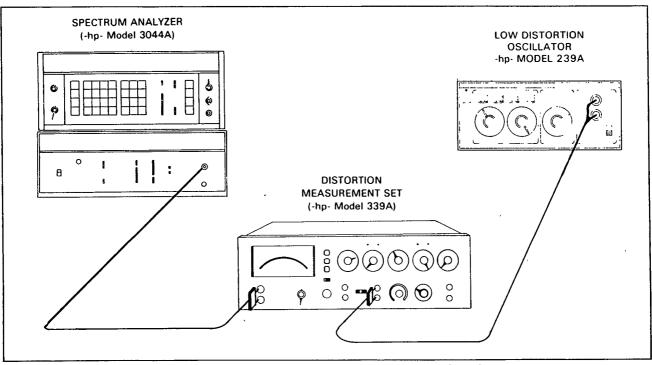


Figure 4-10. Fundamental Rejection and Induced Distortion Test.

distortion signal source. In most cases the Model 339A being used as a source will be sufficient. However, if the instrument under test does not meet the Induced Distortion specifications listed in Table 4-6, it must be determined whether the distortion is due to the signal source or the analyzer under test. In some cases this may be accomplished by exchanging the signal source with another. If this is not practical, low-pass filters may be constructed to enhance the signal purity of the source.

a. Set the 339A controls as follows:

FUNCTION	INPUT LEVEL
FILTERS	
METER RESPONSE	NORMAL
INPUT RANGE	3 V
INPUT/GND SELECT	. DIS. AN./上
(center position)	
FREQUENCY	10 Hz (1.0 x 10)

b. Connect the equipment as shown in Figure 4-10.

c. Set the Low Distortion Oscillator for an output frequency of 10 Hz. Adjust the output level for a full-scale (0 dB) meter indication on the 339A under test.

d. Adjust the frequency of the Synthesizer (3330B) for a maximum level indication on the Spectrum Analyzer (3571A). Enter this frequency as both the output frequency and step frequency of the synthesizer.

NOTE

When adjusting the frequency of the Synthesizer, use frequency steps equal to 10% of the fundamental frequency being measured. This insures adequate resolution.

e. Reference the Spectrum Analyzer to this level by pressing the enter offset button. The Spectrum Analyzer should indicate 00.00 dB.

f. Set the FUNCTION switch of the 339A under test to DISTORTION.

g. Adjust the DISTORTION RANGE control for an on-scale meter indication as near full-scale as possible.

h. Determine the fundamental rejection of the 339A under test by adding the display reading of the Spectrum Analyzer and the distortion range setting of the 339A under test. (As an example: If the 339A DISTORTION RANGE control is set to -80 dB and the Spectrum Analyzer display indicates -35 dB the fundamental rejection is -115 dB.)

i. The fundamental rejection level determined in the previous step must meet or exceed the specification listed in Table 4-6.

j. Step the Synthesizer frequency to the second harmonic frequency.

Test Frequency	Fundamental Rejection Specification	Induced Distortion Specification		
10 Hz 100 Hz 1 kHz 10 kHz	> -100 dB	> -95 dB		
20 kHz				
30 kHz		> -90 dB		
50 kHz	> -90 B	> -85 dB		
110 kHz		> -70 dB		

Table 4-6. Fundamental Rejection and Induced Distortion Test.

k. Determine the relative amplitude of the second harmonic by adding the Spectrum Analyzer display reading and the distortion range setting of the 339A under test. Record the amplitude reading of the second harmonic.

I. Step the Synthesizer frequency to the third harmonic frequency.

m. Determine the relative amplitude of the third harmonic by adding the Spectrum Analyzer display reading and the distortion range setting of the 339A under test. Record the amplitude reading of the third harmonic.

n. Calculate the Induced Harmonic Distortion using the graph shown in Figure 4-9.

o. The induced distortion measurement must meet or exceed the specification listed in Table 4-6.

p. Set the FUNCTION switch of the 339A under test to INPUT LEVEL.

q. Repeat Steps c through p for each frequency listed in Table 4-6.

4-24. Distortion Measurement Accuracy Test.

Equipment Required:

Spectrum Analyzer (-hp- Model 3044A)
Low Distortion Oscillator (-hp- Model 339A)
600 Ω 1% Metal Film Resistor (-hp- Part No. 0698-5405)
60 kΩ 1% Metal Film Resistor (-hp- Part No. 0698-5973)

a. Set the 339A controls as follows:

b. Connect the equipment as shown in Figure 4-11.

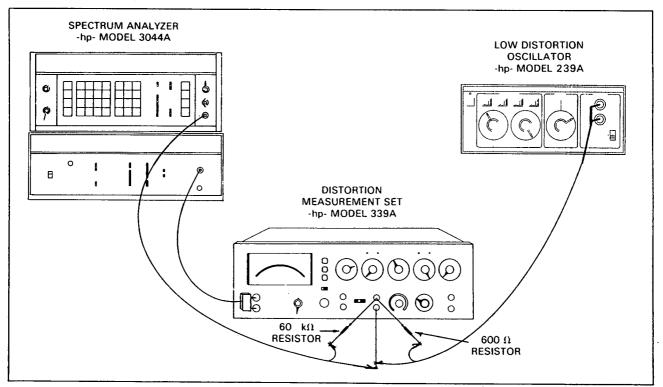


Figure 4-11. Distortion Measurement Accuracy Test.

	Model	339A
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Table 4-7.	Distortion	Measurement	Accuracy	Test.
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Distortion	Accuracy
Frequency	Limits
10 Hz	+1.0 dB, -2.0 dB
20 Hz	±1.0 dB
100 Hz	±1.0 dB
20 kHz	±1.0 dB
50 kHz	+1.0 dB, -2.0 dB
100 kHz	+1.5 dB, -4.0 dB
330 kHz	+1.5 dB, -4.0 dB

c. Adjust the Synthesizer (3330B) controls for an output frequency of 1 kHz and an output amplitude of -40 dBm.

d. Set the Low Distortion Oscillator for an output frequency of 10 kHz. Adjust the output level for a meter indication of 1 V on the 339A under test.

e. Set the FUNCTION switch of the 339A under test to DISTORTION.

f. Adjust the Synthesizer amplitude as necessary to obtain a distortion reading of -80 dB on the 339A under test (full-scale meter indication).

g. Set the Spectrum Analyzer (3571A) to a 3 Hz bandwidth, an input range of +10 dB V, an input impedance of 1 M Ω , and a relative display reference. Reference the Spectrum Analyzer to the 339A measurement by pressing the Enter Offset button.

h. Set the Synthesizer to each frequency listed in Table 4-7, and verify that the Spectrum Analyzer reading is within the limits listed.

4-25. Residual Noise Test.

Equipment Required:

1 k Ω shielded load (Refer to Figure 4-12.)

a. Set the 339A controls as follows:

b. Connect the 1 k Ω shielded load to the DISTORTION ANALYZER input terminals. (See Figure 4-12 for construction details of 1 k Ω load.)

c. The 339A measurement indication must be below -92 dB.

4-26. Input Impedance Test.

Equipment Required:

Spectrum Analyzer (-hp- Model 3044A) 100 k Ω 0.1% Metal Film Resistor (-hp- Part No. 0698-4158)

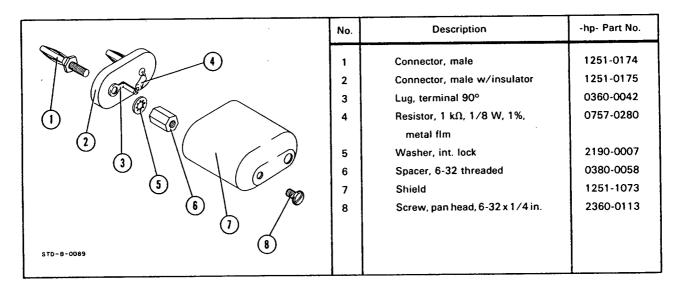


Figure 4-12. Shielded Load Assembly.

Section IV

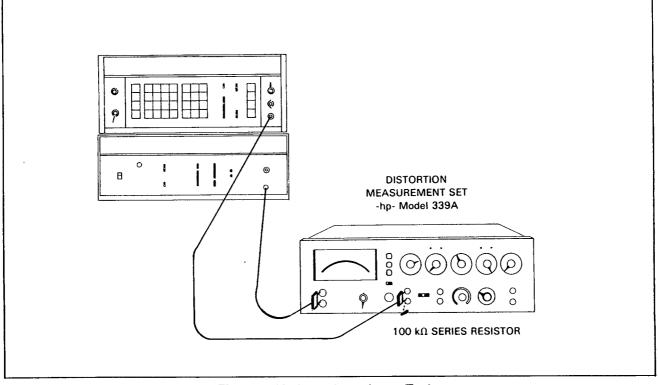


Figure 4-13. Input Impedance Test.

a. Set the 339A controls as follows:

FUNCTION	INPUT LEVEL
FILTERS	OFF (out)
INPUT RANGE	I V
INPUT/GND SELECT .	DIS. AN./_
(center position)	

b. Connect the equipment as shown in Figure 4-13.

c. Set the Synthesizer (3330B) for an output frequency of 1 kHz and adjust the amplitude as necessary to obtain a meter reading of 0 dB on the 339A. d. Set the Spectrum Analyzer (3571A) reference by pressing the Enter Offset button. Observe a display reading of 00.00 dB.

e. Disconnect the cable from the 339A and insert the 100 k Ω resistor in series with the input. The Spectrum Analyzer must indicate -6.02 dB \pm .05 dB.

f. Change the Synthesizer frequency to 17.000 kHz. The Spectrum Analyzer reading must be less than -9.00 dB indicating an input capacitance of less than 100 pF.

Model 339A

Section IV

PERFORMANCE TEST RECORD

Hewlett-Packard Model 339A

Distortion	Measurement	Set
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Serial No. _____

VOLTMETER PERFORMANCE

Full-Scale Accuracy and Frequency Response Test:

Input Level	339A Input Range	339A 10 Hz Reading	339A 110 KHz Reading	Test Limits	339A 20 Hz Reading	339A 100 Hz Reading	339A 1 kHz Reading	339A 10 kHz Reading	339A 20 kHz Reading	Test Limits
.001 V	.001 V			.0009600104						.0009800102
.003 V	.003 V			.0028800312				<u> </u>		.0029400306
.01 V	.01 V			.00960104						.00980102
.03 V	.03 V			.02880312						.02940306
.1 V	.1 V			.096104						.098102
.3 V	.3 V			.288312		·				.294306
1 V	1 V			.96 - 1.04				·		.98 - 1.02
3 V	3 V			2.88 - 3.12				<u> </u>		2.94 - 3.06
10 V	10 V	<u> </u>		9.6 - 10.4						9.8 - 10.2
30 V	30 V			28.8 - 31.2						29.4 - 30.6
100 V	100 V			96 - 104						98 - 102
300 V	300 V			288 - 312	<u> </u>					294 - 306

Meter Tracking and Monitor Output Accuracy Test:

Input Level	339A Meter Reading	Test Limits	Monitor Output Level	Test Limits
1.0 V		.98 - 1.02	·	.95 - 1.05
.9 V	i_	.8892		.8595
.8 V		.7882		.7585
.7 V	··	.6872		.6575
.6 V		.5862		.5565
.5 V		.4852	·	.4555
.4 V		.3842		.3545
.3 V		.2832		.2535
.2 V		.1822		.1525
.1 V		.0812		.0515

Tests Performed By:_____

Section IV

PERFORMANCE TEST RECORD (Cont'd)

Model 339A

RMS Accuracy (crest factor) Test:

Repetition Rate	339A Meter Reading	Test Limits
100 Hz	·	2.94 - 3.06
1 kHz		2.94 - 3.06
10 kHz		2.88 - 3.12
	Rate 100 Hz 1 kHz	Repetition Rate Meter Reading 100 Hz

Filter Accuracy Test:

339A Filter	-3 dB Frequency	Test Limits
400 Hz		360 Hz - 435 Hz
30 kHz		27 kHz -32.6 kHz
80 kHz		72.1 kHz - 87 kHz

OSCILLATOR PERFORMANCE

Output Level and Flatness Test:

339A Output Frequency	Output Level	Test Limits
10 Hz		2.930 - 3.070
20 Hz		2.965 - 3.035
100 Hz		2.965 - 3.035
10 kHz		2.965 - 3.035
20 kHz		2.965 - 3.035
110 kHz		2.930 - 3.070

Maximum Output Level into 600 Ω =____ (> 3 V rms)

Output Impedance Test:

With an unloaded output level of 6.00 V rms, the output level into a 600 Ω load = _______(test limit 2.927 - 3.077 V rms).

Oscillator Frequency Accuracy Test:

339A Output Frequency	339A Frequency Range Setting	Frequency Counter Indication (Period)	Test Limits
10 Hz			98.04 - 102.04 msec.
20 Hz	X 10		49.019 - 51.020 msec.
50 Hz			19.608 - 20.408 msec.
100 Hz			9.803 - 10.204 msec.
100 Hz			9.803 - 10.204 msec.
200 Hz	X 100		4.9019 - 5.1020 msec.
500 Hz			1.9608 - 2.0408 msec.
1 kHz			.9803 - 1.0204 msec.

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Model 339A

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Section IV

PERFORMANCE TEST RECORD (Cont'd)

Oscillator Frequency Accuracy Test (Cont'd):

339A Output Frequency	339A Frequency Range Setting	Frequency Counter Indication (Period)	Test Limits
1.0 kHz 1.1 kHz			980.3 - 1020.4 μsec. 891.26 - 927.64 μsec.
1.2 kHz			816.99 - 850.34 μsec.
1.3 kHz			754.14 - 784.93 μsec.
1.4 kHz			700.28 - 728.86 μsec.
1.5 kHz			653.59 - 680.27 μsec,
1.6 kHz			612.74 - 637.75 μsec.
1.7 kHz			576.70 - 600.24 μsec,
1.8 kHz	Х 1К		544.66 - 566.89 μsec.
1.9 kHz			515.99 - 537.05 μsec.
2.0 kHz			490.19 - 510.20 μsec.
3.0 kHz			326.79 - 340.13 μsec.
4.0 kHz			245.09 - 255.10 μsec.
5.0 kHz			196.08 - 204.08 μsec.
6.0 kHz			163.39 - 170.06 μsec.
7.0 kHz			140.05 - 145.77 μsec.
8.0 kHz			122.54 - 127.55 μsec.
9.0 kHz			108.93 - 113.37 μsec.
10 kHz			98.039 - 102.04 μsec.
10 kHz			98.039 - 102.04 μsec.
20 kHz			49.019 - 51.020 μsec.
50 kHz	Х 10К		19.608 - 20.408 μsec.
100 kHz			9.8039 - 10.204 μsec.
109 kHz			9.3615 - 8.9944 μsec.

Oscillator Total Harmonic Distortion Test:

339A Output Frequency	Calculated THD	Test Limit
10 Hz		
100 Hz		
1 kHz		-95 dB
10 kHz		
20 kHz		
30 kHz	·	-85 dB
50 kHz		-80 dB
109 kHz		-70 dB

PERFORMANCE TEST RECORD (Cont'd)

DISTORTION ANALYZER PERFORMANCE

Test Frequency	339A Fundamental Rejection	Test Limit	339A Induced Distortion	Test Limit
10 Hz 100 Hz 1 kHz 10 kHz 20 kHz		-100 dB		-95 dB
30 kHz 50 kHz 110 kHz		-90 dB		-90 dB -85 dB -70 dB

Fundamental Rejection and Induced Distortion Test:

Distortion Measurement Accuracy Test:

Distortion Frequency	Spectrum Analyzer Reading	Test Limit
10 Hz		+1.0 dB, -2.0 dB
20 Hz		±1.0 dB
100 Hz		±1.0 dB
20 kHz		±1.0 dB
50 kHz		+1.0 dB, -2.0 dB
100 kHz	·	+1.5 dB, -4.0 dB
330 kHz		+1.5 dB, -4.0 dB

Residual Noise Test:

Residual Noise with 1 k Ω input load and 80 kHz Filter = ______. Test Limit; below -92 dB.

Input Impedance Test:

Spectrum Analyzer indication for 100 k Ω resistance in series with 339A input, frequency -1 kHz = _____. Test Limit -5.97 to -6.07 dB.

Spectrum Analyzer indication for frequency of 17 kHz = ______. Test Limit -6.02 to -9.00 dB.

WARNING

Maintenance described herein is performed with power supplied to the instrument, and protective covers removed. Such maintenance should be performed only by service-trained personnel who are aware of the hazards involved (for example, fire and electrical shock). Where maintenance can be performed without power applied, the power should be removed.

SECTION V ADJUSTMENTS

5-1. INTRODUCTION.

5-2. This section contains complete adjustment procedures for the Model 339A Distortion Measurement Set. After the instrument has been adjusted according to the procedures given in this section, it should meet the accuracy specifications listed in Table 1-1.

5-3. EQUIPMENT REQUIRED.

5-4. The test equipment required to perform the adjustments is listed at the beginning of each adjustment procedure and in the Recommended Test Equipment Table in Section I. If the recommended equipment is not available, substitute equipment which meets the critical specifications listed in the table may be used.

5-5. ADJUSTMENT LOCATIONS.

5-6. The location of all adjustments is shown in Figure 5-3 at the back of this section. The function of each adjustment is listed in Table 5-2.

5-7. FACTORY SELECTED COMPONENTS.

5-8. Certain components in the Model 339A are individually selected to compensate for varying circuit parameters. These components are noted on the schematics and in the material list by an asterisk (*). The value listed in the material list and on the schematic is the typical value of the selected component. The function of the factory selected components and their value ranges are listed in Table 5-1.

5-9. VOLTMETER ADJUSTMENTS.

5-10. Mechanical Meter Zero.

5-11. The mechanical meter-zero should be checked and adjusted, if necessary, before proceeding with the calibration procedures. The meter-zero is checked when the instrument is at its operating temperature and the power is off. The meter zero is correctly set when the pointer rests directly over the zero mark on the meter scale. To adjust the meter-zero, proceed as follows:

a. Turn the instrument on and allow it to "warmup" for at least 20 minutes.

b. Turn the instrument off and allow approximately 30 seconds for all capacitors to discharge.

c. Rotate the zero adjustment screw clockwise until the pointer is left of zero and moving up-scale.

d. Continue rotating the screw clockwise until the pointer is exactly over the zero calibration mark.

e. Rotate the adjustment screw slightly counterclockwise to relieve tension on the pointer suspension. If the pointer moves off zero, repeat Steps c through e, but make the counter-clockwise rotation less.

5-12. Gain Adjustments.

Equipment Required:

AC Calibrator (-hp- Model 745A). Digital Voltmeter (-hp- Model 3465A).

a. Set the 339A controls as follows:

FUNCTION	INPUT LEVEL
FILTERS	OFF (out)
METER RESPONSE	
INPUT RANGE	3 V
INPUT/GND SELECT	DIS. AN./L
(center position)	

b. Set the AC Calibrator for an output of 3 V at 1 kHz. Connect the output of the AC Calibrator to the 339A DISTORTION ANALYZER input.

c. Adjust A2R17 (FULL SCALE ADJUST) for a meter indication of exactly 3 V.

d. Reduce the AC Calibrator output to 1 V at 1 kHz.

e. Adjust A2R37 (1/3 SCALE ADJUST) for a meter indication of exactly 1 V.

NOTE

The adjustment of A2R17 and A2R37 interact. Repeat Steps b through e until the meter indication is correct at both fullscale (3 V) and one-third scale (1 V).

f. Set the AC Calibrator for an output of 3.162 V at 1 kHz. Set the Digital Voltmeter to measure DC volts (20 volt range).

g. Connect the DVM's low input to the A2 assembly shield and the high input to A2TP2.

h. Adjust A2R36 (REFERENCE ADJUST) for a DVM reading of +3.162 V dc.

i. Reduce the AC calibrator output to 0.94 V.

j. Adjust A2R35 (LOW LIMIT ADJUST) until the INPUT RANGE low limit indicator just lights.

k. Increase the AC Calibrator output to 0.95 V. The low limit indicator should turn off. If not, repeat Steps i and j.

l. Increase the AC Calibrator output to 3.10 V. Note that both high and low INPUT RANGE indicator lights are OFF.

m. Increase the AC Calibrator output to 3.4 V. The INPUT RANGE high limit indicator should light.

ECAUTION

Set the LINE switch OFF before performing the following steps to prevent damaging A2U7.

n. Set the 339A LINE switch OFF.

o. Disconnect the cable from A2J2. Place the cable in such a manner that it will not short against the chassis or components on the PC assembly.

p. Install a jumper wire between A2TP1 and A2TP8.

q. Set the DVM to measure DC volts (20 volt range). Connect the DVM's high input to A2TP9 and the low input to the A2 assembly shield.

r. Set the AC Calibrator for an output of 3 V at 1 kHz.

s. Set the 339A LINE switch ON.

t. Adjust A2R24 (AUTO SET-LEVEL FULL SCALE ADJUST) for a DVM reading of +3.162 V dc.

u. Reduce the AC Calibrator output to 1 V.

v. Adjust A2R22 (AUTO-SET LEVEL 1/3 SCALE ADJUST) for a DVM reading of +3.162 V dc.

NOTE

The adjustment of A2R22 and A2R24 interact. Repeat Steps r through v until the DVM indication at both full-scale and 1/3 scale is +3.162 V dc ± 0.02 V dc.

w. While observing the DVM, set the AC Calibrator for output of 1.5, 2.0, 2.5, and 3 volts. The DVM should indicate $3.162 \text{ V dc} \pm 0.04 \text{ V dc}$ for each setting.

x. Set the 339A LINE switch to OFF.

y. Remove the test jumper and DVM leads.

Reconnect the cable to A2J2. Return the LINE switch to ON.

5-13. OSCILLATOR ADJUSTMENTS.

5-14. Amplitude Adjustment.

Equipment Required:

Digital Voltmeter (-hp- Model 3465A).

a. Set the 339A controls as follows:

FREQUENCY 10 Hz (1.0 x 10) FREQUENCY VERNIER CAL OSCILLATOR LEVEL 3 V (vernier fully CW)

b. Set the DVM to measure DC volts (2 volt range). Connect the DVM's high input to A1TP8 and the low input to the A1 assembly shield.

c. Adjust A1R30 (AMPLITUDE ADJUST) for a DVM reading of -0.4 V dc ± 0.1 V dc.

5-15. Frequency Adjustment.

Equipment Required:

Electronic Counter (-hp- Model 5300A mainframe, Model 5302A Universal Counter Module.)

a. Set the 339A controls as follows:

b. Connect the Electronic Counter input to the 339A Oscillator output.

c. Adjust A1C7 (10 kHz adjust) for a counter indication of 10 kHz \pm 10 Hz.

d. Set the 339A FREQUENCY controls for a frequency of 100 kHz (10.0 x 10 K).

e. Verify that the counter reads 100 kHz ± 1 kHz. If not, readjust A1C7 until both the 10 kHz and 100 kHz readings are within the specified limits.

5-16. ANALYZER ADJUSTMENTS.

5-17. Notch Filter Null Adjust.

Equipment Required:

Spectrum Analzyer (-hp- Model 3044A) Low Distortion Oscillator (-hp- Model 339A) 、「「小」」は「私にない」というないない。「「「」」」」というないです。

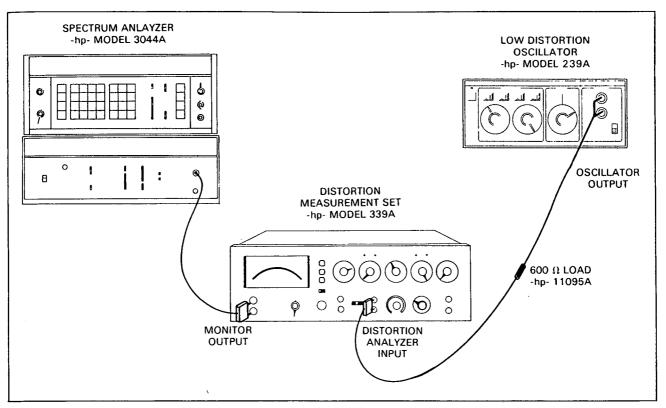


Figure 5-1. Notch Filter Null Adjustments.

- a. Connect the equipment as shown in Figure 5-1.
- b. Set the 339A (under test) controls as follows:

FUNCTION	. INPUT LEVEL
FILTERS	OFF (out)
METER RESPONSE	NORMAL
DISTORTION RANGE.	80 dB
INPUT RANGE	3V
INPUT/GND SELECT .	DIS. AN./⊥
(center position)	
FREQUENCY	1 kHz (1.0 x 1 K)

c. Set the controls of the 339A being used as a signal source to obtain a 1 kHz ($1.0 \times 1 \text{ K}$) signal. Adjust the output level for a meter indication of -10 dB V on the instrument under test.

d. Set the 3571A Tracking Spectrum Analyzer controls as follows:

DISPLAY REFERENCERELATIVE
DISPLAY SMOOTHINGON
BANDWIDTH
INPUT RANGE
INPUT IMPEDANCE $1 M\Omega$

e. Set the 3330B Automatic Synthesizer controls as follows:

Enter an output frequency of 1 kHz and a step frequency of 1 Hz.

f. Step the synthesizer up or down as necessary to obtain a peak reading on the 3571A.

g. Press the 3571A Enter Offset switch and observe a display reading of 00.00 dB V.

h. Set the FUNCTION switch of the 339A under test to DISTORTION.

i. Adjust A4R16 (NOTCH FILTER NULL AD-JUST) and A4R43 (NOTCH FILTER FREQUENCY ADJUST) for maximum null (greatest negative reading) as indicated by the 3571A. The null depth must be >-100 dB. Null depth is determined by adding the 339A DISTORTION RANGE setting (-80 dB) and the 3571A display reading.

NOTE

The adjustment of A4R16 and A4R43 interact. Repeat the adjustment of A4R16 and A4R43 until the maximum null is obtained. Section V

j. Set the FUNCTION switch of the 339A under test to INPUT LEVEL.

k. Adjust the output of the 339A being used as a source for a meter indication of 0 dB V.

1. Return the 339A under test to the DISTORTION FUNCTION. The null depth must be > -100 dB. If not, readjust A4R16 and A4R43 until the null depth is > -100 dB at both input levels.

m. Set the FUNCTION switch of the 339A under test to INPUT LEVEL and the FREQUENCY controls for a frequency of 10 Hz (1.0×10).

n. Set the frequency of the 339A being used a signal source to 10 Hz (1.0 x 10). Adjust the output level for a meter indication of -10 dB V on the instrument under test.

o. Enter an output frequency of 10 Hz and a step frequency of 0.1 Hz into the 3330B.

p. Set the Bandwidth of the 3571A to 3 Hz.

q. Step the Synthesizer frequency up or down as necessary to obtain a peak reading on the 3571A.

r. Press the 3571A ENTER OFFSET button and observe a display reading of 00.00 dB V.

s. Enter the frequency displayed on the Synthesizer as the step frequency. Step the frequency of the Synthesizer to the second harmonic of the original frequency (one step).

t. Set the FUNCTION switch of the 339A under test to DISTORTION.

u. Adjust A4R65 (INPUT BALANCE ADJUST) for a minimum reading on the 3571A. (Greatest negative reading.)

5-18. High Frequency Adjustment.

Equipment Required:

Spectrum Analyzer (-hp- Model 3044A) Low Distortion Oscillator (-hp- Model 339A)

600 Ω 1% Metal Film Resistor (-hp- Part No. 0698-5405)

- 60 kΩ. 1% Metal Film Resistor (-hp- Part No. 0698-5973)
- a. Connect the equipment as shown in Figure 5-2.
- b. Set the 339A (under test) controls as follows:

FUNCTION DISTORTION
FILTERS OFF (out)
METER RESPONSE NORMAL
DISTORTION RANGE
INPUT RANGE 1 V
INPUT/GND SELECT DIS. AN./1
(center position)
FREQUENCY 10 kHz (1.0 x 10 K)
OSCILLATOR LEVEL OFF

c. Adjust the 339A being used as a signal source to provide a 10 kHz, 1 V signal.

d. Set the 3571A Tracking Spectrum Analyzer controls as follows:

DISPLAY REFERENCE REL	
DISPLAY SMOOTHING	ON
BANDWIDTH	3 Hz
INPUT RANGE+1	0 dB V
INPUT IMPEDANCE	.ΙΜΩ

e. Set the 3330B Automatic Synthesizer controls as follows:

Enter an output frequency of 1 kHz, an output amplitude of -40 dBm, and an amplitude step level of 1 + dBm.

f. Step the 3330B amplitude until the 339A under test indicates a distortion reading of -80 dB V.

g. Press the 3571A ENTER OFFSET button and observe a display reading of 00.00 dB.

h. Enter an output frequency of 20 kHz into the 3330B.

i. Adjust A3C18 (HIGH FREQUENCY ADJUST) for a 3571A display reading of -0.3 dB ± 0.1 dB.

Section V

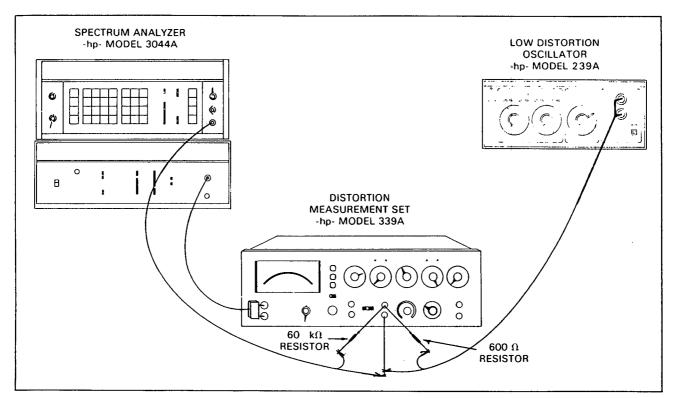


Figure 5-2. Notch Filter High Frequency Adjust.

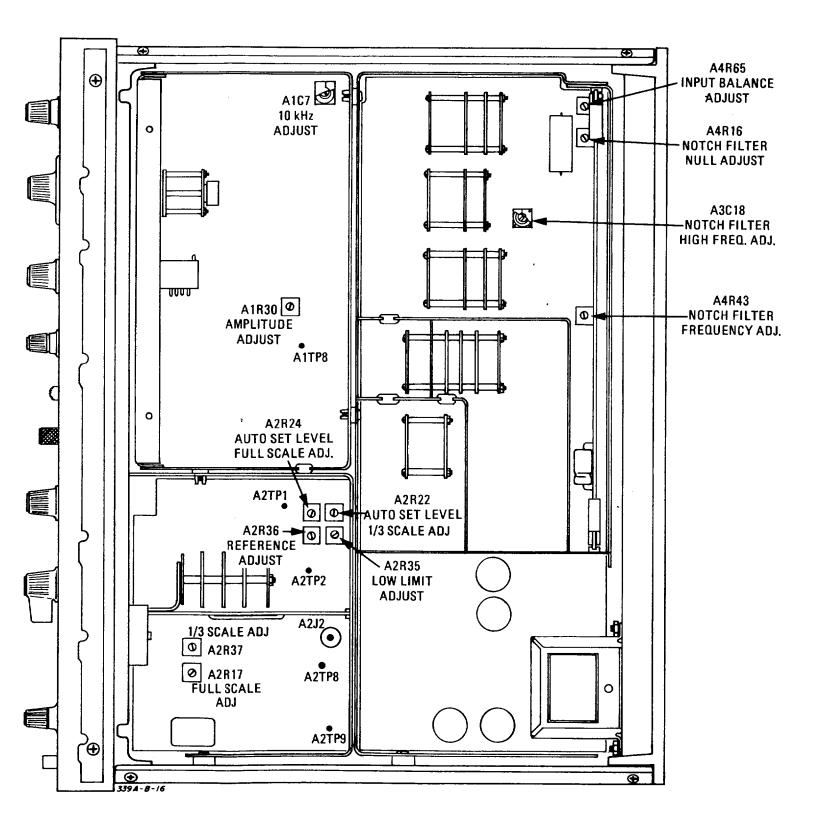


Figure 5-3. Adjustment Locations. 5-7/5-8

Reference Designator	Range of Values	Description		
A1C47	27 pF to 750 pF	Value selected for minimum second harmonic distortion at the Oscillator output for fundamental frequencies of 20 kHz and above.		
A3C132	4.7 pF to 15 pF	Value selected to prevent amplifier A3U101 from oscillating.		

.

Table 5-1. Factory Selected Components.

Adjustment Name	Reference Designator	Adjustment Paragraph	Description
10 kHz ADJUST	A1C7	5-13	Adjust Oscillator frequency at 10 kHz.
	A1R30	5-13	Adjust the basic output level of the oscillator amplifier.
FULL SCALE ADJUST	A2R17	5-12 (Step c)	Adjust meter amplifier for full-scale meter indication.
AUTO SET-LEVEL 1/3 SCALE ADJUST	A2R22	5-12 (Step v)	Adjusts the gain of the Auto Set-Level circuit for an applied input level equal to 1/3 full-scale.
AUTO SET-LEVEL FULL-SCALE ADJUST	A2R24	5-12 (Step t)	Adjusts the gain of the Auto Set-Level circuit for an applied input level equal to full-scale.
LOW LIMIT ADJUST	A2R35	5-12 (Step j)	Adjust the low limit reference of the Input Level indicator circuit. Input levels below this reference will cause the low input level indicator to light.
REFERENCE ADJUST	A2R36	5-12 (Step h)	Adjusts the Auto Set-Level full-scale reference voltage.
1/3 SCALE ADJUST	A2R37	5-12 (Step e)	Adjusts the meter amplifier gain for proper meter indication with an applied input level equal to 1/3 of full-scale.
HIGH FREQUENCY ADJUST	A3C18	5-18	Neutralizes the effects of capacitive loading of the Notch Filter.
NOTCH FILTER NULL ADJUST	A4816	5-17	Adjusts the null depth of the Notch Filter.
NOTCH FILTER FREQUENCY ADJ.	A4R43	5-17	Adjusts the Notch Filter frequency to obtain maximum null depth.
INPUT BALANCE ADJUST	A4R65	5-17	Adjusts the input balance to the amplitude feedback demodulator to reduce distortion at low frequencies.

Sec.

Table 5-2. Adjustable Components.

SECTION VI REPLACEABLE PARTS

6-1. INTRODUCTION.

6-2. This section contains information for ordering replacement parts. Table 6-3 lists parts in alphameric order of their reference designators and indicates the description, -hp- Part Number of each part, together with any applicable notes, and provides the following:

a. Total quantity used in the instrument (Qty column). The total quantity of a part is given the first time the part number appears.

b. Description of the part. (See abbreviations listed in Table 6-1.)

c. Typical manufacturer of the part in a five-digit code. (See Table 6-2 for list of manufacturers.)

d. Manufacturers part number.

6-3. Miscellaneous parts are listed at the end of Table 6-3.

6-4. ORDERING INFORMATION.

6-5. To obtain replacement parts, address order or

inquiry to your local Hewlett-Packard Field Office.

(Field Office locations are listed at the back of the manual.) Identify parts by their Hewlett-Packard part numbers. Include instrument model and serial numbers.

6-6. NON-LISTED PARTS.

6-7. To obtain a part that is not listed, include:

- a. Instrument model number.
- b. Instrument serial number.
- c. Description of the part.
- d. Function and location of the part.

6-8. PARTS CHANGES.

6-9. Components which have been changed are so marked by one of three symbols; i.e., Δ , Δ with a letter subscript, e.g., Δ_a , or Δ with a number subscript, e.g., Δ_{10} . A Δ with no subscript indicates the component listed is the preferred replacement for an earlier component. A Δ with a letter subscript indicates a change which is explained in a note at the bottom of the page. A Δ with a number subscript indicates the related change is discussed in backdating (Section VII). The

Table 6-1. Standard Abbreviations.

	ABBREVI		
Ag	Hzhertz (cycle(s) per second)	NPOnegative positive zero	st stic
A1aluminum		(zero temperature coefficient)	SPDT single-pole double-thro
Aampere(s)	ID	ns nanosecond(s) = 10 ⁻⁹ seconds	SPST single-pole single-thro
Au	impg impregnated	nsr not separately replaceable	
Au	incd		Tatantalu
C	insinsulation(ed)	Ω	TC temperature coefficie
cer		obd	TiO ₂ titanium dioxi
coef	$k\Omega$	ODoutside diameter	tog
com	kHz kilohertz = 10^{+3} hertz		tol toleran
	KH2 Kilohertz - To - hortz	n	trim
comp composition	Linductor	nA	TSTR transist
connconnection	fin linear taper	pc	
		pFpicofarad(s) 10 ⁻¹² farads	V
depdeposited	log logarithmic taper	piv	vacw alternating current working volta
DPDT double-pole double-throw			var
DPST double-pole single-throw	mA milliampere(s) = 10 ⁻³ amperes	p/o part of	vdcw
	MHz megahertz = 10 ⁺⁶ hertz	pos position(s)	VOCW direct current working vora
elect	MΩ megohm(s) - 10 ⁺⁶ ohms	poly polystyrene	
encapencapsulated	met flmmetal film	pot potentiometer	W
	mfr manufacturer	p-ppeak-to-peak	w/
F	msmillisecond	ppmparts per million	wiv working inverse volt
FET	mtg	prec precision (temperature coeffient,	w/o : with
fxd	mV	fong term stability and/or tolerance)	wwwwirewou
	ur microfarad(s)	2	
e a suit a suit a suit a	us	R	
GaAs gallium arsenide	μ V	Rhrhodium	
GHz gigahertz = 10 ⁺⁹ hertz	my	rmsroot-mean-square	* optimum value selected at facto
gd guard (ed)	my	rotrotary	average value shown (part may be omitte
Gegermanium	()	101	**
gnd	nA nanoampere(s) = 10 ⁻⁹ amperes	Sesetenium	selected or special ty
	NC normally closed		
H	Ne	sect section(s)	(R) Dupont de Nemo
Hamercury	NO	Sisilicon	
• • • • • •	DESIGN	ATORS	
Aassembly	FLfilter	Q transistor	TS terminal st
	HRheater	QCR transistor-diode	Umicrocirc
Bmotor	IC integrated circuit	R	V vacuum tube, neon bulb photocell, i
BTbattery		RT thermistor	W
C capacitor	J jack	Sswitch	X
CRdiode	Krelay		XDSlamphol
DLdelay line	L	T transformer	
DS	M	TB terminal board	
E misc electronic part	MP mechanical part	TCthermocouple	Y cry:
F fuse	P	TP test point	Z

1

number of the subscript indicates the number of the change in backdating which should be referred to.

6-10. PROPRIETARY PARTS.

6-11. Items marked by a dagger (†) in the reference designator column are available only for repair and service of Hewlett-Packard Instruments.

Mfr. No.	Manufacturer Name	Address
01121	Allen-Bradley Co.	Milwaukee, WI 53204
01928	RCA Corp Solid State Div	Somerville, NJ 08876
03888	KDI Pyrofilm Corp	Whippany, NJ 07981
04713	Motorola Semiconductor Products	Phoenix, AZ 85062
06001	GE Co Elek Cap & Bat Prod Dept	Irmo, SC 29063
13103	Thermalloy Co	Dallas, TX 75234
17856	Siliconix Inc	Santa Clara, CA 95054
18178	Vactec Inc	Maryland Hgts, MO 63043
19701	Mepco/Electra Corp	Mineral Wells, TX 67067
24546	Corning Glass Works (Bradford)	Bradford, PA 16701
27014	National Semiconductor Corp	Santa Clara, CA 95051
28480	Hewlett-Packard Co Corporate Hq	Palo Alto, CA 94304
34371	Harris Semicon Div Harris-Intertype	Melbourne, FL 32901
56289	Sprague Electric Co	North Adams, MA 01247
72136	Electro Motive Corp Sub IEC	Willimantic, CT 06226
74970	Johnson E F Co	Waseca, MN 56093
75915	Littlefuse Inc	Des Plaines, IL 60016
91637	Dale Electronics Inc	Columbus, NE 68601

Table 6-2. Code List of Manufacturers.

Reference Designation	HP Part Number	Qty	Description	Mfr Code	Mfr Part Number
A 1	00339-66501	τ	PC ASSEMBLY, OSCILLATOR	2846U	00136-00501
41C1 41C2 41C3 41C4 41C5	0160-4601 0160-4600 0160-4596 0160-4595 0160-4594	1 1 1 1 1	CAPACITOR-FXD 5.6UF +-1% 200VDC CAPACITOR-FXD .56UF +-1% 200VDC CAPACITOR-FXD .056UF +-7% 200VDC CAPACITOR-FXD 5600FF +-1% 200VDC CAPACITOR-FXD 560PF +-1% 200VDC	20480 25480 25460 25460 25460 25460	3164-4801 0166-4809 0160-4998 0160-4995 0160-4595
A1C6 A1C7 A1C10 A1C11 A1C12	0140-0190 0121-0147 0160-5622 0160-5622 0160-5622	1 2 47	CAPACITUR-FXD 39PF +-5% 30000C CAPACITOR-V TKMK-AIR 2=19,3PF 550v CAPACITOR-FXD .1UF +20=20% 1000DC CER CAPACITOR-FXD .1UF +8U=20% 1000DC CEP CAPACITOR-FXD .1UF +8U=20% 1000DC CEP	72136 74976 28480 26480 26480	(190-2055 0190-2055 120-2055 DM 19220-20 DM 1923001010000010000000000000000000000000
A1C13 A1C14 A1C15 A1C15 A1C16 A1C17	0160-3622 0160-0363 0160-2201 0160-2244 0160-2346	2 7 3 3	CAPACITOK-FXD .1UF +83-201 100VDC CEP CAPACITOR-FXU 520PF +-5% 300VDC MICA0+70 CAPACITOR-FXD 51PF +-5% 300VDC CAPACITOR-FXD 3PF +-0.25PF 500VDC CAPACITOR-FXU 27PF +-5% 300VDC	20480 28480 28460 28460 28460 28480	0160-3022 0160-0303 0160-2244 0160-2244
A1C20 AA A1C21 A1C22 A1C23 A1C23 A1C24	0180-1745 0180-0195 0180-0218 0160-0194	1 1 1 1 1	CAPACITUM-FXD 1,5UF+-10% 2C/DC TA CAPACITOR-FXD ,33UF+-20% 35VDC TA CAPACITOR-FXD ,15UF+-10% 35VDC TA CAPACITOR-FXD ,015UF +-10% 200VDC PULYE	04507 04507 04507 04507	1500155×902082 1500334×003582 1500154×903582 292015342
A1C25 A1C26 A1C27 A1C28 A1C30	0180-1704 0180-0374 0180-0291 0180-1743 0180-1743	7 7 6 1 1	CAPACITOR-FAD 470F+=10% 6VDC TA CAPACITOR-FXD 100F+=10% 20VDC TA CAPACITOR-FXD 10F+=10% 35VDC TA CAPACITOR-FXD 10F+=10% 35VDC TA CAPACITOR-F4D 600F+=20% 6VDC TA	0420J 0426J 0420J 0420J 0420J 0420J	15004/6x900682 1500106x902082 1500105x903582 1500104x903582 1500104x903582
A1C32 A1C35 A1C40 A1C41 A1C42	0160-2306 0160-3622 0160-0387 0180-0387 0180-0387 0180-0387	3	CAPACITOR-FXD 27PF +-5X 300VDC CAPACITOR-FXD .1UF +80-20X 100V0C CEF CAPACITOR-FXD 47UF+-5X 20V0C TA CAPACITOR-FXD 47UF+-5X 20V0C TA CAPACITOR-FXD .1UF +8U-20X 100VDC CER	58480 04507 58480 58480 58480	0160-2306 0160-3622 1500476x502082 1500476x502082 0160-3622
A1C43 A1C44 A1C45 A1C45 A1C46 A1C47 *	0160-3622 0160-2244 0160-2306 0160-0363 0160-0362	2	CAPACITUR=FXD .1UF +60=20% 100VDC CER CAPACITOR=FXD 3PF +=.25PF 500VDC CAPACITOR=FXD 27PF +=5% 360VDC CAPACITOR=FXD 620PF +=5% 300VOC MICA0+70 CAPACITOR=FXD 510PF +=5% 300VOC MICA0+70	26460 28480 28480 28480 28480 28480	0160-3622 0160-2244 0160-2300 0160-0363 0160-0363
A1C48 A1C49	0160-0362 2652-0610	2	CAPACITOR=FXD 510PF +=5% 300VDC MICAU+70 Capacitor=FXD 15PF +=5% 500VDC CEPu+=30	29480 28480	0160-0362 0160-0362
AICRI AA Aicr2 Aicr3 Aicr4 Aicr4 Aicr7	1901-0518 1901-0040 1901-0518 1901-0518 1901-0040	⁻ 3 19	DIODE+8CHOTTKY DIODE-8WITCHING 30V 50MA 2AS LO+35 DIODE-8CHUTKY DIODE+8#ITCHING 30V 50MA 2NS DO-35	28480 28480 28480 28480	1901-0518 1901-0640 1901-0518 1901-0540
A1CR8 A1CR10 A1CR11 A1CR12 A1CR13 A1CR13 A1CR14 A1J1 A1J2 A1J3 À1J4 A1J5	1901-0040 1901-0025 1902-0029 1901-0025 1902-0029 1901-0040 1251-3192 1251-3192 1251-3196 1251-0513 1251-0969	6 2 3 2 1 12	UIDDE-SWITCHING 30V 50M4 2NS DU-35 DIODE-GEN PRP 100V 206M4 D0-7 DIODE-ZNR 12.1V 5% DO-15 PDE1* TCE+.064% DIODE-ZNR 12.1V 5% DO-15 PDE1* TCE+.064% DIODE-SWITCHING 30V ZNS 50MA DO-35 CONNECTOR 3-PIN * POST TYPE CONNECTOR 3-PIN * POST TYPE CONNECTOR 3-PIN * POST TYPE CONNECTOR S-FIN * POST TYPE CONNECTOR S-FIN * POST TYPE CONNECTOR S-FIN * POST TYPE CONNECTOR S-FIN * POST TYPE	28480 28480 28480 28480 28480 28480 27264 27264 27264 27264 27264 27264 27264 27264 27264	$ \begin{array}{c} 19n1 = 0046 \\ 19n1 = 0025 \\ 19n2 = 0025 \\ 19n2 = 0025 \\ 19n2 = 0025 \\ 19n2 = 0025 \\ 09 = 00 = 1051 (2403 = 03A) \\ 09 = 00 = 1051 (2403 = 08A) \\ 09 = 00 = 1051 \\ 15 = 24 = 0501 \\ \end{array} $
41J6	1251-3018	3	CONNECTOR 2-PIN M POST TYPE	27264	09-00-1051
A1K1 A1Q1 4A	0490-1137	2	RELAY, REED	59480	0490-1157
A102	1855-0265	1	TRANSISTOR FET VCR2N	28460 23460	1855-V285 0699-VV25
A1R1 A1R2 A1R3 A1R4 A1R5	0699=0025 0699=0026 0699=0026 0699=0027	5 5 5	RESISTOR 28.42K .25% .125W F TC=0+-50 RESISTOR 28.42K .25% .125W F TC=0+-50 RESISTOR 14.21K .25% .125W F TC=0+-50 RESISTOR 14.21K .25% .125W F TC=0+-50 RESISTOR 9.474K .25% .125W F TC=0+-50	25460 26460 26460 26460	0699-0025 (699-0025 (699-0026 n699-0026
41R6 41R7 41R8 41R9 41R9	0699-0027 0699-0028 0699-0028 0699-0028 0699-0040 0699-0040	2	RESISTOR 9.474K .25% .125W F TC=0+-50 RESISTOR 7.105K .25% .125W F TC=0+-50 RESISTOR 7.105K .25% .125W F TC=0+-50 MESISTOR 5.684K .25% .125% F TC=0+-50 HESISTOR 5.684K .25% .125% F TC=0+-50	26460 28480 28480 01070 01070	6099-0021 3699-0028 88 8
A1R11 A1R12 A1R13 A1R14 A1R14 A1R15	0699-0040 0699-0040 0699-0035 0699-0035 0699-0036	2	HEBISTOR 5.6844.251.1254 F TC±0++50 HEBISTOR 5.6844.251.1254 F TC±0++50 HEBISTOR 284.24.251.1254 F TC±0+=50 HEBISTOR 284.24.251.1254 F TC±0+=50 REBISTOR 142.14.251.1254 F TC±0+=50	61070 01070 01070 01070 01070	8 9 8 8

See introduction to this section for ordering information

 ΔA The oscillator circuit has been changed beginning with serial number 1730A00266. For instruments with lower serial numbers, refer to Section VII.

6-3

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

Reference Designation	HP Part Number	Qty	Description	Mfr Code	Mfr Part Number
A1916 A1917 A1918 A199 A199 A190	0699-0036 0699-0031 0699-0031 0699-0032 0699-0032	2	MESISTOR 142.1 .25% .125% F TC#0+-50 RESISTOR 94.74K .25% .125% F TC#0+-50 RESISTOR 94.74K .25% .125% F TC#0+-50 RESISTOR 71.05K .25% .125% F TC#0+-50 RESISTOR 71.05K .25% .125% F TC#0+-50	01070 01070 01070 01070 01070 01070	е в в в
A1R21 A1R22 A1R23, R24 A1R27 A1R27 A1R28	0699-0033 0699-0033 (698-4530 0698-3518 0698-3492	2 2 2	RESISTOR 56.84K .25% .125* F TC#0+-50 RESISTOR 56.84K .25% .125W F TC=0+-50 RESISTOR 232K 1% .125* F TC=0+-100 RESISTOR 7.32K 1% .125* F TC=0+-100 RESISTOR 2.67K 1% .125* F TC=0+-100	01070 0107D 03298 03295 03295	A 8 Ca_1/8=T0=2323=F Ca_1/8=T0=7321=F Ca_1/8=T0=2671=F
A1R29 A1R30 A1R31 A1R32 △A	0757-0401 2100-0567 0698-4438	8 2 1	RESISTOR 100 1% .125W F TC#0++100 RESISTOR-TRMR 2K 10% C TOP+ADJ 1-TRN RESISTOR 3.09K 1% .125W F TC#0++100	113296 73136 73298	C4_1/8+10=101=f 72=106=0 C4_1/8=1u=5091=f
A1R33 △A A1R34 A1R35 A1R36 A1R37 A1R40	0698-4440 0698-3279 0698-5094 0757-0401 0757-0472	2 7 1 2	RESISTOP 3.44K 1%125M F TC=0+=100 RESISTOR 4.99K 1% .125M F TC=0+=100 RESISTOR 5.1M 5% .25% F TC=0+=100 RESISTOR 100 1% .125M F TC=0+=100 RESISTOR 200K 1% .125M F TC=0+=100	U1298 03298 01606 03298 03298 03298	C4_1/8-T0-3401=F C4_1/8-T0-4991=F C85155 C4_1/8-T0-101=F C4_1/8-T0-2003=F
A1R41 A1R42 A1R43 A1R44 A1R45	0698-3228 0757-0442 0757-0442 0757-0442 0757-0416 0757-0442	11 21 1	RESISTOR 49.9K 1% .125W F TC=0+-100 RESISTOR 10K 1% .125W F TC=0+=100 RESISTOR 10K 1% .125W F TC=0+=100 RESISTOR 511 1% .125W F TC=0+=100 RESISTOR 10K 1% .125W F TC=0+=100	0160G 03298 03298 03298 03298	CC C4_1/8-T0-1002-f C4_1/8-T0-1002+f C4_1/8-T0-511R-F C4_1/8-T0-511R-F C4_1/8-T0-1002+P
A1R46 A1R50 A1R51 A1R52 A1R53	0698-3279 0757-0283 0757-0283 0757-0263 0757-0401 0757-0407	5	RESISTOR 4,09K 1%,125K F TC=U+-100 RESISTOR 2K 1%,125K F TC=U+-100 RESISTOR 2K 1%,125K F TC=U+-100 RESISTOR 100 1%,125K F TC=U+-100 RESISTOR 200 1%,125K F TC=U+-100	63298 03298 03298 63298 63298 63298	C4_1/8-10=4991=F C4_1/8-10=2001=F C4_1/8-10=2001=F C4_1/8-10=2001=F C4_1/8-10=201=F C4_1/8=10=201=F
A1R61 A1R62 A1R63 A1R64 A1R65	0698-3496 0698-3279 0698-4870 0698-4892 0698-3406	1 2 1 1	RESISTOR 3.57K 1% .125M F TC=0++100 RESISTOR 4.99K 1% .125M F TC=0++100 RESISTOR 644 1% .5M F TC=0++100 RESISTOR 1.67K 1% .5M F TC=0++100 HESISTOR 1.33K 1% .5M F TC=0++100	03296 03298 05520 05520 05520	C4_1/8-TU=357R=F C4_1/8-TU=4991=F Cmf=65=2 C4f=65=2
A1R66 A1R67 A1R68 A1R69 A1R70	0698-3479 0698-4888 0698-3479 0698-3479 0698-3479	5 4	RESISTOR 1.74K 1% .5W F TC=0++100 RESISTOR 1.16K 1% .5M F TC=0++100 RESISTOR 1.74K 1% .5M F TC=0++100 RESISTOR 1.16K 1% .5W F TC=0++100 RESISTOR 1.74K 1% .5W F TC=0++100	05520 (15520 05520 05520 05520	CMF-02-5 CMF-02-5 CMF-02-5 CMF-02-5 CMF-02-5 CMF-02-5 CMF-02-5 CMF-02-5 CMF-02-5 CMF-02-5 CMF-02-5 CMF-02-5 CMF-02-5
A1R71 A1R72 A1R73 A1R74 A1R75	0698-4888 0698-3479 0698-4888 0698-3479 0698-3479	1	RESISTOR 1.18K 1X .5W F TC=0+-100 RESISTOR 1.74K 1X .5W F TC=0+-100 RESISTOR 1.18K 1X .5M F TC=0+-100 RESISTOR 1.74K 1X .5W F TC=0+-100 HEBISTOR 806 1X .5W F TC=G+=100	0552D 0552D 0552D 0552D 0552D	CME-02-5 CME
A1876 A1878 A1880	0698-4870 0757-0401 0757-0280	ą	RESISTOR 604 1% .5% F TC=u+=100 RESISTOR 100 1% .125% F TC=0+=100 RESISTOR 1% 1% .125% F TC=0+=100	0552D 03298 03298	CMF-65-2 Cu_1/8-T0-101-F Cu_1/8-TG-1001-F
A186 A187 A188	00339-01902 3100-3421 00339-01903 3100-3422 00339-01904 3100-3422 5000-8259 1500-0019	1 1 2 1 10 12	SWITCH ASSEMBLY, MULTIPLIER SWITCH, ROTARY Switch, Rotary Switch, Rotary Switch, Rotary Switch, Rotary Switch, Rotary Smaft, extender Coupler, Higid	28480 28480 28480 28480 28480 28480 28480 28480 0510m	6039+01902 3100-3421 0039+01903 3100-3422 5000-3422 5000-3422 5000-3422 5000-3422
A1U1 A1U2 A1U3 △	1826-0487 1826-0315 1826-0487	3 6 7	IC OP AMP IC UP AMP IC OP AMP TO 99	28480 0340F 28480	1826-0487 L#348N 1826-0487
A2 A2C1 A2C2 A2C3 A2C4 A2C5	00339-66502 0100-0163 0160-0163 0160-0341 0160-0341 0160-2201	1 3	PC ASSEMBLY, DETECTOR CAPACITOR=FXD .033UF +=10% 200VDC POLYE CAPACITOR=FXD .033UF +=10% 200VDC POLYE CAPACITOR=FXD .033UF +=10% 200VDC POLYE CAPACITOR=FXD 51PF +=1% 300VDC MICA0+70 CAPACITOR=FXD 51PF +=5% 300VDC	28460 0420J 0420J 26480 26480 26460	60339=66502 292P33392 292P33392 0160=0341 0160=2201
A2C6 A2C7 A2C8 A2C9 A2C10	0160-4317 0160-3156 0160-3691 0160-3024 0170-0038	1 1 1 1	CAPACITOR-FXD 12CUPF ++1% 10UVDC CAPACITOR-FXD 750PF +-1% 300VDC MICA4+70 CAPACITOR-FXD 750F +-1% 100VDC CAPACITOR-FXD 170UPF +-1% 100VDC CAPACITOR-FXD .22UF +-10% 200VDC PULYE	26460 28480 28400	0160-4317 0160-3130 0160-3691 0160-3691 0160-3624 0170-0038
A2C11 A2C12 A2C13 A2C14 A2C15	0160-2257 0160-3622 0160-2244 0160-3622 0160-2201	5	CAPACITCH-FXD 10PF +-SX SUUVDC CEHD++60 CAPACITOH-FXD 10F +80-20X 100VDC CEG CAPACITOH-FXD 3PF +-25PF S00VDC CAPACITOH-FXD 10F +80-20X 100VDC CER CAPACITCH-FXD 51PF +=5X 300VDC	59490 59490 56490 56490 59490	0160-2257 0160-3622 0160-2244 0160-3622 0167-2201

6-4

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See introduction to this section for ordering information

ΔA The oscillator circuit has been changed beginning with serial number 1730A00266. For instrument with lower serial numbers, refer to Section VII.

Reference Designation	HP Part Number	Qty	Description	Mfr Code	Mfr Part Number
A2C16 A2C17 A2C16 A2C19 A2C20	0180-2062 0180-2062 0160-0373 0160-3622 0160-3622	2 1	CAPACITUP=FXD 120UF+=20% 160DC TA CAPACITUP=FXD 120UF+=20% 100DC TA CAPACITOH=FXD 166UF+=10% 550OC TA CAPACITOR=FXD 10F +80=20% 100VDC CEH CAPACITOH=FXD 10F +80=20% 100VDC CEH	58489 52489 04507 04507 04507	15001272001082 15001272001082 15008842903582 0160-3622 0160-3622
A2C21 A2C22 A2C23 A2C24 A2C25	0160-2940 0180-1775 0180-1746 0180-0309 0160-2204	2 1 2 1 6	CAPACITOH-FXD 470PF +-5% 300VDC MICA0+76 CAPACITOH-FXD 1,40FF-5% 35VDC TA CAPACITOH-FXD 15UF+-10% 20VUC TA CAPACITOH-FXD 4,7UF+-20% 10VDC TA CAPACITOM-FXD 100PF +-5% 300VDC MICA0+76	28460 0420J J420J 0420J 28480	0160-2940 15001553503582 15001553902082 15004/5x001082 0160-2204
A2C27 A2C28 A2C30 A2C31 A2C32	0160-3622 0160-3622 0180-1746 0160-3622 0160-2940		CAPACITOR-FXD .1UF +80-20% 100VDC CER CAPACITOR-FXD .1UF +80-20% 100VDC CER CAPACITOR-FXD 15UF+-10% 20VDC TA CAPACITOR-FXD 1UF +80-20% 100VDC CER CAPACITOR-FXD 470PF +-5% 300VDC MICA0+70	28480 28460 0420J 29480 28480	0160-3622 0160-3622 1500156X902082 0160-3622 0160-3622
A2C33 A2C34 A2C35 A2C35 A2C36 A2C37	0160-0100 0160-3622 0160-0291 0160-3622 0160-3622	1	CAPACITOR=FXD 4.7UF+=10% 35VDC TA CAPACITOR=FXD 1.UF +80-20% 100VOC CER CAPACITOR=FXD 1UF+=10% 35VDC TA CAPACITOR=FXD .UF +80-20% 100VDC CEP CAPACITOR=FXD .1UF +80-20% 100VDC CE9	0420J 26480 28480 28480	1500475x903582 0160-3622 1500105x9035&2 0160-3622 0160-3622
A2C38	0160-2261		CAPACITOR-FXD 15PF +-5% 500VDC CER0+-30	28480	1922-3910
A2CR1 A2CR2 A2CR3 A2CR3 A2CR4 A2CR5	1902 0938 1902 0938 1901 040 1901 040 1901 040	6	DIDDE-ZNR 3,92V 51 00-7 PDs,4W TC=-,0491 DIDDE-ZNR 3,92V 51 00-7 PCs,4W TC=-,0491 DIDDE-SWIICTING 30V 50MA 2NS 00-35 DIDDE-SWIICTING 30V 50MA 2NS 00-35 DIDDE-ZNR 7,32V 51 00-7 PDs,4M TC=+,0481	28480 28480 28480 28480 28480 0223G	1902-0938 1902-0938 1901-0040 1901-0040 FZ7247
A2E1	1990-0630	1	PHOTO-MODULE	S8480	1990-0630
A2F1	2110-0011 2110-0269	2	FUSE .062A 250V NORM-BLO 1.25X.25 UL IEC Fuseholder=Clip type .25D=Fuse	0470C 28480	312.062 2110-0269
A2J1 A2J2 A2J3 A2J4 A2J4	1251-2969 1251-2969 1251-2969 1251-2969 1251-3196		CONNECTORIPHONO, SINGLE JACK Connectoriphono, Single Jack Connectoriphong, Single Jack Connectoriphonon, Single Jack Connector 8=pin m post type	2726D 2726D 2726D 2726D 27264 27264	15_24-0501 15_24-0501 15_24-0501 15_24-0501 09_60-1081(2403-084)
105L5A 505L5A 805L5A	1251-3195 1251-3618 1251-2034	1 1	CONNECTOR 4-PIN M POST TYPE Connector 2-PIN M Post Type Connector-PC Edge 10-Cont/Row 2-Rows	27264 27264 0450g	09_60-1041(2403-04A) 09_60-1021 252-10-30-300
A2K1	0490-0563 0490-0568	1	RELAY 2C 12VDC-COIL 5A 115VDC Socket-Rly 11-Cont DIP-8LDR	28480 28480	0490-0563 0490-0568
A201 A202 A203	1855-0062 1854-0071 1855-0386	1 3 2	TRANSISTOR J⇔FET N⊲CHAN D=MODE SI TRANSISTOR NPN SI PD≥300MH FT≥200MHZ Transistor J⇔Fet 2N4392 N=Chan D=MODE	28480 28480 02036	1855-0062 1854-0071 2N4392
A2R1 A2R2 A2R3 A2R4 A2R5	0698-3498 0698-4440 0698-4501 0698-4445 0698-4445	1 1 5	RESISTOR 8.66K 1% .125M F TC=0+-100 RESISTOR 3.4K 1% .125M F TC=0+-100 RESISTOR 5.76K 1% .125M F TC=0+-100 RESISTOR 5.76K 1% .125M F TC=0+-100 RESISTOR 5.76K 1% .125M F TC=0+-100	03298 03298 03298 03298 03298 03298	C4_1/8-T0=866R=F C4_1/8-T0=3401=F C4_1/8-T0=5902=F C4_1/8-T0=5901=F C4_1/8-T0=5761=F
A2R6 A2R7 A2R8 A2R9 A2R9	0698-4445 0698-3268 0698-3268 0698-3268 0698-7332	3	PESISTOR 5.76K 1% .125W F TC=0+-100 RESISTOR 11.5K 1% .125W F TC=0+-100 RESISTOR 11.5K 1% .125W F TC=0+-100 RESISTOR 11.5K 1% .125W F TC=0+-100 RESISTOR 1M 1% .125W F TC=0+-100	03295 03298 03298 03298 03298 0299E	C4_1/8-T0=5761=F C4_1/8-T0=1152=F C4_1/8-T0=1152=F C4_1/8-T0=1152=F wF5C1/8-T0=1052=F
A2R11 A2R12 A2R13 A2R14 A2R15	0699-0053 0698-3237 0812-0099 0757-0401 0757-0442	1 1 2	RESISTOR 50.51 .25% .125W F TC=0+-50 RESISTOP 5K .25% .125% F TC=0+=50 RESISTOR 1K 5% 5% PW TC=0+=20 RESISTOR 10 K 1% .125% F TC=0+=100 RESISTOR 10K 1% .125% F TC=0+=100	28480 03296 05520 03296 03296	0699-0653 NC55 R8-5 C4-1/8-T6-101=F C4-1/8-T0-1002-F
A2R16 A2R17 A2R18 A2R20 A2R20 A2R21	0757-0422 2100-3212 0757-0278 0757+0442 0757-0442	1	RESISTOR 909 1% 125% F TC=0++100 RESISTOR-TRMR 200 10% C TOP-ADJ 1-THM RESISTOR 1,76K 1% 125% F TC=0++100 RESISTOR 10% 1% 125% F TC=0++100 RESISTOR 10% 1% 125% F TC=0++100	03292 04568 03298 03298 03298	C4_1/8+T0=909R-F 72-103-0 C4_1/8+T0=1781=F C4_1/8+T0=1002+F C4_1/8+T0=1002+F
A2R22 A2R23 A2R24 A2R25 A2R25 A2R26	2100-0568 0698-4442 2100-3211 0698-3453 0757-0487	1 1 1 1	RESISTOR-TRMR 100 10% C TOP-ADJ 1-TRN RESISTOR 4.42K 1% .125M F TC#0+-100 RESISTOR-TPMR 1K 10% C TOP-ADJ 1-TRN RESISTOR 196K 1% .125M F TC#0+-100 RESISTOR 825K 1% .125M F TC#0+-100	73138 03298 73138 03296 0552D	72_102=0 [4_1/8=T0=4421=F 72_103=0 [4_1/8=T0=1963=F [4_F-55=1
A2R27 \$A A2R28 A2R29 A2R30 A2R31	0698-3557 0757-0442 0098-3279 0757-0444 0757-0420	1	RESISTOR 806 1% +125x F TC=0+=100 RESISTOR 10K 1% +125x F TC=0+=100 RESISTOR 4,99% 1% +125x F TC=0+=100 RESISTOR 12.1K1% +125x F TC=0+=100 RESISTOR 750 1% +125x F TC=0+=100	03298 03298 03298 03292 03292 03292	Cu+1/8=T0=806 R.F Cu_1/0=T0=1002=F Cu_1/0=T0=4991=F Cu_1/8=T0=1212=F Cu_1/8=T0=751=F

See introduction to this section for ordering information

6-5

Reference Designation	HP Part Number	Qty	Description	Mfr Code	Mfr Part Number
A 2R 32 A 2R 33 A 2R 34 A 2R 35 A 2R 36	0757-0410 0698-3225 0757-0442 2100-0567 2100-3213	1 1 1	RESISTOR JUL 1% .125% F TC=0+=100 RESISTOR 1.43% 1% .125% F TC=0+=100 RESISTOR 10% 1% .125% F TC=0+=100 RESISTOF=TR4R 200% 10% C TOP=ADJ 1=TRN RESISTOF=TR4R 200% 10% C TOP=ADJ 1=TA%	U 3298 U 3298 U 3298 U 3298 731 38 731 38	C4_1/8=10=3019=F C4_1/8=70=1431=F C4_1/8=70=1002=F 72=108=0 72=113=0
42R37 A2R38 A2R39 A2R40 A2R41	2100-3210 0698-6320 0699-0034 0757-0442 0757-0442	1 3 3	RESISTOR-TPMR 10% 10% C TOP-ACJ 1-TRN RESISTOR 54 .1% 1257 F TC#0+-25 FESISTOR 2.3124 .25% .1254 F TC#0+-50 RESISTOR 10% 1% .1254 F TC#0+-100 RESISTOR 10% 1% .1254 F TC#0+-100	7313A U3868 0107D 03298 U3298	72_108=0 pmg55=1/6-79=5001=8 8 C4_1/8=T0=1002=F C4_1/8=T0=1002=F
42842	0698-4443	1	REBISTOR 4.53K 1% .125% \$ TC=0+-100	U\$298	C4-1/8-10-4531-F
▲2U1 ▲2U4 △ ▲2U5 ▲2U6 ▲2U6	1826=0315 1826=0487 1826=0421 1820=0203 1826=0421	5	IC 0Р АМР IC 0Р.Амр IC Linear 536J IC 741 0Р Амр IC Linear 536J	0340F 28480 28480 0276C 29480	LM3484 1826-0487 1820-0421 7a1CE009 1826-0421
A2U8 A2U9 A2U10 A2U12 A2U13	1826-0315 1820-0203 1826-0081 1820-0203 1826-0021	5	IC ОР АМР IC 741 ОР АМР IC 318 ОР АМР IC 741 ОР АМР IC ОР АМР	0347F 0276C 0379D 02237 0340F	LM348N 741CE009 LM318 UA741HC LM3107
A3	00339-66503	1	PC ASSEMBLY, ANALYZER/POWER SUPPLY	28480	00339+66503
A3C1 A3C2 A3C3 A3C4 A3C5	0160-2132 0160-0165 0160-0158 0160-3535 0160-3535	1 1 1 1	CAPACITOR-FXD .56UF +-10X 5UVDC POLYE CAPACITOR-FXD .956UF +-10X 200VDC POLYE CAPACITOR-FXD 5600PF +-10X 200VDC POLYE CAPACITOR-FXD 560PF +-5X 300VDC MICAU+70 CAPACITOR-FXD .1UF +80-20X 100VDC CER	84411 0420J 0420J 25480 26480	HEw-205 292P56392 292P56292 0160-3535 0160-3622
A3C6 A3C7 A3C10 A3C11 A3C12	0160-3622 0160-2250 0160-2257 0160-4589 0160-4589	1	CAPACITOR-FXD .1UF +8U-20% 100VDC CEP CAPACITOR-FXD 5.1PF +25PF 500VOC CAPACITOR-FXD 10PF +-5% 50VVDC CER0+-60 CAPACITOR-FXD 1.8UF +-1% 200VDC POLYE CAPACITOR-FXD .18UF +-1% 200VDC POLYE	28480 28480 28480 28480 28480 28480	0160-3622 0160-2250 0160-2257 0160-4589 0160-4590
A3C13 A3C14 A3C15 A3C16 A3C16	0160-4591 0160-4592 0160-2206 0160-3622 0160-3622	1 1 1	CAPACITOR-FXD .018UF +-1% 200VDC POLYE CAPACITOR-FXD .0018UF +-1% 200VDC POLYE CAPACITOR-FXD 160PF +-5% 300VDC MICA0+70 CAPACITOR-FXD .1UF +60-20% 100VDC CER CAPACITOR-FXD .1UF +60-20% 100VDC CER	28480 28480 28480 28480 28480 28480	0160-4591 0160-4592 0160-2206 0160-3622 0160-3622
A3C18 A3C19 A3C20 A3C21 A3C22	0121-0147 0160-2250 0160-3622 0160-3622 0160-2257		CAPACITOR-V TRMR-AIR 2-19,3PF 350V CAPACITOR-FXD 5,1PF +25PF 500VDC CAPACITOR-FXD 10F +80-20% 100VDC CEP CAPACITOR-FXD 10F +80-20% 100VDC CEP CAPACITOR-FXD 10PF +-5% 500VDC CER0+80	74970 28480 28480 28480 28480 28480	189-507-5 0180-2250 0180-3822 0180-3822 0180-3822 0180-3822
A 3C 2 3 A 3C 2 4 A 3C 2 5 A 3C 2 6 A 3C 2 7	0160-3622 0160-3622 0160-2627 0160-2201 0160-2201		CAPACITOR-FXD .19F +89-20% 100VDC CER CAPACITOR-FXD .10F +89-20% 100VDC CER CAPACITOR-FXD 10PF +-5% 500VDC CER0+-60 CAPACITOR-FXD 51PF +-5% 300VDC CAPACITOR-FXD 51PF +-5% 300VDC	28460 28460 28480 28480 28480 26480	0160-3622 0160-3622 0160-2257 0160-2201 0160-2201
A3C100 A3C102 A3C103 A3C104 A3C105	0160-2251 0160-3622 0140-0200 0140-0200 0160-3622	4	CAPACITOR-FXD 5.6PF +25PF 500VDC CAPACITOR-FXD .1UF +80-2CX 100VDC CER CAPACITOR-FXD 390PF +-5X 300VDC MICA0+70 CAPACITOR-FXD 390PF +-5X 300VDC MICA0+70 CAPACITOR-FXD .1UF +80-20X 100VDC CER	28480 28480 72136 72136 28480	0160-2251 0160-3022 DM15F391J0300#V1CH DM15F391J0300#V1CP 0160-3622
A3C106 A3C107 A3C108 A3C109 A3C110	0160-2200 0160-3622 0160-2249 0160-3622 0160-3622 0140-0192	1 3	CAPACITOR-FXD 43PF +-5% 300VDC CAPACITOR-FXD .1UF +80-20% 100VDC CER CAPACITOR-FXD 4,7PF +-25PF 500VDC CAPACITOR-FXD 40 -10F +80-20% 100VDC CEP CAPACITOR-FXD 68PF +-5% 300VDC	28480 28480 28480 28480 72136	0140-2200 0160-3622 0160-2249 0160-3622 DM15E680J0300PV1CR
A3C111 A3C112 A3C113 A3C114 A3C115	0160-1715 0160-1715 0160-2204 0160-0363 0160-2263	2	CAPACITOR-FXD 150UF+-10% 6VDC TA CAPACITOR-FXD 100PF +-5% 300VDC MICAU+70 CAPACITOR-FXD 620PF +-5% 300VDC MICA0+70	0420J 0420J 28480 26480 28480	1500157X9006R2 1500157X9006R2 0160-2204 0160-0363 0160-2263
A3C116 A3C117 A3C120 A3C121 A3C122	0140-0195 0160-2249 0160-2220 0160-2209 0160-2209	1	CAPACITOR-FXD 4.7PF +=.25PF S00V0C CAPACITOR-FXD 1200PF +=5% 300VDC	04522 28480 28480 28480 28480 28480	0160-2220 0160-2209
A3C130 A3C131 -A3C132 △A A3C133 A3C133	0160-3622 0160-3622 0160-2249 0160-2204 0160-2204		CAPACITOR=FXD .1UF +R0=20% 100VDC CER CAPACITOR=FXD .1UF +80=20% 100VDC CER CAPACITOR=FXD 4.7PF +=.25PF 500V3C CAPACITOR=FXD 4.7PF +=.25PF 500V3C CAPACITOR=FXD 100PF +=5% 300VDC MICA0+70 CAPACITOR=FXD 100PF +=5% 300VDC MICA0+70	26480 28480 26460 26460 26460	0160-3622 0160-2249 0160-2204

6-6

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See introduction to this section for ordering information

 ΔA Refer to note ΔA on Figure 8-13.

Reference Designation	HP Part Number	Qty	Description	Mfr Code	Mfr Part Number
A3C135 A3C200 A3C201 A3C202 A3C203	0160-2257 0160-3622 0160-3622 0160-2250 0160-2204		CAPACITOR=FXU 100F +=5% 500VOC CER0+=00 CAPACITOR=FX0 .10F +80=20% 100VOC CER CAPACITOR=FX0 .10F +80=20% 100VOC CER CAPACITOR=FX0 5.10F +=.255F 500VOC CAPACITOR=FX0 100PF +=5% 300VDC MIC4(+7)	28480 28480 28480 28480 28480	C160-2257 O160-3622 O160-3622 O160-2250 O160-2250 O160-2250
A3C204 A3C205 A3C206 A3C207 A3C300	0160-2201 0160-2264 0160-1704 0160-1704 0160-3622	1	CAPACITOR-FXU 51PF +-5% 300VDC CAPACITOR-FXD 20PF +-5% 500VDC CER0+-30 CAPACITOR-FXD 470F+-10% 6VDC TA CAPACITOR-FXD 470F+-10% 6VDC TA CAPACITOR-FXD .10F +80-20% 100VDC CER	26480 28480 0420J 0420J 28460	0160-2622 15nD476x900682 15nD476x900682 0160-3622
43C301 43C302 43C303 43C304 43C304 43C305	0160-3622 862-2630 8562-0610 91-2635 9180-2635	2	CAPACITOR+FX0 .1UF +80-20% 100VDC CER CAPACITOR+FXD .03UF +-20% 500VDC CER CAPACITOR+FXD .03UF +-20% 500VDC CER CAPACITOR+FXD 1000UF+50-10% 35VDC AL CAPACITOR+FXD 1000UF+50-10% 35VDC AL	28480 28480 28480 28480 28480 28480	n160-3622 n160-2628 0160-2628 0180-2635 0180-2635
43C306 A3C307 A3C308 43C309 A3C319 A3C319	0180-2635 0180-2635 0160-3622 0160-3622 0160-0291		CAPACITOR=FXC 1000UF+50=10% 35VOC AL CAPACITOR=FXD 1000UF+5C=10% 35VOC AL CAPACITOR=FXD .1UF +80=20% 100VOC CE= CAPACITOR=FXD .1UF +80=20% 100VDC CER CAPACITOR=FXD 1UF+=10% 35VDC TA	28480 28460 28480 28480 0420J	0140-2635 0140-2635 0160-3622 0160-3622 1500105×9035x2
43C311 A3C312 A3C320 A3C321 A3C322	0180-0374 0180-0374 0180-0291 0180-0291 0180-0291 0180-0291		CAPACITOR-FXD 10UF+=10% 20VOC TA CAPACITOR-FXD 10UF+=10% 20VOC TA CAPACITOR-FXD 1UF+=10% 35VDC TA CAPACITOR-FXD 1UF+=10% 35VDC TA CAPACITOR-FXD 1UF+=10% 35VDC TA	0420J 0420J 0420J 0420J 0420J	1500106x902082 1500106x902082 1500105x903542 1500105x903542 1500105x903542
A3C323 A3C324	0180-0374 0180-0374		CAPACITOR-FXD 100F+=10% 20VDC TA Capacitor-FXD 100F+=10% 20VDC TA	0420J 0420J	150D106X902082 150D106X902082
43CR100 A3CR101 43CR102 A3CR103 A3CR104	1902-0554 1901-0025 1901-0025 1901-0025 1901-0025 1901-0025		DIDDE-ZNR 10V 5% DO=15 PD=14 TC=+.06% DIDDE-GEN PRP 100V 200MA 00-7 DIDDE-GEN PRP 100V 200MA 00-7 DIDDE-GEN PRP 100V 200MA DO-7 DIDDE-GEN PRP 100V 200MA DO-7	28480 28480 28480 28480 28480 28480	1902-0554 1901-0025 1901-0025 1901-0025 1901-0025
A3CR105 A3CR106 A3CR200 A3CR201 A3CR201 A3CR300	1902-0554 1901-0040 1901-0040 1901-0040 1901-0040 1906-0096	2	DIODE-ZNR 10V 5% DO+15 PL#IW TC#+,06% DIODE-SWITCHING 30V 50MA 2NS 00-35 DIODE-SWITCHING 30V 50MA 2NS 00-35 DIODE-SWITCHING 30V 50MA 2NS DO-35 DIODE-FW BRUG 200V 2A	28480 28480 28480 28480 28480 02036	1902=0554 1901=0040 1901=0040 1901=0040 "Da202
A3CR301 A3CR302 A3CR303	1905-0033 1905-0933	z	OIODE-F# BRDG 200V 2A DIODE-ZENER 56.2V DIODE-ZENER 56.2V	U203G 28480 28480	™D&202 1902-0933 1902-0933
A3E1 A3E2	19900644 19900644	z	PHOTOMODULE Photomodule	28480 28480	1990–0644 1990–0644
A3#100	2110-0011 2110-0269		FUSE .0624 250V NORM-BLO 1.25x.25 UL IEC FUSEHOLDER-CLIP TYPE .250-FUBE	6476C 28480	312.002 2110-0209
A3J1 A3J2 A3J3 A3J100 A3J101	1251-2969 1251-2969 1251-2035 1251-2969 1251-2969 1251-2969	1	CONNECTORIPHONO, SINGLE JACK Connectoriphono, Single Jack Convector=PC EDE 15-Cont/Rom 2-Rows Convectoriphono, Single Jack Convectoriphono, Single Jack	27260 27260 0450G 27260 27260	15-24-0501 15-24-0501 252-15-30-300 15-24-0501 15-24-0501
A3J102 A3J201 A3J202 A3J300 A3J301	1251-2969 1251-2969 1251-2969 1251-3981 1251-3981 1251-3192	1	CONNECTORIPHONO, SINGLE JACK Connectoriphono, single jack Connectoriphono, single jack Connector 9-pin m post type Connector 3-pin " post type	27260 27260 27260 27264 27264 27264	15_24-0501 15_24-0501 15_24-0501 09-00-1091 09-00-1091 09-00-1031(2403-03A)
SOELEA	1251-3618		CONNECTOR 2-PIN M POST TYPE	27264	09-00-1021
439100 439300 439301	1855-0360 1205-0333 1854-0072 1205-0333 1854-0072	1 2	TPANSISTOR MOSFET W=CHAN D=MODE TO=72 SI HEAT SINK TRANSISTOR UPH 2N3054 SI TO=66 PD=254 HEAT SINK * TRANSISTOR NPN 2N3054 SI TO=66 PD=254	28480 28480 01924 28480 01924	1855+0360 1285-0333 283054 1205-0333 283054
4381 A382 A383 A384 A385	0698-3449 0698-4307 0698-4020 0698-4471 0757-0200	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	RESISTOR 28.7K 1X .125% F TC=0+-100 RESISTOR 14.3% 1X .125% F TC=0+-100 RESISTOR 9.53K 1X .125% F TC=0+-100 RESISTOR 7.15K 1X .125% F TC=0+-100 RESISTOR 5.02K 1X .125% F TC=0+-100	0329 <u>8</u> 03298 03298 03295 03295	C4_1/8-T0-2872=F C4_1/8-T0-2872=F C4_1/8-T0-9531=F C4_1/8-T0-9531=F C4_1/8=T0-7151=F C4_1/8=T0-5821=F
A3R6 A3R7 A3R8 A3R9 A3R10	0757-0200 0698-3456 0698-4520 0757-0978 0698-4505	3 3 3 3	HESISTOR 5.62K 1X .125W F TC=0+-100 RESISTOR 267K 1X .125W F TC=0+-100 RESISTOR 143K 1X .125M F TC=0+-100 RESISTOR 95.3K 1X .125W F TC=0+-100 RESISTOR 71.5K 1X .125W F TC=0+-100	03296 03298 03298 03296 03296 03298	C4_1/8-T0-5621=F C4_1/8-T0-2873=F C4_1/8-T0-1433=F C4_1/8-T0-9532=F C4_1/8-T0-9532=F C4_1/8-T0-7152=F
A3P11 A3R12 A3R13 A3R14 A3R20	0757-0459 0757-0442 0757-0442 0757-0442 0757-0401 0698-3449	1	RESISTOR 54.2K 1X ,125% F TC=0+-100 RESISTOR 10K 1X ,125* F TC=0+-100 RESISTCR 10K 1X ,125% F TC=0+-100 RESISTCR 100 1X ,125% F TC=0+-100 RESISTOR 28.7K 1X ,125% F TC=0+-100	63296 63298 63298 63298 63294 63294	C4_1/8-10-5022=F C4_1/8-T0-1002=F C4_1/8-T0-1002=F C4_1/8-T0-101=F C4_1/8-T0-2872=F

See introduction to this section for ordering information

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6-7

Table 6-3.	Replaceable Parts
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Reference Designation	HP Part Number	Qty	Description	Mfr Code	Mfr Part Number
A3R21 A3R22 A3R23 A3R24 A3R25	0698-4307 0698-4020 0698-4471 0698-4445 0698-4445		REBISTOR 14.3K 1% .125W F TC=0+=100 REBISTOR 9.53K 1% .125W F TC=0+=100 REBISTOR 7.15K 1% .125W F TC=0+=100 REBISTOR 5.76K 1% .125W F TC=0+=100 REBISTOR 5.76K 1% .125W F TC=0+=100	03298 03298 03298 03298 03298	C4_1/8=T0=1432=F C4_1/8=T0=9531=F C4_1/8=T0=9531=F C4_1/8=T0=7151=F C4_1/8=T0=5761=F C4_1/8=T0=5761=F
A3R26 A3R27 A3R28 A3R28 A3R29 A3R30	0698-3456 0698-4520 0757-0978 0698-4505 0698-4500	2	REBISTOP 287K 1% .125W F TC=0+=100 REBISTOR 143K 1% .125W F TC=0+=100 REBISTOR 95.3K 1% .125W F TC=0+=100 REBISTOR 71.5K 1% .125W F TC=0+=100 REBISTOR 57.6K 1% .125W F TC=0+=100	03298 03298 03298 03298 03298	$C4_{-1}/6 = T0 = 2673 = F$ $C4_{-1}/8 = T0 = 1433 = F$ $C4_{-1}/8 = T0 = 9532 = F$ $C4_{-1}/8 = T0 = 7152 = F$ $C4_{-1}/8 = T0 = 7152 = F$
43R31 A3R32 A3R33 A3R34 A3R35	0757-0455 0698-4481 0698-4477 0698-3259 0757-0290	1 1 1 1	RESISTOR 36.5K 1% .125W F TC#0+=100 RESISTOR 16.5K 1% .125W F TC#0+=100 RESISTOR 10.5K 1% .125W F TC#0+=100 RESISTOR 7.67K 1% .125W F TC#0+=100 RESISTOR 6.19K 1% .125W F TC#0+=100	03298 03298 03298 03298 03298 02998	C4_1/8-T0-3652+F C4_1/8-T0-1652+F C4_1/8-T0-1052+F C4_1/8-T0-1052+F F4_C1/8-T0-8071+F F4_C1/8-T0-8091+F
A3R36 A3R37 A3R38 A3R39 A3R40	0698-3515 0698-3456 0698-4520 0757-0978 0698-4505	1	RESISTOR 5.9K 1X .125W F TC=0+=100 RESISTOR 287K 1X .125W F TC=0+=100 RESISTOR 143K 1X .125W F TC=0+=100 RESISTOR 95.3K 1X .125W F TC=0+=100 RESISTOR 71.5K 1X .125W F TC=0+=100	0329B 0329B 0329B 0329B 0329B	C4+1/8=T0=5901=F C4+1/8=T0=2873=F C4+1/8=T0=1433=F C4+1/8=T0=7532=F C4+1/8=T0=7152=F
A3R41 A3R42 A3R43 A3R44 A3R44 A3R45	0698-4500 0698-3161 0757-0451 0698-4483 0757-0280	1 1	RESISTOR 57.6K 1% .125W F TC=0+=100 RESISTOR 30.3K 1% .125W F TC=0+=100 RESISTOR 24.3K 1% .125W F TC=0+=100 RESISTOR 16.7K 1% .125W F TC=0+=100 RESISTOR 1K 1% .125W F TC=0+=100	03298 03298 03298 03298 03298 03298	C4_1/&T0=5762=F C4_1/&T0=3832=F C4_1/&T0=2432=F C4_1/&T0=2432=F C4_1/&T0=1872=F C4_1/&T0=1001=F
A3R46 A3R47 A3R48 A3R49 A3R49 A3R50	0757-0280 0757-0280 0757-0446 0698-3152 0698-4421	1 1	RESISTOR 1K 1% .125M F TC=0+=100 RESISTOR 1K 1% .125M F TC=0+=100 RESISTOR 15K 1% .125M F TC=0+=100 RESISTOR 3.48K 1% .125M F TC=0+=100 RESISTOR 249 1% .125M F TC=0+=100	03298 03298 03298 03298 03298 03298	C4_1/8=T0=1001=F C4_1/8=T0=1001=F C4_1/8=T0=1502=F C4_1/8=T0=3481=F C4_1/8=T0=249R=F
A3R51 A3R56 A3R57 A3R100 A3R100	0757-0283 0757-0440 0698-3382 0699-0030 0699-0029	1 1 1 1 1	RESISTOR 68.38K .25%	03298 03298 03298 28480 28480 28480	C4_1/8=T0=2001=F C4_1/8=T0=7501=F C4_1/8=T0=7501=F 0699=0030 0699=0029
A3R102 A3R103 A3R104 A3R106 A3R106 A3R107	0698-8997 0699-0024 0698-5439 0698-3492 0698-3492		RESISTOR 2.162K .25% RESISTOR 1K .25% .125W F TC#0+=50 RESISTOR 2.57K 1% .125W F TC#0+=100 RESISTOR 7.32K 1% .125W F TC#0+=100	28480 28480 03298 03298 03298	06986997 0699-0024 NC55 C4_1/8-T0-2071=F C4_1/8-T0-7321=F
A3R110 A3R111 A3R112 A3R113 A3R114	0811-1858 0757-0283 0757-0283 0757-0283 0757-0442 0698-6320	1		0552D 0329B 0329B 0329B 0329B	R8-5 C4-1/8-T0-2001-F C4-1/8-T0-2001-F C4-1/8-T0-1002-F PME55-1/8-T9-5001-B
A3R116 A3R120 A3R121 A3R122 A3R130	0757-0401 0699-0039 0699-0038 0699-0034 0698-4200	a	RESISTOR 555.6 .25% .125% F TC=0+=50 RESISTOR 2.312K .25% .125% F TC=0+=50	03298 0107D 0107D 0107D 03688	C4_1/8-T0=101=F 8 8 8 9ME55=1/8=T0=3491R=C
A 3R 1 31 A 3R 1 32 A 3R 1 33 A 3R 1 34 A 3R 1 35 A 3R 1 35 A 3R 1 50 A 3R 1 51 A 3R 200 A 3R 201 A 3R 202	$\begin{array}{c} 0698-4197\\ 0698-4193\\ 0698-4192\\ 0698-8998\\ 0698-8999\\ 8150-3375\\ 0757-0401\\ 0698-3279\\ 0698-4200\\ 0698-4193\\ \end{array}$		REBISTOR 1.081K .25% .125W F TC=0+=100 RESISTOR 341.9 .25% .125W F TC=0+=100 RESISTOR 34.19 .25% .125W F TC=0+=100 RESISTOR 34.19 .25% .125W F TC=0+=100 WIRE, ELECTRICAL JUMPER RESISTOR 15.81 .25% F TC=0+=100 RESISTOR 4.99K 1% .125W F TC=0+=100 RESISTOR 4.99K 1% .125W F TC=0+=100 RESISTOR 3.419K .25% .125W F TC=0+=100 RESISTOR 3.41.9 .25% .125W F TC=0+=100 RESISTOR 341.9 .25% .125W F TC=0+=100 RESISTOR 341.9 .25% .125W F TC=0+=100	U3888 03888 03888 01070 01070 04672 U3298 03298 03298 03288 03888 03888	pmg55=1/8=T0=1081R=C pmg55=1/8=T0=341R9=C pmg55=1/8=T0=108R1=C 8 8 ZEROHM C4=1/8=T0=101=F C4=1/8=T0=101=F pmg55=1/8=T0=3491R=C pmg55=1/8=T0=3491R=C pmg55=1/8=T0=341R9=C
A3R203 A3R204 A3R205 A3R210 A3R212	0699-4192 0698-8998 0698-8999 0698-6320 0699-0039		REGISTOR 108.1 .25% .125% F TC=0+=100 RESISTOR 34.19 .25% .125% F TC=0+=50 RESISTOR 15.81 .25% .125% F TC=0+=100 RESISTOR 5% .1% .125% F TC=0+=25 RESISTOR 163.3 .25% .125% F TC=0+=50	03888 0107D 0107D 03888 0107D	8
A3R213 A3R214 A3R300 A3R301 A3R302	0699-0038 0699-0034 0683-0685 0683-0685 0757-0442		RESISTOR 555.6 .25% .125% F TC=0+=50 RESISTOR 2.312K .25% F TC=0+=50 RESISTOR 6.8 5% .25% FC TC==400/+500 RESISTOR 6.8 5% .25% FC TC==400/+500 RESISTOR 10K 1% .125% F TC=0+=100	0107D 0107D 0160G 0160G 03296	8 C848G5 C848G5 C4-1/8-T0-1002=F
A3R303 A3R310 A3R311 A3R312 A3R313	0757-0442 0686-0275 0699-0937 0757-0442 0757-0442		REGISTOR 10K 1% .125W F TC=0+-100 1 REGISTOR 2.7 5% .5W CC TC=0+412 1 REGISTOR 2.4 5% .5W CC TC=0+412 REGISTOR 10K 1% .125W F TC=0+-100 REGISTOR 10K 1% .125W F TC=0+-100	03298 0160G 28480 03298 03298	EB27G5 0699-0037 C4-1/8-T0+1002-F

6-8

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Table 6-3. Rep	laceable Parts
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Reference Designation	HP Part Number	Qty	Description	Mfr Code	Mfr Part Number
A381 A382 A383	00339-61905 3100-3416 00339-61906 3100-3417 00339-61907 3100-3418	1 1 1 1 1	SWITCH ASSEMBLY, MULTIPLIER SWITCH ROTARY SFITCH ASSEMBLY, UNITS SWITCH ROTARY SWITCH ROTARY SWITCH, ROTARY	26460 28480 28480 28480 28480	00339+61405 3100-3416 00339+61906 3100-3417 0339+61907 3100-3418
4384 4395	00339-61908 310J-3419 0J339-61909 3100-3420 5040-6259 1500-0019	5 1 1 1	SFITCH ASSEMBLY, INPUT RANGE Switch, Rotary Switch, assemely, distortion range Switch, Rotary Shaft, extender Coupler, figid	28480 26480 28480 28480 28480 0510H	04339-61948 3100-3419 04339-61949 3100-3420 5040-8257 120
4301 4302 4303 4304	1920-0081 1820-0081 1820-0109 1820-0109		IC 318 GP AMP IC 314 OP AMP IC OP AMP IC OP AMP	63790 03790 03791 03791	LM318 LM318 MA2=2025=80593 HA2=2025=80593
A3U100,U101 △ A3U200 A3U300 A3U301	1826-0487 1826-0109 1826-0457 1205-0050 1826-0457	2 1	IC OP AMP TO:99 IC OP AKP IC LINEAR LM 325H HEAT SINK TO=5/TO=39=PKG IC LINEAR LM 325H	28480 03791 28460 28460 28460 28480	1826-0487 Maz-2025-80593 1826-0457 1285-0056 1826-0457
A4	00339-66504	1	PC ASSEMBLY, ERROR CONTROL	28480	00339-06504
A4C1 A4C3 A4C4 A4C5 A4C5	0180-1702 0160-3622 0160-3622 0160-1704 0160-3847	1 2	CAPACITOR-FXD 1800F+-20% 6VDC TA CAPACITOR-FXD 100 +80-20% 100VDC CER CAPACITOR-FXD 10F +80-20% 100VDC CER CAPACITOR-FXD 470F+-10% 6VDC TA CAPACITOR-FXD 010F +100-0% 50VDC CER	0420J 28480 28480 0420J 26480	1500167x000682 0160-3622 0160-3622 1500476x900662 0160-3847
A4C8 A4C9 A4C10 A4C11 A4C12	0180-0387 0160-3622 0160-3622 0180-0374 0180-0374		CAPACITOR-FXD 470F+-5% 20VDC TA CAPACITOR-FXD .10F +80-20% 100VDC CER CAPACITOR-FXD .10F +80-20% 100VDC CER CAPACITOR-FXC 100F+-10% 20VDC TA CAPACITOR-FXO 100F+-10% 20VDC TA	0420J 28480 28480 0420J 0420J	1500476x502092 0160-3622 0160-3622 1500106×902082 1500106×902082
A4C13 A4C14 A4C21 A4C22	0160-3622 0160-3622 0160-3622 0160-1622 0180-1704 0180-1704		CAPACITOR-FXD .1UF +80-20% 100VDC CER CAPACITOR-FXD .1UF +80-20% 100VDC CER CAPACITOR-FXD .1UF +80-20% 100VDC CEP CAPACITOR-FXD 47UF+-10% 6VDC TA CAPACITOR-FXD 47UF+-10% 6VDC TA	26480 26480 26480 0420J 0420J	0160-3622 0160-3622 0160-3622 1500476×900682 1500476×900682
A4C24 A4C25 A4C26 A4C26 A4C27 A4C28	0160-3847 0160-2338 0184-0228 0180-0228 0180-0228 0160-3622	1 2	CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +100-0% 50VDC CER CAPACITOR-FXD 650UF+-20% 13VDC TA CAPACITOR-FXD 22UF+-10% 15VDC TA CAPACITOR-FXD 22UF+-10% 15VDC TA CAPACITOR-FXD .1UF +80-20% 100VOC CER	28460 06001 0420J C420J 28480	0160-3647 697233067 1500226×901582 1500226×901582 0160-3622
A4C29 A4C30 A4C31	0160-3622 0160-3622 0160-1704		CAPACITOR-FXD .1UF +80-20% 100VOC CER CAPACITOR-FXD .1UF +80-20% 100VDC CER CAPACITOR-FXD 47UF+-10% 6VDC TA	26480 28480 0420J	0160-3622 0160-3622 150D476x900682
A4CR1 A4CR2 A4CR3 A4CR3 A4CR4 A4CR5	1902-1335 1902-1335 1901-0040 1901-0040 1902-3149	. 2	DIODE-ZNR 3.92V 5% DU-7 PD#.4W TC#C49% DIODE-ZNR 3.92V 5% CO-7 PD#.4W TC#049% DIODE-SWITCMING 30V 50MA 2NS DO-35 DIODE-SWITCHING 30V 50MA 2NS DD-35 DIODE-ZNR 9.09V 5% DO-7 PD#.4W TC#+.057%	28480 28480 26480 28480 02236	1902-1335 1902-1335 1971-0040 1971-0040 FZ7256
44CR6 44CR7 44CR8 44CR8 44CR9 44CR10	1901-0040 1902-1335 1902-1335 1901-0040 1901-0040		DIODE-SWITCHING 30V 50MA 2NS DU-35 OTODE-ZNR 3.92V 5% DD-7 FD=404 TC=049% OTODE-ZNR 3.92V 5% DD-7 PD=404 TC=049% OTODE-ZNR 3.92V 5% DD-37 DD-404 TC=049% DIODE-SWITCHING 30V 50MA 2NS DD-35 DIODE-SWITCHING 30V 50MA 2NS DD-35	28480 28480 28480 28480 28480 26480	1901-0040 1902-1335 1902-1335 1901-0040 1901-0040 1901-0040
A4CR11 A4CR12 A4CR13 A4CR14 A4CR14	1902-3149 1901-0040 1902-3062 1902-3062 1902-3062		DIODE-ZNR 9.09V 5% 00-7 PDE.4W TCE+.057% DIODE-BWITCHING 30V 50MA 2NS DO-35 DIODE-ZNR 3.92V 5% CO-7 FDE.4W TCE+.049% DIODE-ZNR 3.92V 5% DC-7 PDE.4W TCE+.049% DICDE-SWITCHING 30V 50MA 2NS DO-35	0223G 26480 0203G 0203G 28480	FZ7256 1901-0040 82 10939-65 32 10939-65 1901-0040
A4CP16 A4CP17 A4CP17 A4CP21 A4CP21 A4K1 A4L3, L4 ΔΑ A4L1 A4L2	1901-0040 $1901-0040$ $1901-0535$ $0490-1137$ $9170-0894$ $9100-1643$ $9100-1643$	2 2	DIODE-SWITCHING 36V 50MA 2NS DO-35 DIODE-SWITCHING 36V 50MA 2NS DO-35 DIODE-SWITCHING 30V 50MA 2NS DU-35 DIODE, SCHOTTKY RELAY, REED CORE-SHIELDING BEAD COIL-WLD 3000H 5% Q=65 .190X.44LG COIL-MLD 3000H 5% Q=65 .190X.44LG	28480 28480 28480 28480 28480 03270 03270	19n1=0040 19n1=0040 19n1=0040 1901-0535 0490=1137 9170-0894 19/303 19/303
4401 4403 4403	1854-0071 1854-0071 1855-0386		TPANSISTOR NPN SI PU=300mm FT=200mmZ TRANSISTOR NPN SI P(=300mm FT=200mmZ TPANSISTOR J=FET 2n4392 N=Chan D=MODE	28480 26480 02036	1854-0071 1854-0071 240392
AUR1 AUR2 AUR3 AUR4 AUR4 AUR5	0757-0280 0757-0472 0757-0280 0757-0280 0757-0438 0757-045	6 4	RESISTOR 1K 1% .125* F TC=0+-100 RESISTOR 200* 1% .125* F TC=0+-100 RESISTOR 1* 1% .125* F TC=0+-100 RESISTOR 5.11* 1% .125* F TC=0+-100 RESISTOR 160* 1% .125* F TC=0+-10C	U3298 U3298 U3299 U3298 U3298 U3298	C4_1/8-T0+1001=F C4_1/8-T0+2003=F C4_1/8-T0+2003=F C4_1/8-T0=5111=F C4_1/8-T0=1003=F

See introduction to this section for ordering information

6-9

 Δ_A Components L3 and L4 have been added to instruments with serial numbers 1730A00196 and greater. Refer to note Δ_A on Figure 8-15.

Reference Designation	HP Part Number	Qty	Description	Mfr Code	Mfr Part Number
AQR6 AQR7 AQR8 AQ449 AQ410	0757-0465 0757-0442 0757-0442 0757-0289 0757-0273	2 2	RESISTOR 100K 12 .125% F TC=0+=100 RESISTUR 10K 12 .125% F TC=0+=100 RESISTOR 10K 12 .125% F TC=0+=100 RESISTOR 13.0 K 12 .125% F TC=0+=100 RESISTOR 3.01K 12 .125% F TC=0+=100	(329£ (329 (3296 (209£ (329E	C4.1/8-T0=1003-F C4.1/8-T0=1002-F C4.1/8-T0=1002-F mfaC1/8-T0=1332=F C4.1/8-T0=3011-F
A4R11 A4R12 A4R13 A4R14 A4R15	0757-0449 0698-0064 0698-4431 0757-0438 0757-0438	4 4 2	RESISTOR 20K 11 ,1254 F TC=0+=100 RESISTOR 9,31K 11 ,125K F TC=0+=100 RESISTOR 2,05K11 ,125K F TC=0+=100 RESISTOR 5,11K 11 ,125K F TC=0+=100 RESISTOR 5,11K 11 ,125K F TC=0+=100	63298 0552C 03292 03295 03298	Cu_1/8-T0-2002+F CuF_1/8-T1-9311+F Cu_1/8-T0-2051-F Cu_1/8-T0-5111-F Cu_1/8-T0-5111-F
44716 44717 44718 44719 44719	2100-3351 0698-3228 0698-3228 0698-3228 0698-3228	5	RESISTOR=TRMR 500 10% C SIDE=ADJ 1=TRN RESISTOR 49.9% 1% .125% F TC=0+=100 RESISTOR 49.9% 1% .125% F TC=0+=100 RESISTOR 49.9% 1% .125% F TC=0+=100 RESISTOR 49.9% 1% .125% F TC=0+=100	73138 0160G 0160G 0160G 0160G	72 - 142+0 CC CC
A 4 R 2 1 A 4 R 2 2 A 4 R 2 3 A 4 R 2 4 A 4 R 2 4 A 4 R 2 5	0698-4486 0698-4486 0698-3445 0757-0407 0757-0449	2	RESISTOR 24.9K 1% .125W F TC=0++100 RESISTOP 24.9K 1% .125W F TC=0++100 RESISTOR 348 1% .125V F TC=0++100 RESISTOR 200 % 1% .125V F TC=0++100 RESISTOR 20K 1% .125V F TC=0++100	03292 03292 03296 03295 03296	C4-1/8-T0-2492-F C4-1/8-T0-2492-F C4-1/8+T0-348R-F C4-1/8+T0=348R-F C4-1/8+T0=201=F C4-1/8+T0=2002=F
44R26 44R27 44R28 44R31 44R32	0698-0064 0757-0449 0698-0064 0757-0438 0757-0455		RESISTOR 9,31K 1% ,125% F TC=0+=100 RESISTOR 20K 1% ,125% F TC=0+=100 RESISTOR 9,31K 1% ,125% F TC=0+=100 RESISTOR 5,11K 1% ,125% F TC=0+=100 RESISTOR 100% 1% ,125% F TC=0+=100	05520 03298 05520 03296 03296 03298	Cws-1/8-T1-0311=F Cu_1/6-T0-2002=F Cws-1/8-T1-0311=F Cu_1/6-T0-5111=F Cu_1/8-T0-1003=F
A4P33 A4P33 A4P35 A4P35 A4P35 A4P36 A4P37	0757-0465 0757-0442 0757-0442 0757-0289 0757-0289		RESISTOR 100K 1% .125W F TC=U+=1JU RESISTOR 10K 1% .125W F TC=U+=1OU RESISTOR 10K 1% .125W F TC=U+=1OU RESISTOR 13.8K 1% .125W F TC=U+=1UU RESISTOR 20K 1% .125W F TC=U+=100	03298 03298 03299 0299E 0329E	C4_1/8-T0-1003-F C4_1/8-T0-1002-F C4_1/8-T0-1002-F wfqC1/8-T0-1332-F C4_1/8-T0-2002-F
A4R38 A4R39 A4R40 A4R41 A4R41 A4R42	0698-0064 0757-0273 0698-4431 0757-0438 0757-0438		RESISTOR 9.31% 13.125% F TC=0+=100 RESISTOR 3.01% 1%.125% F TC=0+=100 #ESISTOR 2.05K1%.125% F TC=0+=100 RESISTOR 5.11% 1%.125% F TC=0+=100 RESISTOR 5.11% 1%.125% F TC=0+=100	0552D 0329B 03292 03298 03298	CMF=1/8=T1=9311=F C4_1/8=T0=3011=F C4_1/8=T0=2051=F C4_1/8=T0=5111=F C4_1/8=T0=5111=F
A4243 A4244 A4245 A4246 A4246 A4247	2100-3351 0698-3228 0698-3228 0698-3228 0698-3228		RESISTOR-TRMR 500 10% C SIDE-ADJ 1-TRN HESISTOR 49.9% 1% 125% F TC=0+=100 RESISTOR 49.9% 1% 125% F TC=0+=100 RESISTOR 49.9% 1% 125% F TC=0+=100 RESISTOR 49.9% 1% 125% F TC=0+=100	73138 0160G 0160G 0160G 0160G	72_142=0 CC CC CC CC CC
A4R48 A4R49 A4R50 A4R51 A4R52	06984435 0757-0447 0 757-0280 0757-0447 0698-4435	5	RESISTOR 2.49K 1% .125% F TC#0+-100 RESISTOR 16.2K 1% .125% F TC#0+-100 RESISTOR 1% 1% .125% F TC#0+-100 RESISTOR 16.2K 1% .125% F TC#0+-100 RESISTOP 2.49K 1% .125% F TC#0+-100	03292 03292 03298 03298 03292 03292	Cu_1/8-T0-2491-F Cu_1/8-T0-1622-F Cu_1/8-T0-1001-F Cu_1/8-T0-1001-F Cu_1/8-T0-2491-F
A4RS3 A4RS4 A4RS5 A4RS5 A4RS6 A4RS7	0757-0280 0698-4491 0698-4453 0757-0407 0757-0426	1	RESISTOR 30.9K 1% 125W F TC=0+=100 RESISTOP 402 1% 125W F TC=0+=100 RESISTOR 200 1% 125K F TC=0+=100	03296 03298 03298 03298 03298 03298	$\begin{array}{c} ca_{-1}/8 - 70 = 1001 - F\\ ca_{-1}/8 - 70 = 3092 + F\\ ca_{-1}/8 + 70 = 3092 + F\\ ca_{-1}/8 + 70 = 402R - F\\ ca_{-1}/8 - 70 = 201 + F\\ ca_{-1}/8 - 70 = 1301 + F\end{array}$
44858 44859 A4860 A4861 A4862	0757-0426 0757-0407 0757-0407 0698-4453 0698-0085	1		03298 03298 03298 03298 03298	$\begin{array}{c} C 4 - 1 / 8 - T (0 - 1 3 0 1 - F \\ C 4 - 1 / 8 - T (0 - 2 0 1 - F \\ C 4 - 1 / 8 - T (0 - 2 0 1 - F \\ C 4 - 1 / 8 - T (0 - 4 0 2 R - F \\ C 4 - 1 / 8 - T (0 - 2 0 1 1 - F \\ \end{array}$
A4R63 A4R64 A4R65 A4R65 A4U1 A4U2 A4U2 A4U3 A4U3	0698-4460 0698-4460 2100-3274 0757-0446 1826-0381 1820-0427 1826-0315 1820-0427 1826-0315	2	RESISTOR 649 1% 125% F TC#04-100 RESISTOR-TRMR 10% 10% C BIDE-ADJ 1-TRN RESISTOR 15K 1% 125W F TC=0+-100 IC 318 0P AMP	03298 03298 73138 03298 03790 02036 0340F 02036 0340F	$\begin{array}{c} {\tt C4_1/8=T0=649R=f}\\ {\tt C4_1/8=T0=649R=f}\\ {\tt 72=146=0}\\ {\tt C4=1/8=T0=1502=f}\\ {\tt LM_318}\\ {\tt MC14966}\\ {\tt LM_348N}\\ {\tt MC14966}\\ {\tt LM_348N}\\ {\tt MC14966}\\ {\tt LM_348N}\\ {\tt MC14966}\\ {\tt LM_348N}\\ \end{array}$
A4U6 A4U7	1826-0315 1826-0021		IC OP AMP IC OP AMP	0340F 0340F	L#348N [#310H
	0403-0214 1460-0116		EXTRACTOR PC BOARD YEL POLYC 1 Extractor PIN(1/16" DIA	28460 7395g	
A5	00339-06505		1 PC ASSEMBLY, INPUT FUNCTION	28480	
A5C500 A5C501 A5C502 A5C503	0166-3456 0180-0197 0180-0197 0160-0197 0160-0980		1 1 1 2 CAPACITOR-FXD 1000PF +=10% 1KVDC CER 2 CAPACITOR-FXD 2.2UF+=10% 20VDC TA CAPACITOR-FXD 2.2UF+=10% 20VDC TA 1 CAPACITOR-FXD 6200PF +=2% 300VDC	26460 28480 0420J 0420J 26460	0160-3456 150D225x902042 150D225x902042

6-10

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See introduction to this section for ordering information

Reference Designation	HP Part Number	Qty	Description	Mfr Code	Mfr Part Number
ASCS04 ASCS05 ASC506 ASC510 ASCR500	0160-2222 0160-2204 0160-2207 0160-4593 1901-0518	1 1 1	CAPACITOR-FXD 1500PF +-5% 300VDC CAPACITOR-FXD 100PF +-5% 300VDC MICA0+70 CAPACITOR-FXD 300PF +-5% 300VDC MICA0+70 CAPACITOR-FXD 300PF +-20% 400VDC DIODE-SCHOTTKY	28480 28480 28480 28480 28480 28480	0160-2222 0160-2204 0160-2207 0160-4593 1901-0516
45L500 A5L501 A5L502	9100-1664 9100-1672 9100-1668	1 1 1	COIL-MLD 3MH 5% Q=70 .2150%.56LG Coil-MLD 6.2MH 5% Q=80 .240%.74LG Coil-MLD 4.3MH 5% Q=80 .240%.74LG	02178 0327C 02178	22-1312=30J 24,624 24-1313=21J
45MP1	00339-01204	1	BRACKET, FUNCTION SWITCH	28480	00339-01204
A58500 A58501 A58502	0698-3572 0757-0280 0757+0424	1	RESISTOR 60.4K 1% .125W F TC=0+-100 RESISTOR 1K 1% .125W F TC=0+-100 RESISTOR 1.1K 1% .125W F TC=0+-100	03298 03298 03298	C4_1/b-T0-6042=F C4_1/8-T0-1001=F C4_1/8-T0-1101=F
4589	00339=61901 3100=3423	1 1	SWITCH ASSEMBLY, FUNCTION Switch, rotary	28480 28480	00339-61901 3100-3423

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

See introduction to this section for ordering information

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Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

Ci Constant Parts Constant Parts 21 Caracter Parts Part Toperation (CMA = -200 Into C CMA Parts 22 Caracter Parts Part Toperation (CMA = -200 Into C CMA Parts 23 Caracter Parts Parts Parts Parts 24 Caracter Parts Parts Parts Parts 24 Caracter Parts Parts Parts Parts 24 Caracter Parts Parts Parts Parts Parts 24 Parts	Reference Designation	HP Part Number	Qty	Description	Mfr Code	Mfr Part Number
cli 150-0112 1 CERCITOR-FOLICIAL VIELON CAN VIELON Cash Constraints 031 100-027 100-020 1 CERCITOR-FOLICIAL VIELON FOR CONSTRAINTS 2444 100-027 100-020 033 100-027 100-020 1 CERCITOR-FOLICIAL VIELON FOR CONSTRAINTS 2444 100-027 100-020 034 100-027 100-020 1 CERCITOR-FOLICIAL VIELON FOR CONSTRAINTS 2440 100-020 034 100-020 1 FUELON FOR CONSTRAINTS 2440 100-020 7 200-020 1 FUELON FOR CONSTRAINTS 2440 100-0303 7 100-020						
L1 Construct L2 Construct <thl2< th=""> <thl2< th=""> Construct<!--</td--><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>CHASSIS PARTS</td><td></td><td></td></thl2<></thl2<>				CHASSIS PARTS		
0.02 0.02 <th0.02< th=""> 0.02 0.02 <th0< td=""><td>C 1</td><td>0150-0012</td><td>1</td><td>CAPACITOR-FXU .010F +-20% 1KVDC CEP</td><td>U420J</td><td>C0234102J1034538</td></th0<></th0.02<>	C 1	0150-0012	1	CAPACITOR-FXU .010F +-20% 1KVDC CEP	U420J	C0234102J1034538
DBS Control of the second	DS1					
033 1000000000000000000000000000000000000	052	1990-0487	4	LED=VISIBLE LUM=INT=1MCD IF=20MA=MAX	28480	1990-0487
Date Description Description Description Description 1 10000000 10000000 10000000 100000000 100000000 100000000 100000000	033	1990-0487		LED-VISIBLE LUN-INTEIMCD IF=20MA-MAX	28460	1990-0487
Internation Internation <thinternation< th=""> <thinternation< th=""></thinternation<></thinternation<>	DS4	1990-0487		LED-VISIBLE LUM-INTEINCO IF=20MA-MAX	28480	1900-0487
P2 P100000 P1000000 P1000000 P1000000 P10000000 P100000000 P1000000000 P1000000000 P10000000000000 P1000000000000000000000000000000000000	F1		1	FUSE _25A 250V FAST-BLG 1_25X,25 UL IEC	0470C	312,250
FL1 1000000 1 1000000 1 10000000 100000000 1000000000000 1000000000000000000000000000000000000		2110-0384	'			
J1 (1000000000000000000000000000000000000	FL1			-		-
j i Convector and the field of the second s	Ji			BINDING POST SGL SGL-TUR OBP BLK	28480	1510-0093
jj isio-oojs 1 etyoing post subjective 24860 isio-oojs isio-oojs ja isio-oojs etyoing post subjective jak subjective 24860 isio-oojs 24860 isio-oojs ja isio-oojs etyoing post subjective jak subjective 24860 isio-oojs 1sio-oojs ja isio-oojs etyoing post subjective 24860 isio-oojs 24860 isio-oojs ja etyoing post subjective jak subjective 24860 isio-oojs 24860 isio-oojs ja etyoing post subjective jak subjective 24860 isio-oojs 24860 isio-oojs ja etyoing post subjective jak subjective 24860 isio-oojs isio-oojs ja etyoing post subjective jak subjective 24860 isio-oojs isio-oojs ja etyoing post subjective jak subjective 24860 isio-oojs isio-oojs ja isio-oojs isio-oojs isio-oojs isio-oojs isio-oojs ja isio-oojs isio-oojs	12					28JR=130=1
Jac Signific post siz S					28480	
J3 13 <th14< th=""> 13 13 13<!--</td--><td>Ja</td><td></td><td>1</td><td>BINDING POST SGL SGL-TUR JGK RED Hending post sci sgl-tur orr bik</td><td></td><td></td></th14<>	Ja		1	BINDING POST SGL SGL-TUR JGK RED Hending post sci sgl-tur orr bik		
3/3 151.0003 250.0003 260.000 260.0003 2		2950-0144		NUT-HEX-DBL-CHAM 3/8-32-THD .188-IN-THK		2950-0144
2850-0148 NUT-REXOBLICANA 3/8-32-THD .188-1N+THX 28400 2850-0144 L1 0100-3427 1 CTL BAND CHOKE 28460 0100-3458 0100-3458 L1 1120-03415 1 WTTE BAND CHOKE 28460 0100-3458 0100-3458 N1 1120-03415 1 WTTE BAND CHOKE 28460 0100-3458 0100-3458 N1 1120-0341 WTTE BAND CHOKE 28460 0003-3458 0003-3458 N1 1120-0341 WTTE RESTRUT, 08C, LEVEL 28460 0003-3454 3101-1877 1 SHITCH A335FBLT, 08C, LEVEL 28460 0003-3454 3100-322 SWTTE RESTRUT, 08C, LEVEL 28460 0003-3454 0003-3454 3100-3424 2 CONSTCTOR AFST, VECTURE RETT 28460 0003-3454 3144 0003-4424 2 CONSTCTOR AFST, VECTURE RETT 28460 003-3454 3144 1251-3273 2 CONTACT-CONN LIVE FEATURE RETT 28460 0101-2042 317 3161-2042 SWTCH, RESTRUR PEAR 28460	J5			BINDING POST SGL SGL=TUR JGK Binding post sgl sgl=tur obp blk		1510-0093
11 100.5458 1 100.5458 100.5658 100.56686 100.5668 100.566				NUT-HEX-DBL-CHAM 3/8-32-THD .188-IN-THK	28480	- •
Line Nick and School Nick and School						
Lu Luce of the transmission of transmissis transmission of transmis transmission of transmission o	L3	□100=3458	3	WIDE BAND CHOKE	28480	9100-3458
Intervent Intervent <thintervent< th=""> <thintervent< th=""> <thi< td=""><td>-</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></thi<></thintervent<></thintervent<>	-					
S14 0339-61910 310-342 1 SWITCH ASSEPSLY, GGC, LEVEL SWITCH, ROTARY INCLODES RS (10KOHM) 20480 28480 00339-61910 20480 S1am1 00339-61911 1251-5073 1 SWITCH, ROTARY INCLODES RS (10KOHM) 20480 27264 00339-61910 S1am1 00339-61901 1 SWITCH, ROTARY INCLODES RS (10KOHM) 20480 27264 00339-61910 S1am6 00339-61600 1 CAMECTOR, S-P14 F POST CAMECTOR 2-P16 F POST TYPE 27264 00-50-7081 S1am6 1051-2002 2 SWITCH, SLIDE 28480 3101-2042 S1a 3101-2042 2 SWITCH, SLIDE 28480 3101-2042 S1a 3101-2042 3 SWITCH, SLIDE 28480 00339-61602 S1a 3101-2042 3 SWITCH, SLIDE 28480 00339-61602 S1a 100-0012 1 CABLE ASSEMELY, DSC, PORE 28480 00339-61602 S1a 00339-61602 1 CABLE ASSEMELY, DSC, PORE 27644 00-50-7031 S21-3073 1 CABLE ASSEMELY, DSC, PORE 27646 00-50-7031	-				28480	-
310 3100-324 3100-324 314 0033+01001 1 SWITCH, MOTARY INCLUDES AS INKOMMI 28480 0033+01001 314 0033+01001 1 CABLE, ASSEMBLY, GSCI, LAVEL 24480 0033+01001 314 1251-3278 2 CONNECTOR, 8-FLW FEMLE 27264 00-50-7081 314 1251-3273 20 CONNECTOR, 8-FLW FEMLE 24480 0033*0-61001 314 0033*0-61000 1 CABLE ASSEMELY, OSCILLATCH LEVEL 24480 0033*0-61006 3151-3073 CONNECTOR 3-FLW FDOST TYPE 27264 00-50-7031 00-50-7031 3101-2042 SWITCH, SLIDE 28460 3101-2042 3witCH, SLIDE 28460 3101-2042 314 3101-2042 SwitCH, SLIDE 28480 00-50-7031 00-4012 314 3101-2042 SwitCH, SLIDE 28480 00-50-7031 00-50-7031 314 3101-2042 SwitCH, SLIDE 28480 00-50-7031 00-50-7031 314 251-3073 CONNECTOR 3-F1F POST TYPE 27264					38/180	00-10-61010
31241 0251-2216.1 2 CONNECTOR 21724 00-50-7081 51 area 00334-61606 1 Connector R 2724 00-50-7081 51 area 1251-3201 1 Connector R 2724 00-50-7081 1251-3201 1 Connector R 3101-2042 2 Switter, Connector R 2724 00-50-7081 317 3101-2042 2 Switter, SLIDE 28460 3101-2042 318 3101-2042 3 Switter, SLIDE 28460 3101-2042 310 1251-3073 1 Convector 9-P1v F 28460 3101-2042 310 1251-3073 1 Convector 9-P1v F 27264 06-50-7031 1251	814		1	SWITCH, ROTARY INCLUDES R3 (10KOHM)	28480	3100-3424
51 are 1251-501 1251-207 1 1251-207 1 1251	51441	00339-61601		CABLE ASSEMBLY, OSC. LEVEL		
31480 1251-3201 1 CONNECTOR 3-PTV F POST TYPE 27264 09-50-7031 3151-3513 3 CONNECTOR 2-PTV F POST TYPE 27264 09-50-7021 317 3101-2042 2 SWITCH, SLIDE 27846 3101-2042 318 3101-2042 2 SWITCH, SLIDE 28480 3101-2042 314 3101-2042 SWITCH, SLIDE 28480 3101-2042 3151-3501 CONACTOR 9-PTN F 28480 04-50-7031 31251-3073 1 CABLE ASSEMBLY, DSC, POAER 28480 00354-61602 31251-301 CONNECTOR 3-PTN F POST TYPE 27264 09-50-7031 313 0335-61602 1 CABLE ASSEMBLY, DETECTUR POAER 28480 00354-61602 31251-301 CONNECTOR 3-PTN F POST TYPE 27264 09-50-7021		1251-3073	50	CONTACT, CONNECTOR	27264	
1251-3073 CONTACT-CONN U/P-POST-TYPE FEM CRP 27264 98-50-0107 S17 3101-2042 2 SWITCH, SLIDE 28480 3101-2042 S18 3101-2042 SWITCH, SLIDE 28480 3101-2042 S18 3101-2042 SWITCH, SLIDE 28480 3101-2042 T1 0100-0012 1 TANNSFORMER, POWER 28480 9100-4012 T251-3973 1 CONTACT-CUNN U/A=POST-TYPE FEW CRP 27264 06-50-7091 N2 00339-01602 1 CABLE ASSEMBLY, DSC. POMER 28480 00339-01602 N2 00339-01602 1 CABLE ASSEMBLY, DSC. POMER 28480 00-50-7031 N3 00339-01603 1 CABLE ASSEMBLY, DETECTUR POMER 27264 09-50-7021 N3 00339-01603 1 CABLE ASSEMBLY, DETECTUR POMER 28480 00,39-01603 N3 00339-01603 1 CABLE ASSEMBLY, DETECTUR POMER 28480 09-50-7021 N3 00339-01603 1 CABLE ASSEMBLY, DETECTUR POMER 27264 09-50-702	514w6			CONNECTOR 3-PIN # POST TYPE	27264	09-50-7031
317 3101-2042 Switch, SLIDE 26480 3101-2042 318 3101-2042 Switch, SLIDE 26480 3101-2042 71 1251-3973 1 CONNECTOR 9-PIN F 27264 06-50-7091 1251-3073 1 CONNECTOR 9-PIN F 27264 06-50-7091 1251-3073 1 CONNECTOR 9-PIN F 27264 06-50-7091 1251-3073 1 CONNECTOR 3-PIN F POST TYPE 27264 06-50-7091 1251-3073 1 CABLE ASSEMBLY, OSC, POMER 28480 00339-61602 1251-3201 CONNECTOR 3-PIN F POST TYPE 27264 06-50-7031 1251-3201 CONNECTOR 3-PIN F POST TYPE 27264 06-50-7021 1251-3201 CONNECTOR 2-PIN F POST TYPE 27264 06-50-7021 1251-3613 CONNECTOR 2-PIN F POST TYPE 27264 06-50-7021 1251-3613 CONNECTOR 4-PIN F POST TYPE 27264 06-50-7021 1251-3073 CONNECTOR 4-PIN F POST TYPE 27264 06-50-7021 1251-3073 CONNECTOR 1-PIN F POST TYPE 27264 06-50-7021 1251-3073 CONTACT-CONN U/A-POST-TYPE FEW CR			3			
310 310 310 24480 310 310 11 0100-4012 1251-3073 1 TRANSFORMER, POMER (CONECTOR 9-PIN F CONECTOR 9-PIN F CONECTOR 9-PIN F CONECTOR 9-PIN F CONECTOR 3-PIN F POST TYPE 27264 28480 00339-61602 w2 00339-61602 1 CABLE ASSEMBLY, OSC, POMER 28480 00339-61602 w2P2 w2P301 1251-3201 COMECTOR 3-PIN F POST TYPE CONNECTOR 3-PIN F POST TYPE 27264 09-50-7031 w3 00339-61603 1 CABLE ASSEMBLY, DETECTUR POMER 28480 00339-61603 w3P202 N3P302 1251-3613 COMECTOR 3-PIN F POST TYPE 1251-3613 27264 09-50-7021 w3P202 N3P302 1251-3613 COMECTOR 2-PIN F POST TYPE 1251-3073 27264 09-50-7021 w3P201 1251-3277 1 CONNECTOR 4-FIN F POST TYPE 1251-3073 27264 09-50-7041 w401 1251-3277 1 CONNECTOR 4-FIN F POST TYPE 1251-3073 27264 09-50-7041 w4012 2100-3680 1 RESISTOR, VAR 5K (RELATIVE LEVEL) 28480 20339-61604 w4012 2100-3680 1 RESISTOR, VAR 5K (RELATIVE LEVEL) 28480 210-36866 w40201 <td>817</td> <td>3101-2042</td> <td>2</td> <td>SWITCH, SLIDE</td> <td>28480</td> <td>3101-2042</td>	817	3101-2042	2	SWITCH, SLIDE	28480	3101-2042
11 1251-3073 1 CONVECTOR 4-PIN F 27264 C0-50-7031 n2 00339-61602 1 CABLE ASSEMBLY, OSC. POMER 28480 00339-61602 m2P2 1251-3201 CONNECTOR 3-PIN F POST TYPE 27264 09-50-7031 m3 00339-61603 1 CABLE ASSEMBLY, DETECTUR POMER 28480 00339-61603 m3 00339-61603 1 CABLE ASSEMBLY, DETECTUR POMER 28480 09-50-7031 m3 00339-61603 1 CABLE ASSEMBLY, DETECTUR POMER 28480 00339-61603 m3P202 1251-3613 CONNECTOR 2-PIN F POST TYPE 27264 09-50-7021 m3P302 1251-3073 CONNECTOR 2-PIN F POST TYPE 27264 09-50-7021 m4 00339-61604 1 CABLE ASSEMBLY, WETER RESPONSE 28480 00339-61604 m4P201 1251-3277 1 CONNECTOR 4-FIN F POST TYPE 27264 09-50-7041 m4R1 2100-3680 1 RESISTOR, VAR 5K (RELATIVE LEVEL) 28480 00339-61604 m4812 3101-1235 1 SHITCH-SL DPDT-NS STD 1.54 125VAC 05056 114-1240A	\$1 8	3101-2042		SWITCH, SLIDE	28480	3101-2042
1251-3073 CONTACT-CUMN U/#-POST-TYPE FEM CRP 27264 08-50-0107 M2 00339-01602 1 CABLE ASSEMBLY, DSC. POMER 28480 00339-01602 M2P2 1251-3201 CONNECTOR 3-PIN F POST TYPE 27264 09-50-7031 M2P301 1251-3201 CONNECTOR 3-PIN F POST TYPE 27264 09-50-7031 M3 00339-01003 1 CABLE ASSEMBLY, DETECTUR PDMER 28460 00339-01003 M3P202 1251-3613 CONNECTOR 2-PIN F POST TYPE 27264 09-50-7021 M3P302 1251-3613 CONNECTOR 2-PIN F POST TYPE 27264 09-50-7021 M3P302 1251-3613 CONNECTOR 2-PIN F POST TYPE 27264 09-50-7021 M4 00339-01604 1 CABLE ASSEMBLY, WETER RESPONSE 28480 00339-01604 M42201 1251-2777 1 CONNECTOR WETER FEW CRP 27264 09-50-7041 M4812 3101-1235 1 ShITCH-SL DPOT-NS STD TYPE FEM CRP 27264 09-50-7041 M4812 3101-1235 1 RABLE ASSEMBLY, FLETER 28480 <td>Ti</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Ti					
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M2P301 1251-3201 CONNECTOR 3-PIN F POST TYPE 27264 09-50-7031 M3 00339-01603 1 CABLE ASSEMBLY, DETECTUR POWER 28460 00339-01603 M3P202 1251-3613 CONNECTOR 2-PIN F POST TYPE 27264 09-50-7021 M3P302 1251-3613 CONNECTOR 2-PIN F POST TYPE 27264 09-50-7021 M4 00339-61604 1 CABLE ASSEMBLY, WETER RESPONSE 28480 00339-61604 M4 00339-61604 1 CABLE ASSEMBLY, WETER RESPONSE 28480 09-50-7041 M4 00339-61604 1 CABLE ASSEMBLY, WETER RESPONSE 28480 00339-61604 M4 00339-61604 1 CABLE ASSEMBLY, WETER RESPONSE 28480 00-50-7041 M4 00339-61604 1 CABLE ASSEMBLY, WETER RESPONSE 28480 2100-3060 M4R1 2100-3060 1 RESISTOR, VAR 5K (RELATIVE LEVEL) 28480 210-3060 M4812 3101-1235 1 SHITCH-SL DPDT-NS 8TO 1.5A 125V4C 05056 114-124UA M481 2100-3060 1 CABLE ASSEMBLY, FILTEP 28460 00339-01605	#2	00339-01602	1	CABLE ASSEMBLY, DSC. POMER	28480	-
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		1251-3073				
	W5811					
			1			

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See introduction to this section for ordering information

Reference Designation	HP Part Number	Qty	Description	Mfr Code	Mfr Part Number
w7	00339-01607	1	CARLE ASSEMBLY, AC POKER	28480	00339-61607
N7310 A	3101+1656	1	SWITCH-TGL BASIC DPDT NS 3A 125VAC	28480	31n1=1656
	5040-5932	1	COVER, MN POWER SWITCH	28480	5040=5932
48	00339-01608	1	CABLE ASSEMBLY, FREQUENCY IND.	28480	00339-61608
W 9	00339-61609	1	CABLE ASSEMBLY, LEVEL INC.	28480	00339-61609
₩10	00339-01610 90140-44702	1	CABLE ASSEMBLY, FREQUENCY VERNIER Spacers, foam	28480 28480	003 39-61610 00140-44702
#10P4	1251-0512 1251-3073	1	HOUSING, CONNECTOR, S-PIN FEMALE Contact, connector	27264 27264	n9_50=7051 18_50=0107
+10R2	2100-3681	1	RESISTOR, VAR SMEG (FREQ. VERNIER)	28480	2100-3081
11	A120-2574	6	CABLE ASSEMBLY	28480	8120-2574
n12+	8120-2574		CABLE ASSEMULY	28480	6120-2574
H13+	A120-2574		CABLE ASSEMBLY	28480	R120-2574
W14+	8120-2574		CABLE ASSEMBLY	28480	A120-2574
W15*	8120-2574		CABLE ASSEMBLY	28480	8120-2574
#16#	8120~2574		CABLE ASSEMBLY	28480	8120-2574
W17*	8120-2575	4	CABLE ASSEMBLY	28480	8120+2575
W18+	8120-2575		CABLE ASSEMBLY	28480	8120-2575
#19+	8120-2575		CABLE ASSEMBLY	28480	8120+2575
450+	A120-2575		CABLE ASSEMBLY	28480	8120+2575
	0370-2994 00339-03701 3030-0690 1500-0619 0370-1099	1 20 2	KNOB, POINTER/GAR, CAP (FUNCTION) Smapt, nm Screw-set 4-40 .13-1n-lg Small Cup-pt Coupler-rgu .75-lg Br8 KNOB-base-ptm 1/2 JGK .25-IN-ID	28480 28480 28480 0510H 28480	0370-2994 00339-03701 3030-0690 120 0370-1099
	3030-0690 00339-04001 3130-0533	1	SCREW-SET 4-80 .13-IN-LG SMALL CUP=PT KNOB, CISTORTION RNG DETENT, 9-POSITION	28480 28480 28480	3030-0690 00339-04001 3130-0533
	00339-04002 3030-0690 3130-0534	1 1	KNOB, INPUT PNG SCPEM-SET 4-40 (13-IN-LG SMALL CUP-PT Detent, 12-Pusition	28480 28480 28480	00339=04002 3030=0690 3130=0534
339-04010	3030-0690 	1 2	SCREM-SET 4-40 .13-1N-LG SMALL CUP-PT KNOB, tens Detekt, 14-position	28480 28480 28480	3030-0690 00339-04004 3130-0535
	00339-04005 3030-0690 3130-0535	1	KNOB, UNITS 8CREW-SET 4-40 .13-IN-LG SMALL CUP-PT Detent, 16-Position	26480 28480 28480	01339-04005 3070-0690 3130-0535
	00330-04006 3030-0690 3130-0536 0370-1099 n0330-03702 1500-0019	1	KNOB, MULTIPLIER SCRE#=SET 4-40 .13-IN-LG SMALL CUP-PT Detent, 4-Position KNDB, Pointer (frequency vernier) Shaft, Non-metalic Coupler-RGD .75-LG BRS	28480 28489 28480 28480 28480 28480 0510m	00339-04006 3030-0890 3130-05356 0370-1099 00339-03702 120
04009-	00339-04003 3030-0690 0370-2996 3030-0690	1 1 10	KNOB, OSC. LEVEL Screm-set 4-40 .13-IN-LG Small Cup-pt KNOB, RND m/Par Screm-set 4-40 .13-IN-LG Small Cup-pt	28480 28480 26460 28460	00339-04003 3030-0690 1370-2890 3030-0690
	0370-1125 3030-0051	1 2	KNOB, POIHTER (LEVEL VERNIER) Screm-set 4-40 .094-in-lg S-4ll Cup-pt	28480 28480	0370-1125 3030-0051
XF1	2110-0465 2110-0467 2110-0470	1 1 1	CAP, FUSEHOLDER Nut, Mex Single Champer 1/2-24 thpead Fu8emglder-exth Post 20a 300v ul/iec	28480 7591E 0470C	2110-0405 903-070 345003-010

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts

See introduction to this section for ordering information

Table 6-3. Replaceable Parts	6-3. Replaceable	Table 6-3. Replaceable Par	ts
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Reference Designation	HP Part Number	Qty	Description	Mfr Code	Mfr Part Number
		Qty	Description MECRANICAL PARTS PANEL, FOUNT FRONT SUB-PAREL GRACKET, NETER FRONT SHELD MOUNTING FASTENER, CAPTIVE REAR, CASTING PAREL, REAR SHIELD, DETECTOR GUIDE-DC BOAND GAN POLYC .U62-BD-THANS FASTENER, CAPTIVE SHIELD, OSC, BACK FASTENER, CAPTIVE PLATE, OSC, TOP PLATE, OSC, GONTUM SHIELD, P.S., FRONT SHIELD, P.S., GONT SHIELD, P.S. GUIDE-PC BOAND YEL POLYC .U62-BD-THANS SHIELD, INPUT AMPLIFIER SHIELD, INPUT AMPLIFIER SHIELD, STANDARD) COVEP, BOTTOM (STANDARD) TOVER, STOP (STANDARD) TOVER, STOP STRAP, HANDLE, CAP-FRONT STRAP, HANDLE, CAP-FRONT STRAP, HANDLE, CAP-FRONT STRAP, HANDLE, CAP-REAR TRIN, TOP STOR THM TRANSFORMER SHIELD		Mfr Part Number

6-14

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See introduction to this section for ordering information

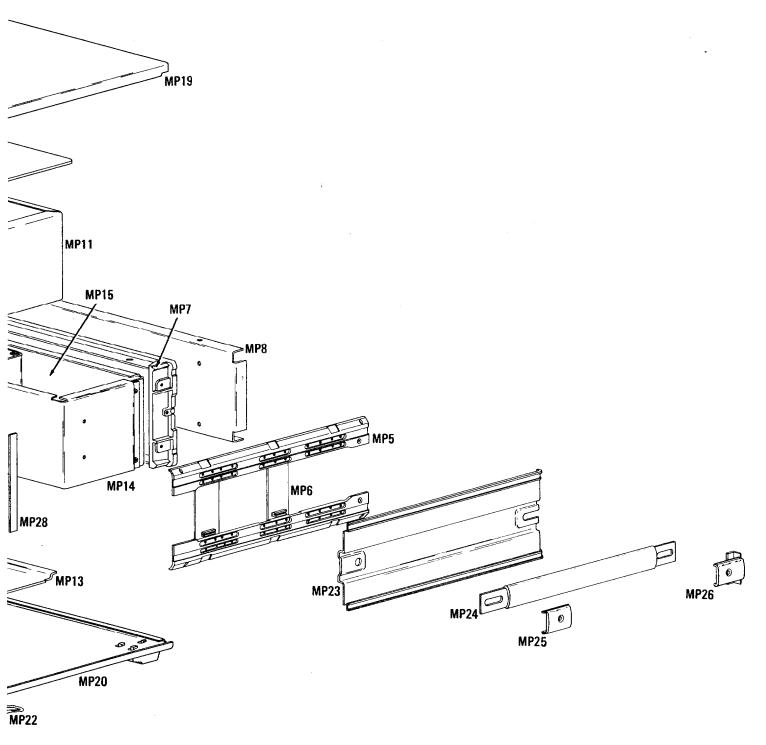
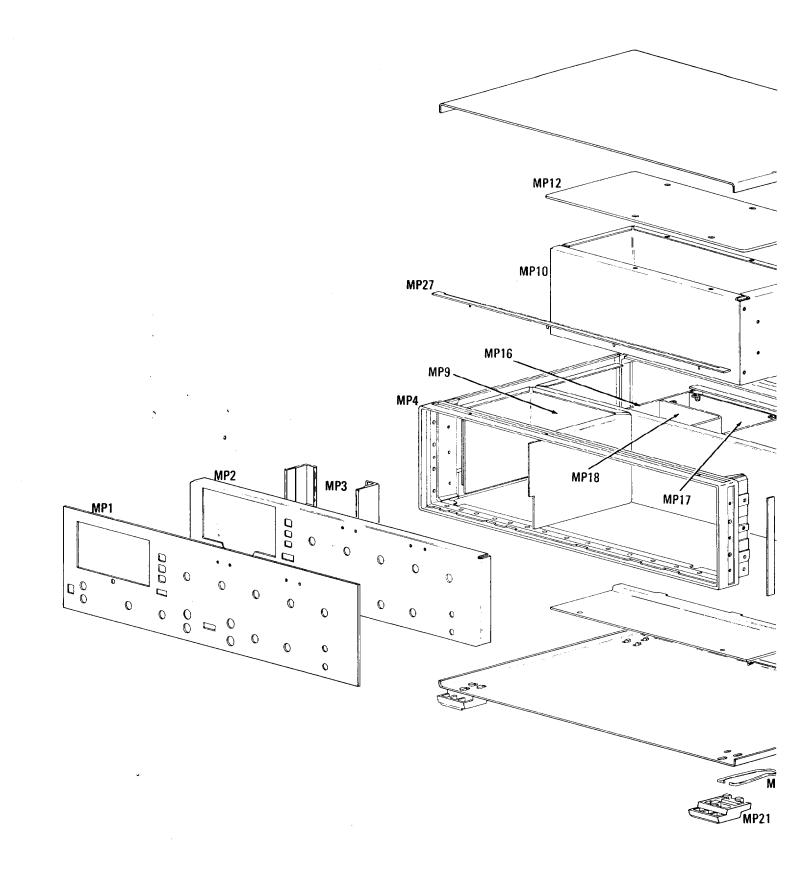


Figure 6-1. Mechanical Parts Locator. 6-15/6-16



SECTION VII MANUAL CHANGES

7-1. INTRODUCTION.

7-2. This section contains information necessary to adapt this manual to instruments with serial numbers lower than the number listed on the title page.

7-3. MANUAL CHANGES.

7-4. To adapt this manual to your instrument, refer to Table 7-1 and make the manual changes listed opposite your instrument serial number. These changes should be performed in the sequence listed.

7-5. If your instrument serial number is not listed on the title page of this manual or in Table 7-1, it may be documented in a yellow MANUAL CHANGES supplement included with the manual. For additional information, refer to INSTRUMENT AND MANUAL IDEN-TIFICATION in Section I.

Table 7-1. Manual Changes by Serial Number.

Instrument Serial No.	Make Manual Change
1730A00101 to 1730A00266	A

7.6. MANUAL CHANGE INSTRUCTIONS.

CHANGE A

The oscillator circuitry was simplified beginning with instrument serial number 1730A00266. To adapt this manual to prior instruments make the following changes.

Page 6-3, Table 6-3.

Add: A1C20, 0180-0291, Cap-Fxd 1 μ F ± 10% 35 VDC TA A1CR1, 1901-0518, Diode-Schottky A1Q1, 1855-0360, Transistor Mosfet N-Chan D-Mode A1R32, R33, 0698-7332, Resistor 1 M 1% .125 W F TC = 0 ± 100 Delete:

A1CR14, 1901-0040, Diode-Switching 30 V 5 mA

Page 8-21/8-22, Figure 8-17.

Change:

Modify the amplitude control circuitry as shown in Figure 7-1.

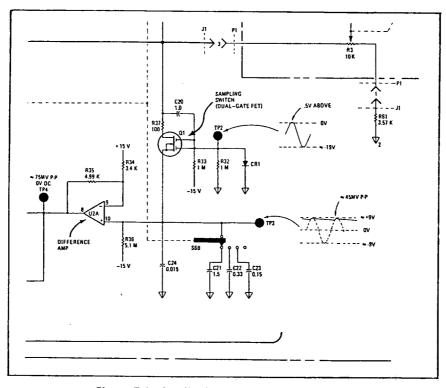


Figure 7-1. Amplitude Control Circuit Change.

SECTION VIII SERVICE

8-1. INTRODUCTION.

8-2. This section contains theory of operation, troubleshooting information, safety considerations, and general service information for the Model 339A Distortion Measurement Set.

8-3. SAFETY CONSIDERATIONS.

8-4. Although this instrument has been designed in accordance with international safety standards, this manual contains information, cautions, and warnings which must be followed to ensure safe operation and to maintain the instrument in safe operating condition. Service and adjustments should be performed only by qualified service personnel.

8-5. Any adjustment, maintenance, and repair of the opened instrument while any power or voltage is applied should be avoided as much as possible, and, when inevitable, should be carried out only by a skilled person who is aware of the hazard involved.



Any interruption of the protective grounding conductor (inside or outside the instrument) or disconnection of the protective earth terminal is likely to make the instrument dangerous. Intentional interruption of the protective grounding conductor is strictly prohibited.

8-6. It is possible for capacitors inside the instrument to still be charged even if the instrument has been disconnected from its power source.

8-7. Be certain that only fuses with the required current rating and of the specified type (normal blow, time delay, etc.) are used for replacement. The use of repaired fuses and the short-circuiting of fuse holders must be avoided.



The service information presented in this manual is normally used with the protective covers removed and power applied to the instrument. Energy available at many points may, if contacted, result in personal injury.

8-8. RECOMMENDED TEST EQUIPMENT.

8-9. Test equipment required to maintain the Distortion Measurement Set is listed in Table 1-3. Equipment other than that listed may be used if it meets the critical specifications.

THEORY OF OPERATION

8-10. GENERAL DESCRIPTION.

8-11. Figure 8-1 shows a simplified block diagram of the Model 339A Distortion Measurement Set. The 339A combines an automatic, high resolution distortion analyzer/voltmeter and a low distortion oscillator to provide a drive signal to the device under test. The frequency of both the oscillator and the fundamental rejection circuit (notch filter) of the distortion analyzer are tuned simultaneously to simplify operation.

8-12. The Model 339A features an AM DETECTOR input, in addition to the normal analyzer/voltmeter input, which permits the user to measure the distortion of a modulating signal on an RF carrier. Selection of the AM DETECTOR input or DIStortion ANalyzer input is made by a front panel switch.

8-13. An OSCILLATOR LEVEL function is provided

to allow the operator to monitor the oscillator output level without connecting external cables.

8-14. The selected input signal is applied to the input attenuator/amplifier which provides the proper amount of attenuation or gain required to place the signal within the input range of the analyzer circuits.

8-15. The Fundamental Rejection Circuit consists of a "bridged T" filter network in conjunction with a "notch amplifier" and feed-back amplifier which enhance the rejection characteristics. The "nulling" process of the circuit is fully automatic to simplify operation and to provide maximum accuracy. If the fundamental frequency of the input signal is not within the "pull-in" range of the rejection circuit (in cases where an external signal source is used), a front panel LED indicator is lit to indicate which direction to turn the FREQUENCY controls to bring the rejection circuit within range. The

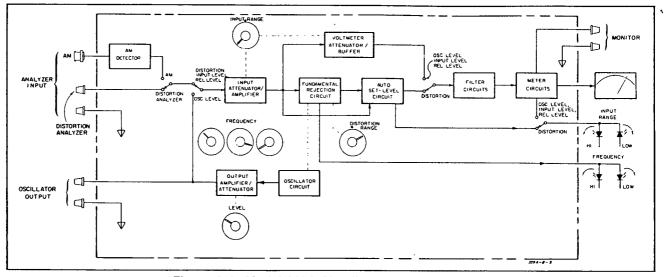


Figure 8-1. Model 339A Simplified Block Diagram.

rejection circuit attenuates the fundamental frequency of the input signal approximately -100 dB. The distortion signal (output signal) of the rejection circuit is attenuated or amplified (depending upon the setting of the DISTORTION RANGE control) by the distortion amplifier and applied to the input of the Auto Set-Level circuit.

8-16. The Automatic Set-Level Circuit, as the name implies, automatically adjust the distortion signal to provide a distortion measurement which is relative to a full-scale input level. The Auto Set-Level circuit eliminates the necessity of manually setting a reference level before making a distortion measurement.

8-17. When using the voltmeter function of the 339A, (OSCillator LEVEL, INPUT LEVEL, and RELative LEVEL), the Voltmeter Attenuator/Buffer supplies the necessary amount of attenuation to bring the input signal within the input range of the meter circuits and provides isolation between the input amplifier and meter circuits.

8-18. The Filter Circuits, included with the Model 339A, are three-pole active filters and include a 400 Hz highpass filter, a 30 kHz low-pass filter, and an 80 kHz lowpass filter. These filters may be selected individually or in any combination to provide the filter characteristics required.

8-19. The Meter Circuits include an input amplifier, and RMS detector, a variable gain amplifier, and a voltage to current converter. The input amplifier amplifies the input signal by +40 dB to drive the rms detector and supply an output signal to the MONITOR terminals. The full-scale output of this amplifier is 1 V rms. The rms detector converts the input signal to a dc voltage proportional to the rms value of the input (1 V dc full-scale). The output of the rms detector is applied to the input of a variable gain amplifier which acts as a buffer in all functions except RELative LEVEL. In this function, the variable gain amplifier is enabled to permit the user to set a convenient reference level on the meter. The output of the variable gain amplifier is applied to both the voltage-tocurrent converter which drives the meter and the input range comparators. These comparators are used to light front panel LED indicators when the meter drive signal is greater than full-scale or less than 1/3 full-scale. The LEDs indicate which direction to turn the INPUT RANGE control to bring the drive signal within the range of the meter.

8-20. The Oscillator Circuit of the 339A uses a "bridged T" filter network to determine the operating frequency and employs a sampling feedback circuit to control the oscillator output level. The amplitude feedback circuit is designed to provide cycle-to-cycle amplitude control while minimizing distortion caused by regulating the output level.

8-21. The Output Amplifier/Attenuator circuit of the oscillator provides isolation between the oscillator circuit and the output terminals and varies the output level from 1 mV rms to greater than 3 V rms into a 600 ohm load.

8-22. CIRCUIT DESCRIPTIONS.

8-23. Input Circuitry.

8-24. The front panel FUNCTION switch permits the user to select one of four input functions, as follows:

OSCillator LEVEL - In this function the meter circuit monitors the rms output level of the oscillator.

DISTORTION - The distortion function measures the rms value of total harmonic distortion (THD) of the input signal.

INPUT LEVEL - In this function, the meter

indicates the rms value of the input signal (voltmeter function).

RELATIVE LEVEL - The relative level function permits the user to measure the rms value of the input signal relative to a pre-set reference (dB and VU measurements).

8-25. In addition to the DIStortion ANalyzer input, the 339A also includes an AM DETECTOR INPUT which detects the AM modulation signal of an RF carrier. This allows the user to measure the total harmonic distortion of the modulation signal.

8-26. Input Amplifier.

8-27. The 339A input amplifier is an operational amplifier circuit which uses a combination of attenuation and gain to limit the full-scale output of the amplifier to 3 V rms. Figure 8-2 shows a simplified schematic of the input amplifier and lists the attenuation and gain for each INPUT RANGE setting. The output signal of the buffer amplifier is applied to the fundamental rejection circuit (notch filter) and auto set-level circuit of the analyzer section. The voltmeter attenuator provides the necessary attenuation to maintain a 10 mV rms full-scale output signal to the voltmeter buffer amplifier.

8-28. Input Overload Protection.

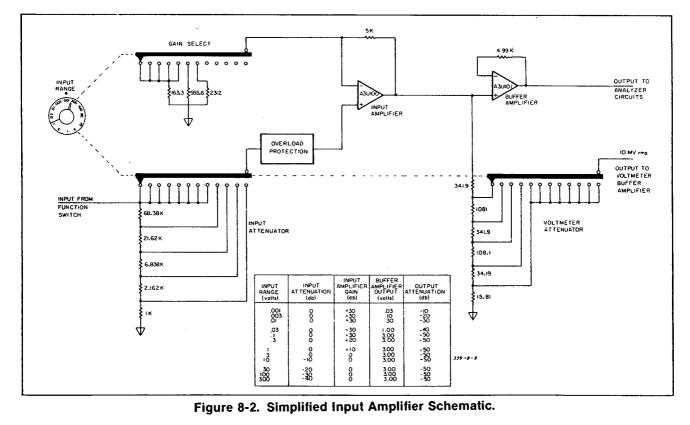
8-29. The input amplifier is protected from the application of high voltage to the input by a zener

referenced protection circuit which limits the input voltage to approximately 11 volts peak. The input is further protected by a fuse which limits the input current to approximately 60 mA. During normal operation, FET A3Q100 supplies a feedback signal which is equal in phase and amplitude to the input signal to eliminate leakage caused by the capacitance of the protection diodes.

8-30. Analyzer Circuitry.

8-31. Notch Filter.

8-32. The purpose of the Notch Filter is to eliminate the fundamental frequency of the signal being measured. The basic notch filter circuit, as shown in Figure 8-3, is a "bridged T" RC filter network. The filter is tuned to approximately the fundamental frequency of the input signal by the front panel FREQUENCY controls and is fine tuned to the exact frequency by the phase control circuit. The notch filter by itself attenuates the fundamental frequency only about -16 dB. To improve the "notch" characteristics, a portion of the input signal is "fed-forward" and algebraically summed with the output of the notch filter by notch amplifier A3U3. The Application of the feed-forward signal cancels the remaining fundamental signal. The correct level of feed-forward signal necessary to cancel the fundamental frequency is regulated by the amplitude control circuit. The combination of feed-forward signal and the automatic frequency tuning provided by the phase control circuit improves the "notch depth" to



Section VIII

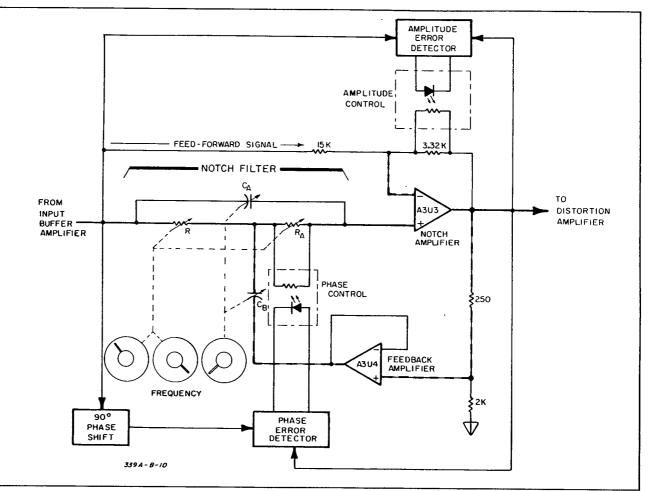


Figure 8-3. Simplified Notch Filter Schematic.

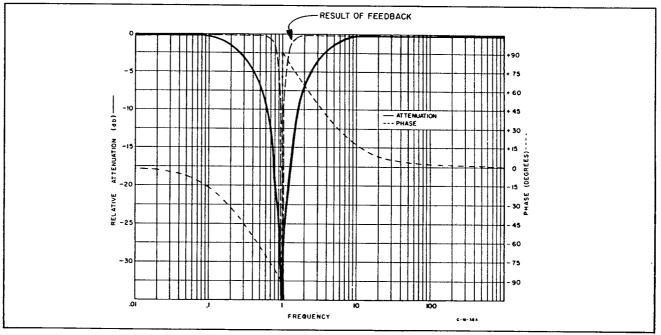
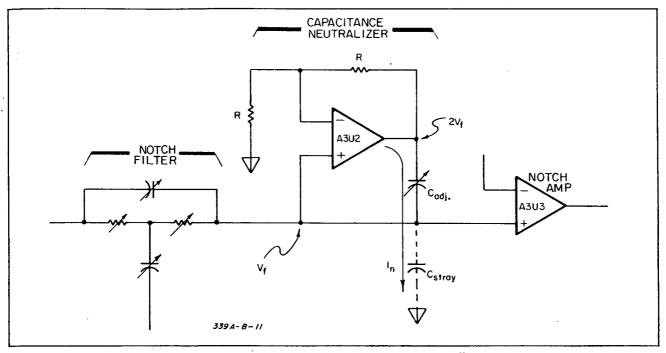


Figure 8-4. Effect of Feedback.



Model 339A



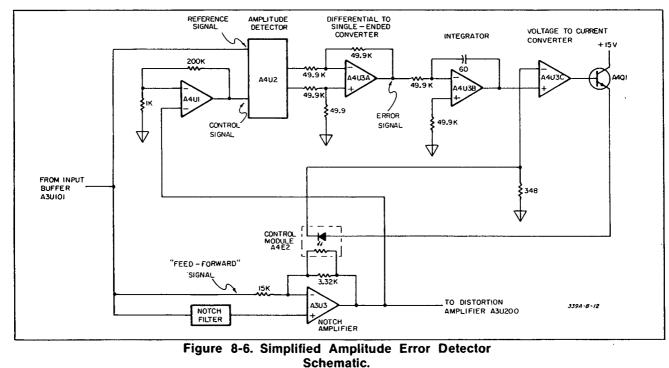
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Figure 8-5. Simplified Capacitance Neutralizer Schematic.

approximately -100 dB. To improve the "notch width", a portion of the output signal from A3U3 is fed-back to the notch filter circuit. The effects of this feed-back are illustrated in Figure 8-4. Feed-back amplifier A3U4 is a unity gain amplifier which provides isolation between notch amplifier A3U3 and the notch filter circuitry. The notch filter output (from A3U3) is applied to the input of distortion amplifier A3U200 and to the input of the amplitude and phase error detector circuits.

8-33. Capacitance Neutralizer.

8-34. The purpose of the Capacitance Neutralizer is to neutralize the effects of stray capacitance at the output of the notch filter. The neutralizer circuit (shown in Figure 8-5) consists of an operational amplifier whose gain is set by resistors "R". The output voltage of A3U2 is equal to: Vf (1 + R/R) or 2Vf, where Vf is the output voltage from the notch filter. The output of A3U2 drives



8-5

Section VIII

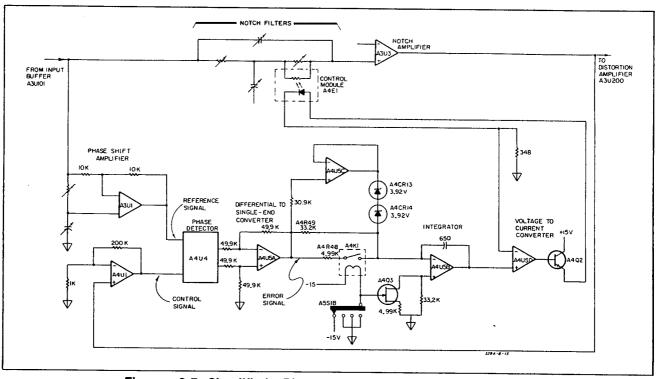


Figure 8-7. Simplified Phase Error Detector Schematic.

capacitors Cadj and Cstray. Cadj is adjusted to be equal to Cstray so that 1/2 of the output of A3U2 (a voltage = Vf) is dropped across each. Since the current necessary to drive the stray capacitance (Cstray) is supplied by the neutralizer circuit, the output of the notch filter is not loaded.

8-35. Amplitude Error Detector.

8-36. The purpose of the Amplitude Error Detector is to regulate the amount of "feed-forward" signal required to optimize the depth of the notch filter. Figure 8-6 shows a simplified schematic of the amplitude error detector circuit. The input signal to the notch filter (from input buffer amplifier A3U101) is used as the reference signal for amplitude detector A4U2. The output of the notch amplifier (A3U3) is amplified by A4U1 and is used as the control signal to A4U2. Amplifier A4U1 supplies a gain of 200, which is necessary to achieve "notch depths" in excess of -100 dB. The output of amplitude detector A4U2 is the product of the two input signals. Mathematically, the output of A4U2 (Vo) is equal to the reference signal (A1 Cos wt) times the control signal (A2 Cos wt + ϕ), or Vo = A1A2 [(Cos wt + ϕ)]. By trig identity, this expression is equal to:

$$V_0 = 1/2 A_1A_2 [Cos (2 wt + \phi) + Cos \phi].$$

The differential output of A4U2 is converted to a single ended output by A4U3A and applied to the integrator. The integrator (A4U3B) acts as a low-pass filter to the output signal from the amplitude detector and responds only to the low frequency component of the signal. The error signal is, therefore, effectively equal to:

 $V_0 = 1/2 A_1A_2 Cos \phi$ times a constant "K".

Since the notch filter is tuned to the fundamental frequency of the input signal, the phase difference term of the error signal ($\cos \phi$) is equal to 1 ($\cos 0^\circ = 1$). The error signal as seen by the integrator, is therefore a dc voltage equal to:

Since the amplitude of the reference signal (A1) is held constant, any changes in the error signal are caused by the amplitude changes of the control signal (A2). The error signal to the integrator can therefore be expressed as:

$$V_0 = A_2 (KA_1).$$

The output of the integrator is applied to a voltage-tocurrent converter (A4U3C and A3Q1) which drives amplitude control module A3E2. Control module A3E2 adjusts the gain of notch amplifier A3U3 to provide the proper amount of teed-forward signal necessary to cancel the fundamental frequency at the output of the notch amplifier and therefore reduce the error signal to zero.

8-37. Phase Error Detector.

8-38. The purpose of the Phase Error Detector circuit is to "fine tune" the notch filter to the fundamental frequency of the input signal. The circuit shown in Figure 8-7 is a simplified schematic of the phase detector circuit. The input signal from input buffer amplifier A3U101 is retarded 90° by phase shift amplifier A3U1 and applied to the input of A4U4 as the reference signal. The output of the notch amplifier (A3U3) is amplified by A4U1 and is used by the phase detector (A4U4) as the control signal. The output of the error detector is equal to the product of the two input signals. Mathematically, the output of A4U4 (Vo) is equal to the reference signal [A1 Cos (wt -90°)] times the control signal (A2 Cos wt + ϕ) or, Vo = A1A2 [(Cos wt -90°) (Cos wt + ϕ)]. By trig identity, this expression is equal to:

$$\begin{bmatrix} \cos (2 \text{ wt} + \phi -90^\circ) + \cos (\phi + 90^\circ) \end{bmatrix} \text{ or; } V_0 = 1/2 \text{ A1A2} \\ \begin{bmatrix} \sin (2 \text{ wt} + \phi) - \sin \phi \end{bmatrix}$$

The differential output of A4U4 is converted to a singleended output by A4U5A and applied to the integrator. The integrator (A4U5B) acts as a low-pass filter to the output signal from the phase detector and responds only to the low frequency component of the signal. The error signal is, therefore, effectively equal to:

$V_0 = 1/2 A_1A_2 \sin \phi$ times a constant "K".

The amplitude and phase of the reference signal (A1 Cos-90°) is held constant. Therefore, the error signal (Vo) is zero only when the phase difference between the reference signal and control signal is equal to 90° (Cos $90^{\circ} = 0$). Since the reference signal has purposely been shifted by 90°, this condition can only occur when the notch filter is perfectly "tuned", resulting in 0° phase shift of the signal through it. The error signal from the output of A4U5A is applied to the input circuit of the integrator. Resistors A4R48 and A4R49 determine the time constant of integrator A4U5B. On the X10 frequency range (10 Hz -100 Hz) relay A4K1 opens to increase the time constant. The time constant is increased on this range to prevent distortion which might be caused by the phase control circuit at low frequencies. On frequency ranges X100 through X10 K (100 Hz - 110 kHz), relay A4K1 is closed to parallel A4R49 with A4R48 to reduce the time constant FET switch A4Q3 switches the integrator bias resistance to prevent offsets at the output caused by input imbalance. Amplifier A4U5C and diodes A4CR13 and A4CR14 provide a "fast-charge" path for the integrator when the notch filter is extremely off frequency. In this case, the output of A4U5A exceeds the break-down voltage of A4CR13 or A4CR14 to provide increased charge current to the integrator. As the notch filter approaches the proper frequency, the output of A4U5A no longer exceeds the break-down voltage of A4CR13 or A4CR14 and normal operation resumes. The output of integrator A4U5B is applied to the voltage-to-current converter (A4U5D) and A4Q2) which drives phase control module A3E1. Control module A3E1 changes the resonant frequency of the notch filter.

8-39. Auto Set-Level Circuit.

8-40. The Auto Set-Level circuit automatically adjusts the gain of the distortion analyzer circuitry to provide a

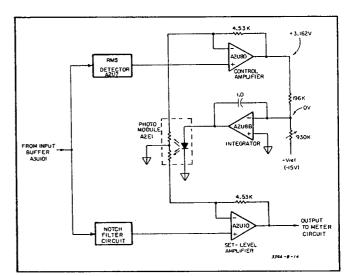


Figure 8-8. Simplified Auto Set-Level Circuit.

full-scale reference level for distortion measurements. Figure 8-8 shows a simplified schematic of the auto setlevel circuit used in the Model 339A. The input signal from amplifier A3U101 is applied to the input of rms detector A2U7. The output of A2U7 is a dc voltage equivalent to the rms value of the input signal. This signal is applied to control amplifier A2U8D whose output is connected to one end of a resistive summing network. The other end of the summing network is referenced to -15 V dc. The output of the summing network is applied to the input of integrator A2U8B which drives photomodule A2E1. Photo-module A2E1 consists of an LED driver and two balanced, photo-sensitive resistors which are part of the gain determining circuits of control amplifier A2U8D and set-level amplifier A2U10. Integrator A2U8B drives the photo-module until the gain of control amplifier A2U8D is such that its output is equal to a full-scale input level (3.162 V dc). At this point, the output of the summing network is zero and the circuit is stable. Since the set-level amplifier and control amplifier circuits are identical, the gain of set-level amplifier A2U10 is equal to that established by control amplifier A2U3D. Therefore, the set-level amplifier amplifies the distortion signal by the amount f gain which would be required to give a full-scale meter reading of the input signal or, the distortion signal is referenced to a full-scale input level.

8-41. Meter Circuits.

8-42. Figure 8-9 shows a simplified schematic of the meter circuitry used in the Model 339A. The voltmeter input shown includes the OSCillator LEVEL, INPUT LEVEL, and RELative LEVEL input functions. The distortion input is the distortion signal from the analyzer circuitry. The input signal to the meter circuitry may be filtered to remove unwanted frequencies and noise. The filters are three-pole active filters and include a 400 Hz high-pass filter and 30 kHz and 80 kHz low-pass filter. The signal from the filter circuits is amplified 40 dB by

Section VIII

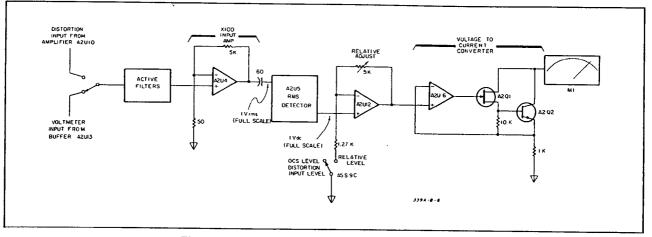
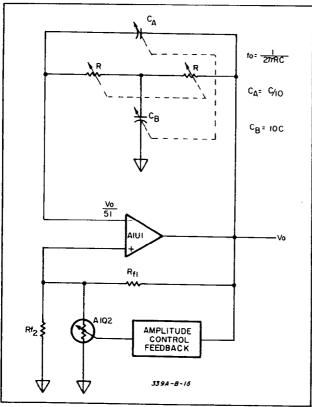


Figure 8-9. Simplified Meter Circuit Schematic.

input amplifier A2U4 to provide a 1 V rms (full-scale) input signal to the RMS detector A2U5. The dc output of the RMS detector is applied to the input of the relative adjust amplifier A2U12 which, in all function except RELative LEVEL, acts as a X1 buffer amplifier. In the RELative LEVEL function, the feed-back path of A2U1 is completed by switch. A5S9C to allow the gain of A2U1 to be varied. This permits the user to set a reference level on the meter. The output of the relative adjust amplifier is applied to a voltage-to-current converter (A2U6, A2Q1, and A2Q2) to drive meter M1. Full-scale output current is 1 mA.





8-43. Oscillator Circuit.

8-44. Frequency Generation. Figure 8-10 shows a simplified schematic diagram of the oscillator circuitry used in the Model 339A. The operating frequency of the circuit is determined by a "bridged T" filter network in the negative feed-back path of amplifier A1U1. At resonant frequency, the filter network is at maximum impedance and the negative feed-back to amplifier A1U1 is minimum. The frequency range of the oscillator circuit is determined by the selection of capacitors Ca and Cb while the particular operating frequency is controlled by the selection of resistors R.

8-45. Amplitude Control. The basic oscillator output level is determined by positive feed-back resistors Rf1 and Rf2 and is regulated by the amplitude control circuitry shown in Figure 8-11. The purpose of the amplitude control circuitry is to monitor the oscillator output level and derive an error signal to control the gain of amplifier A1U1. The oscillator output is sampled during the positive peaks by the peak detector circuit which stores a charge equal to the peak amplitude of the output signal on capacitor Ch. The charge on Ch is compared to a reference voltage by difference amplifier A1U2A. The output of A1U2A represents the instantaneous amplitude error of the oscillator signal. This signal is applied to integrator A1U2B and through the fast response bypass circuit to summing amplifier A1U2C. The output of the integrator (A1U2B) represents the average or long-term amplitude error while the signal from the fast response bypass circuit represents the amplitude error on a cycle-to-cycle basis. These two signals are added by summing amplifier A1U2C. The resulting output of A1U2C drives control FET A1Q2 which acts as a variable resistor in parallel with feed-back resistor Rf2 to adjust the gain of oscillator amplifier A1U1.

Model 339A

8-46. Output Buffer and Attenuator. The oscillator signal is applied to the output buffer amplifier (A1U3) through the output LEVEL VERNIER control. The level vernier varies the output level of the buffer amplifier from approximately 6.5 V rms to 1.8 V rms. The output of the buffer amplifier is divided by the output attenuator in 10 dB V steps from 3 V rms full-scale to 3 mV rms full-scale into a 600 ohm load. The attenuator also includes an OFF position which disables the oscillator output and

terminates the OUTPUT terminals with a 600 ohm resistive load. The combination of the output attenuator and level vernier permit the selection of output levels from 1 mV rms to greater-than 3 V rms into 600 ohms. The oscillator output level may be monitored on the meter when the OSCillator LEVEL function is selected. A zener diode protection circuit protects the oscillator circuitry from the accidental application of voltage to the oscillator OUTPUT terminals.

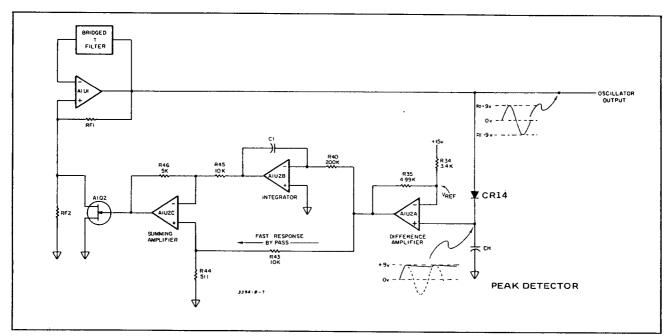
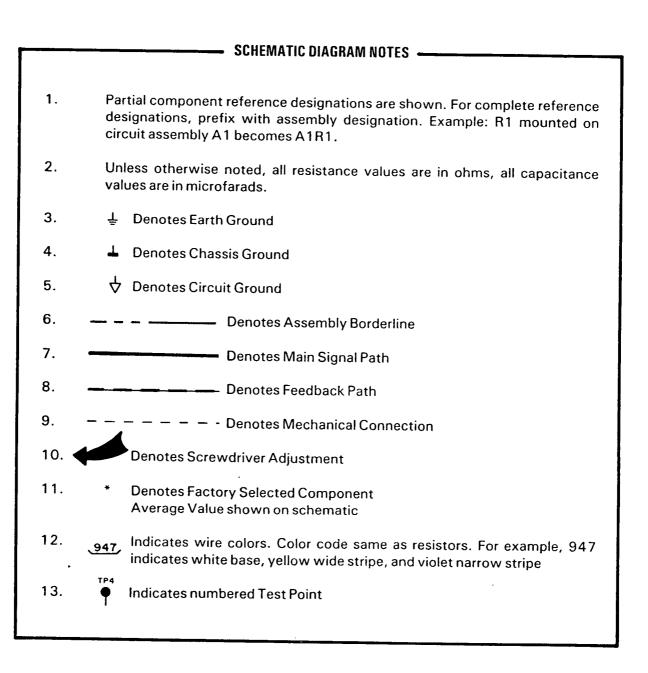


Figure 8-11. Simplified Amplitude Control Circuit.

Section VIII



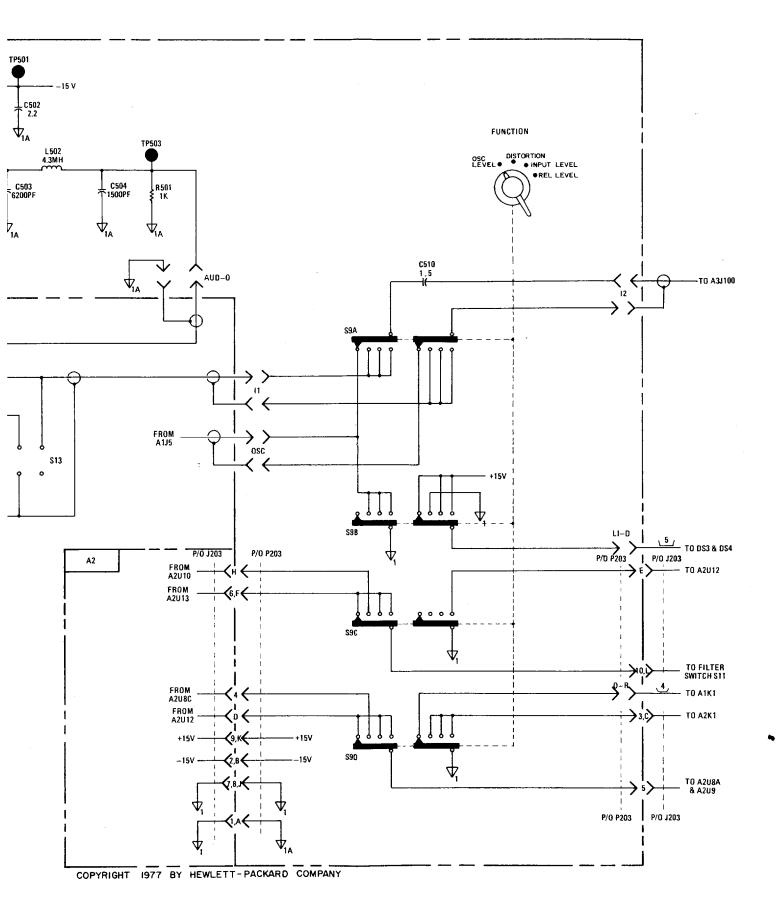
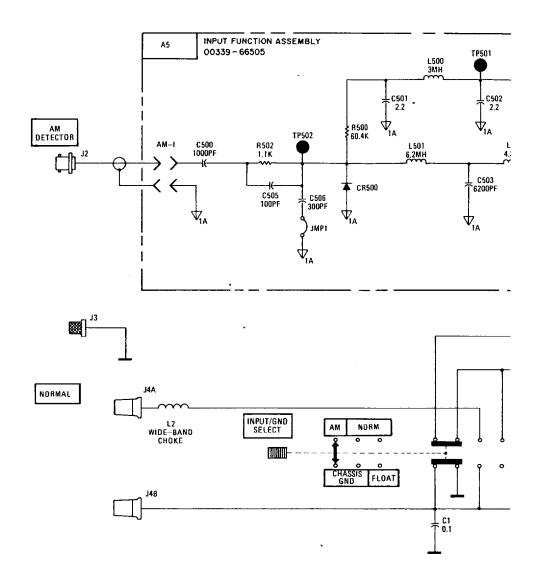
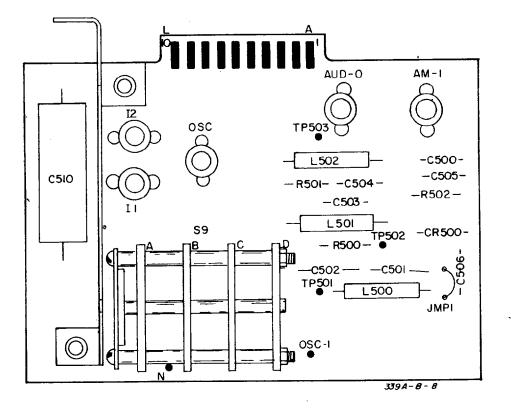


Figure 8-12. AM Detector and Input Switching. 8-11/8-12





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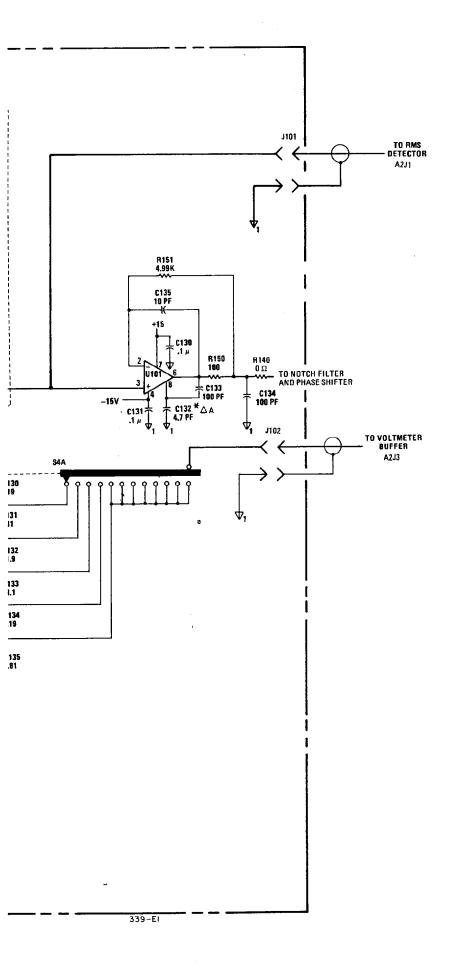
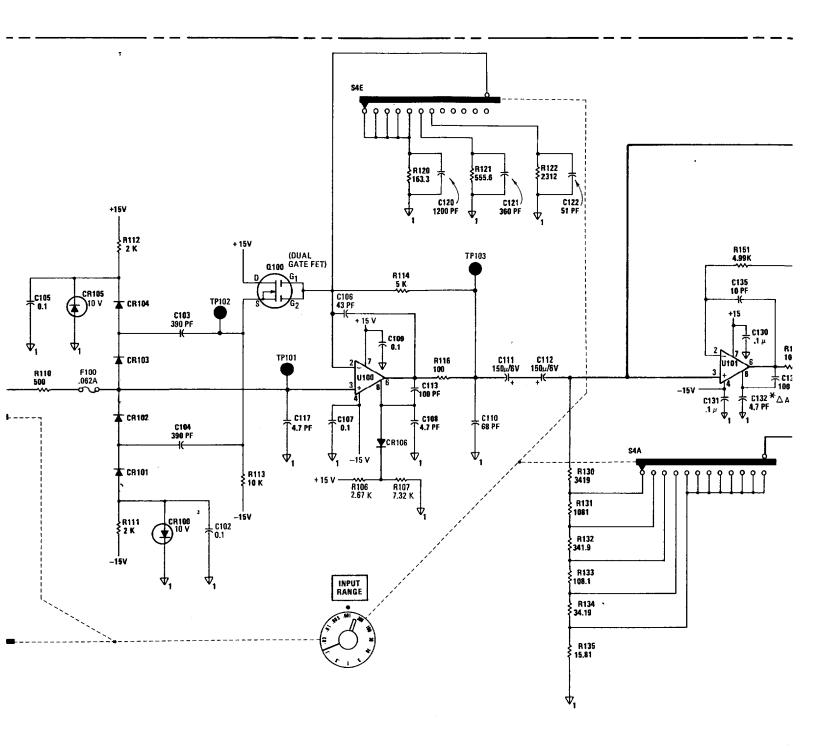
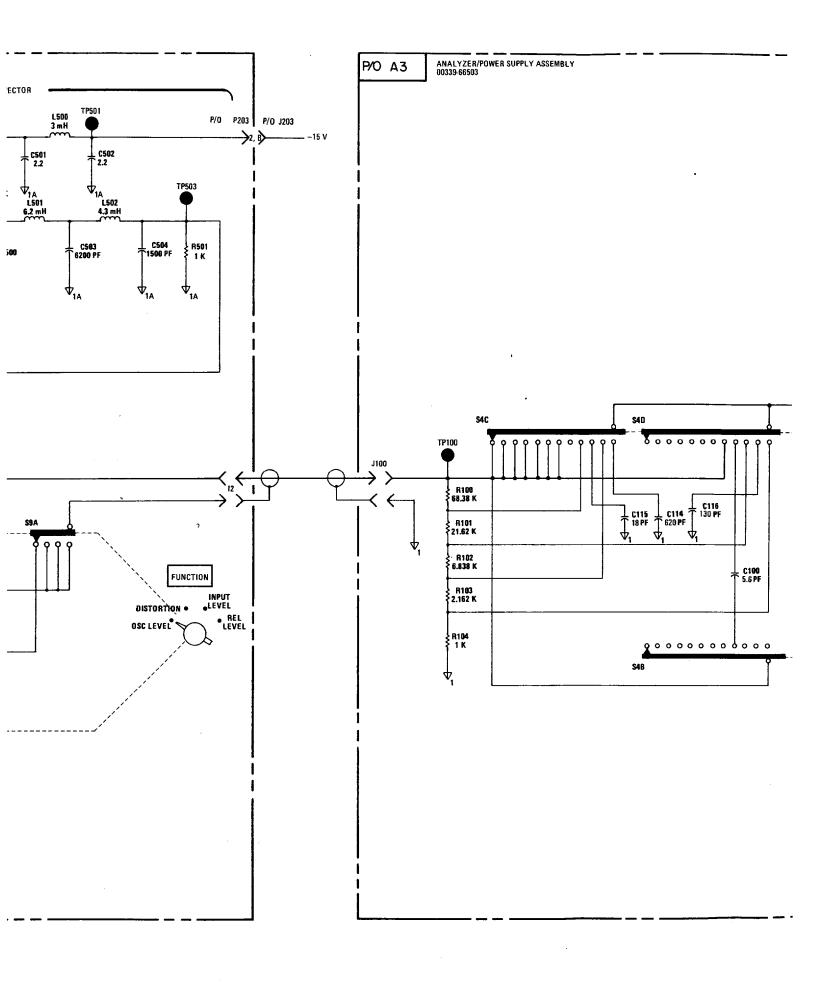


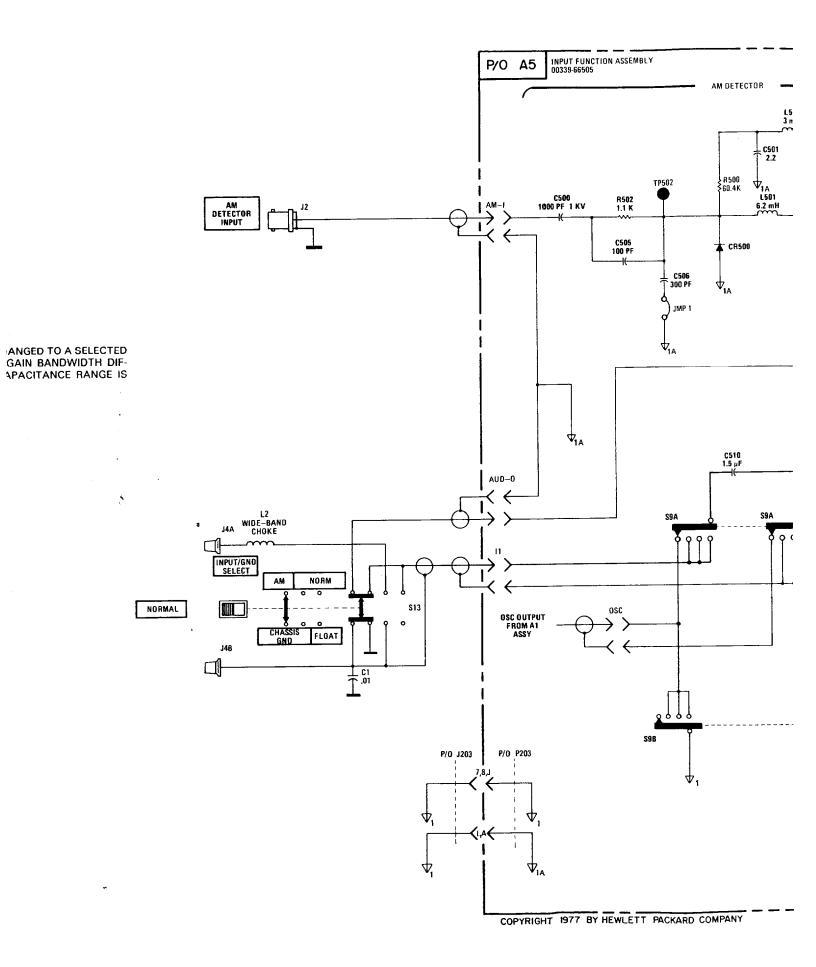
Figure 8-13. Input Attenuator and Input Amplifier. 8-13/8-14

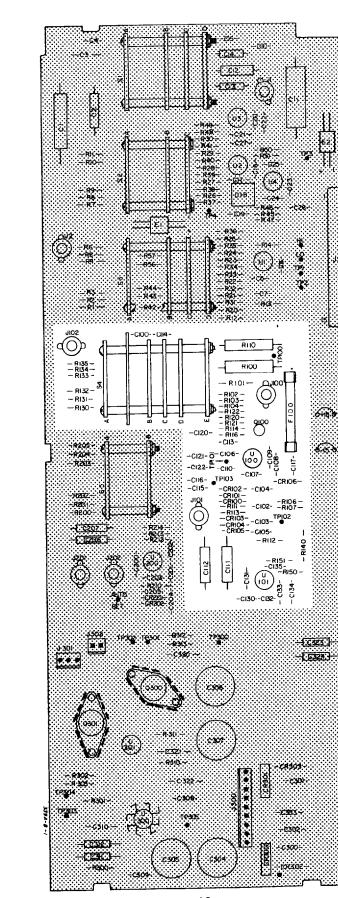


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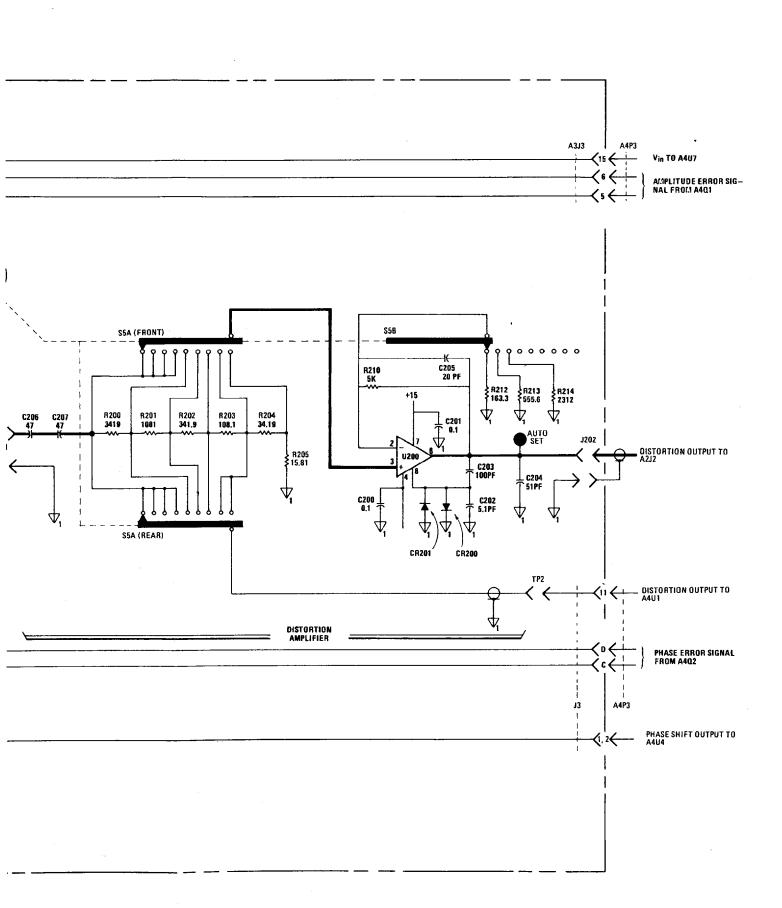


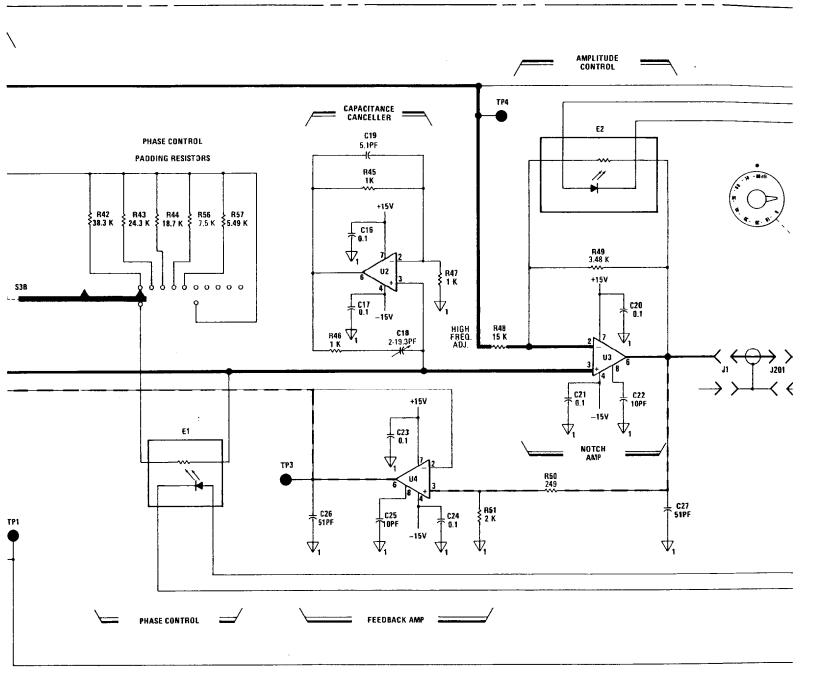
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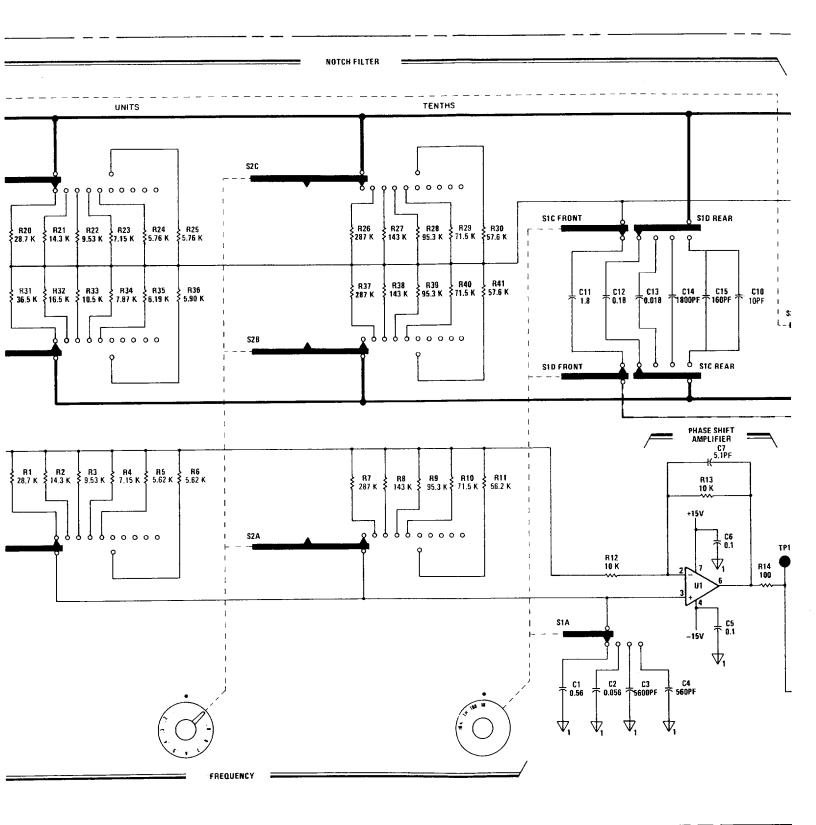
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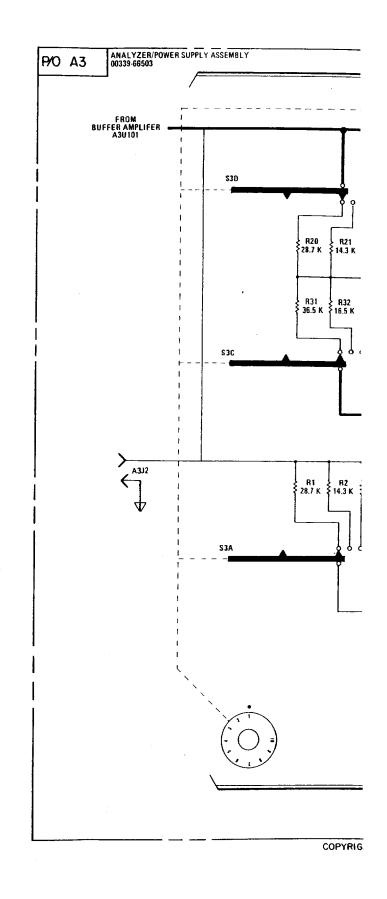
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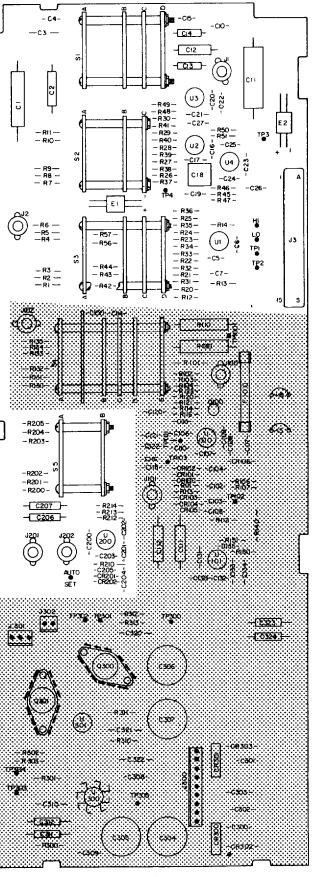
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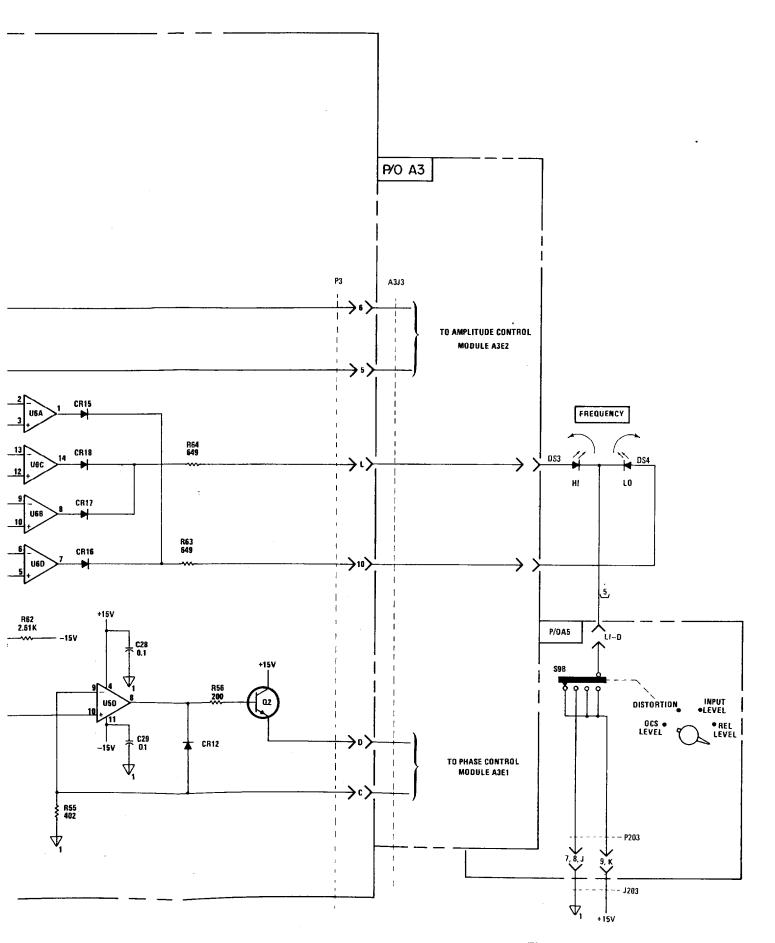
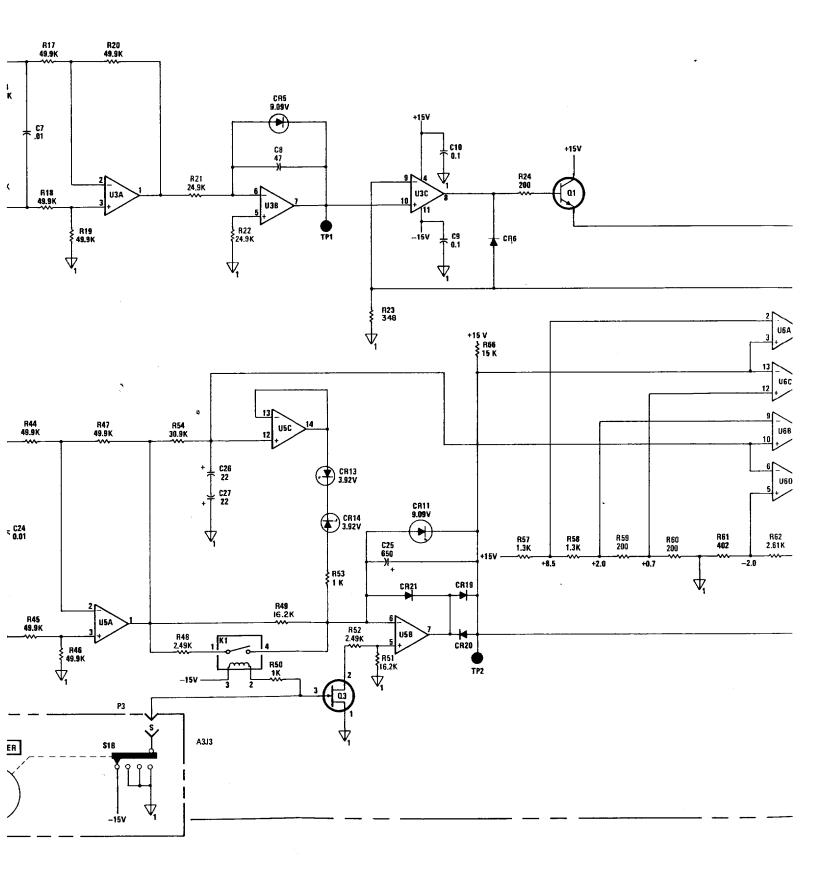
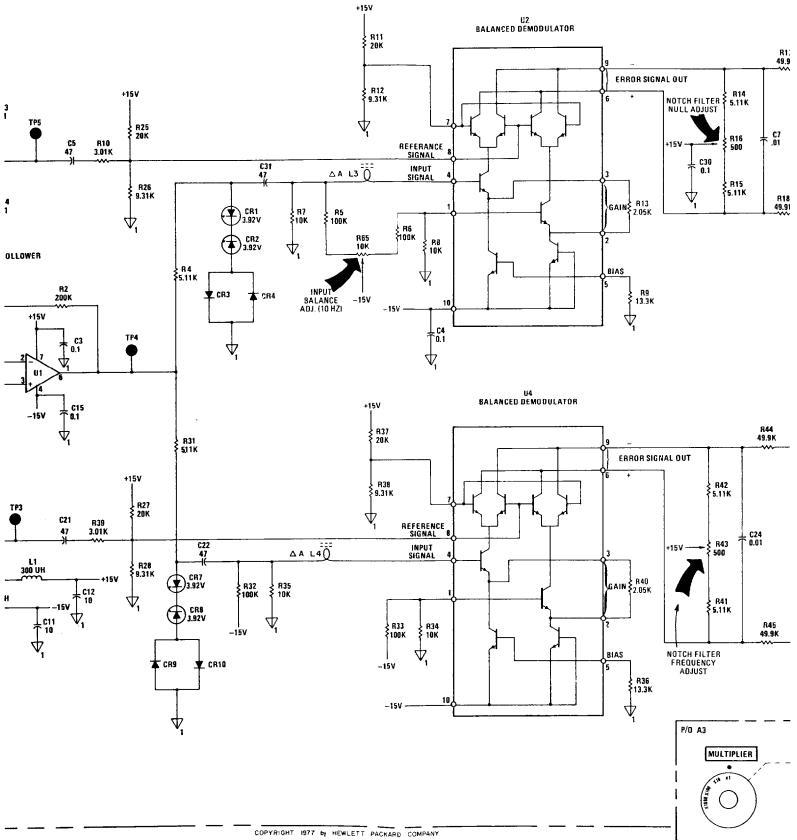
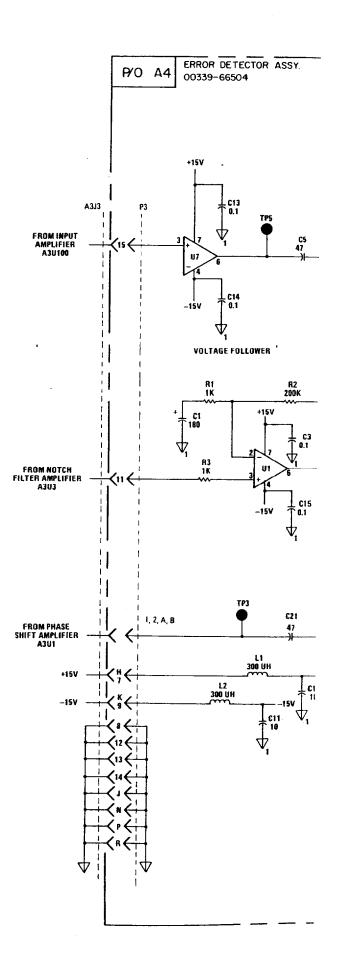


Figure 8-15. Error Detector Circuits. 8-17

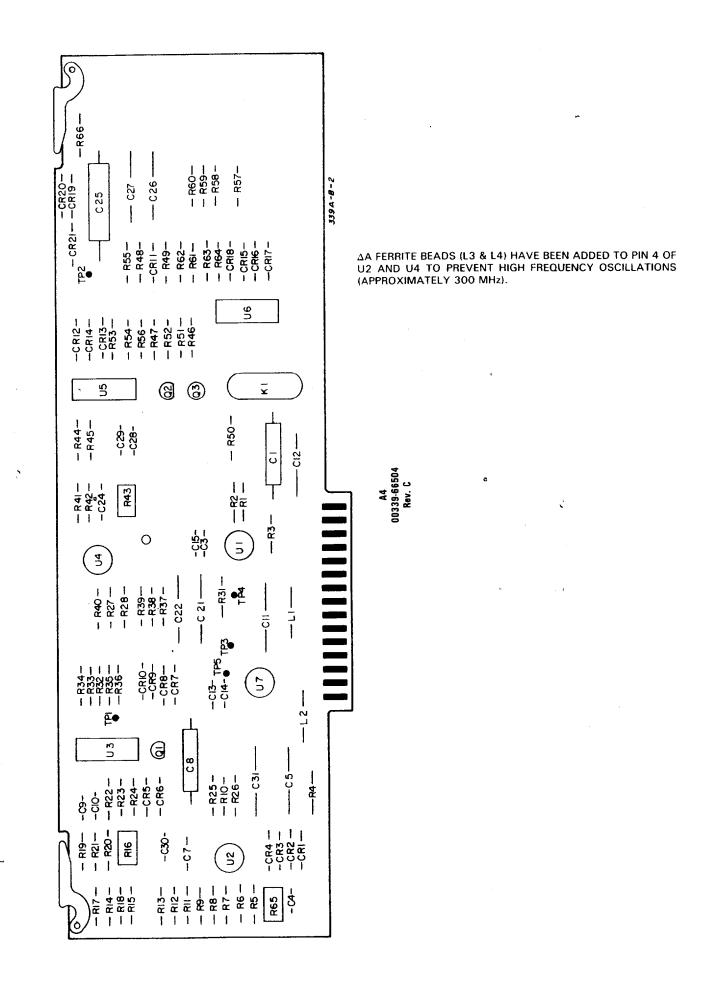






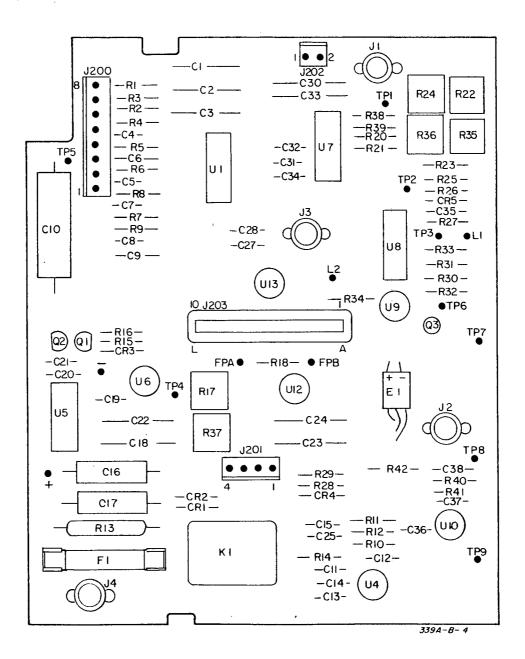


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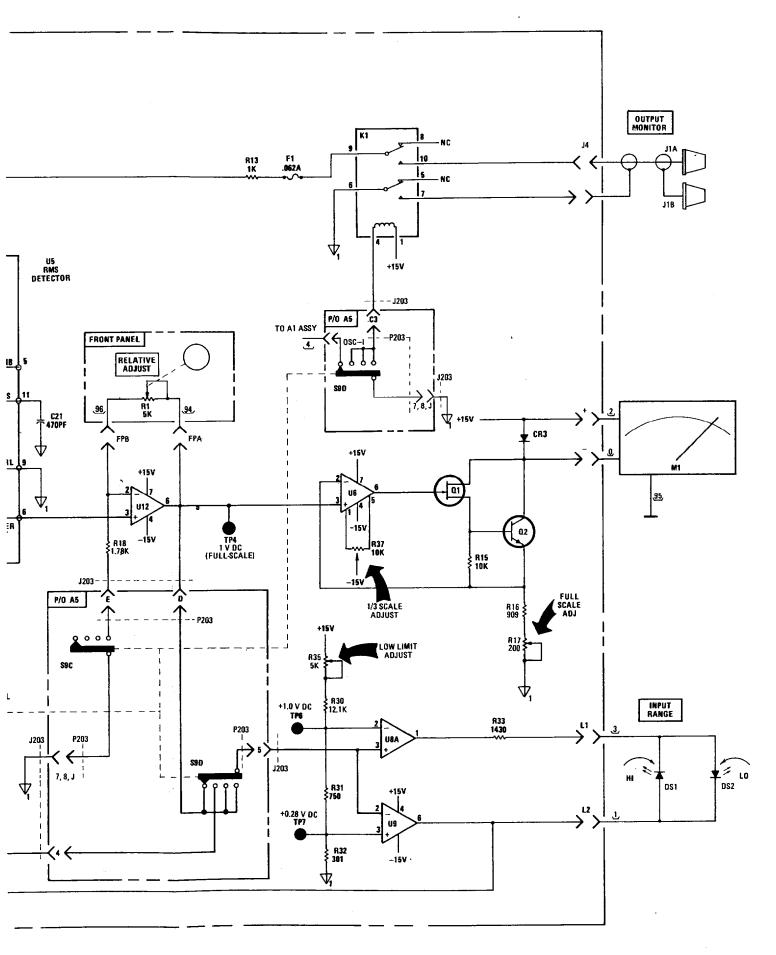


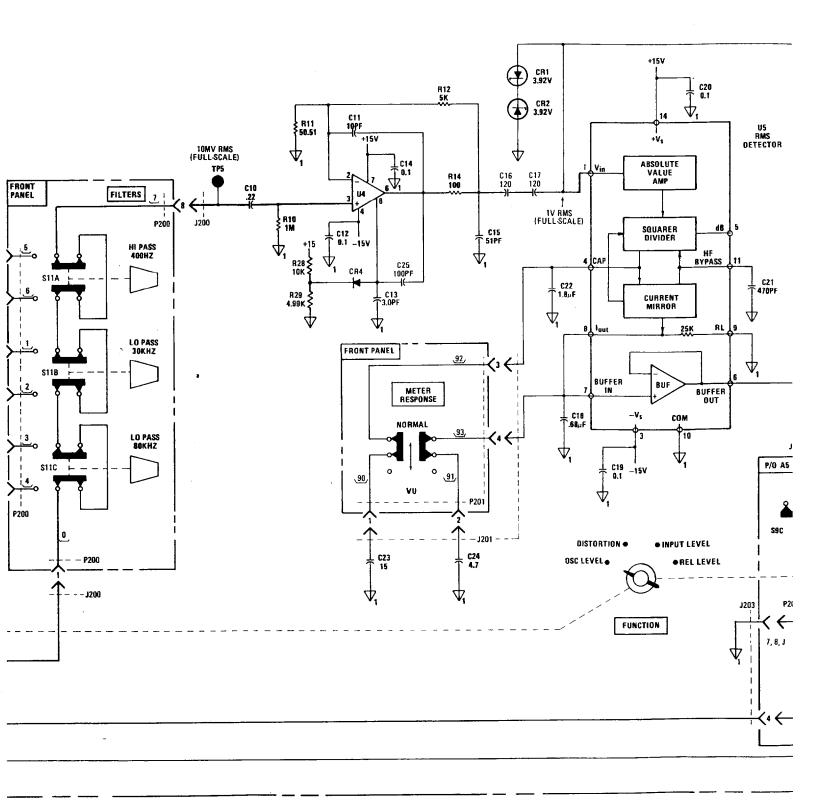
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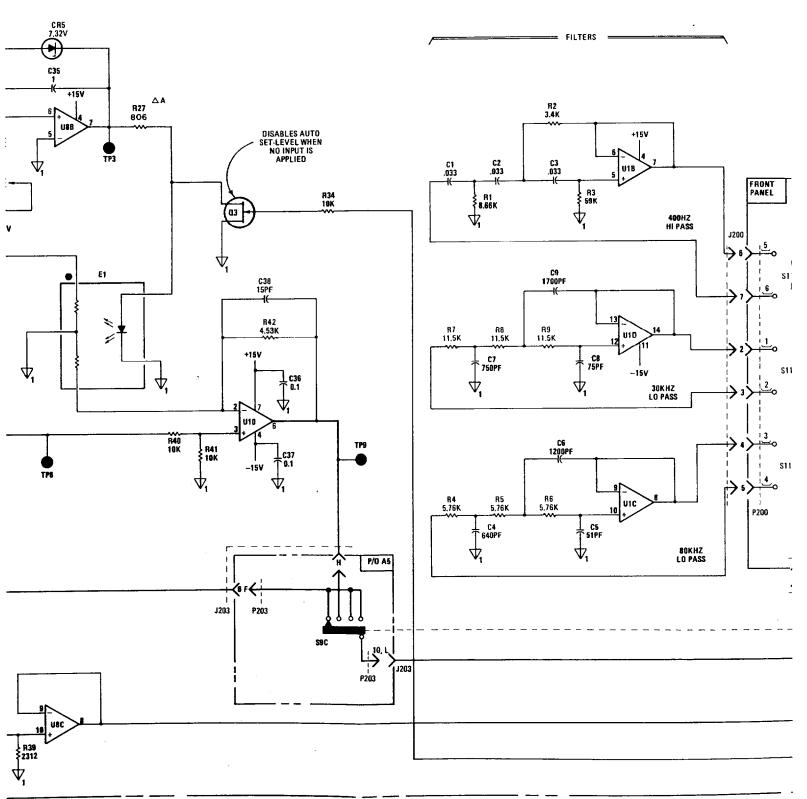
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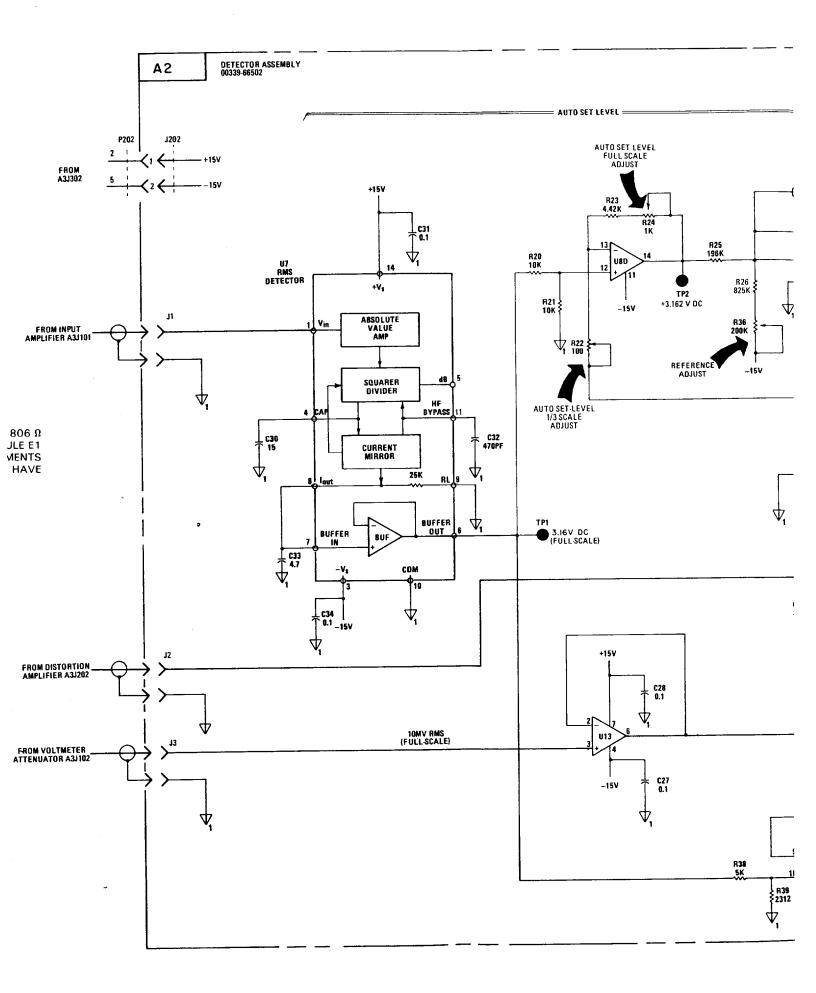
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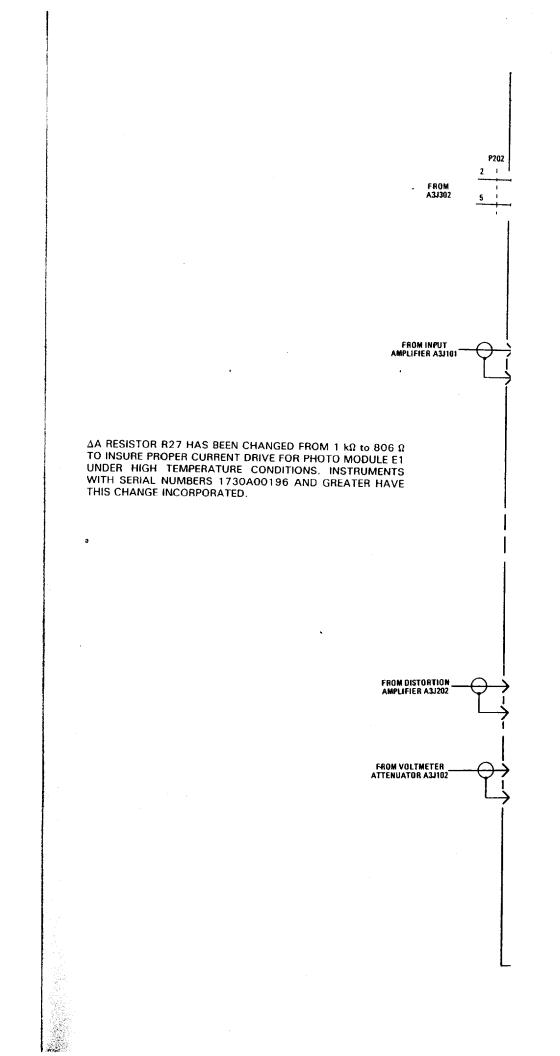






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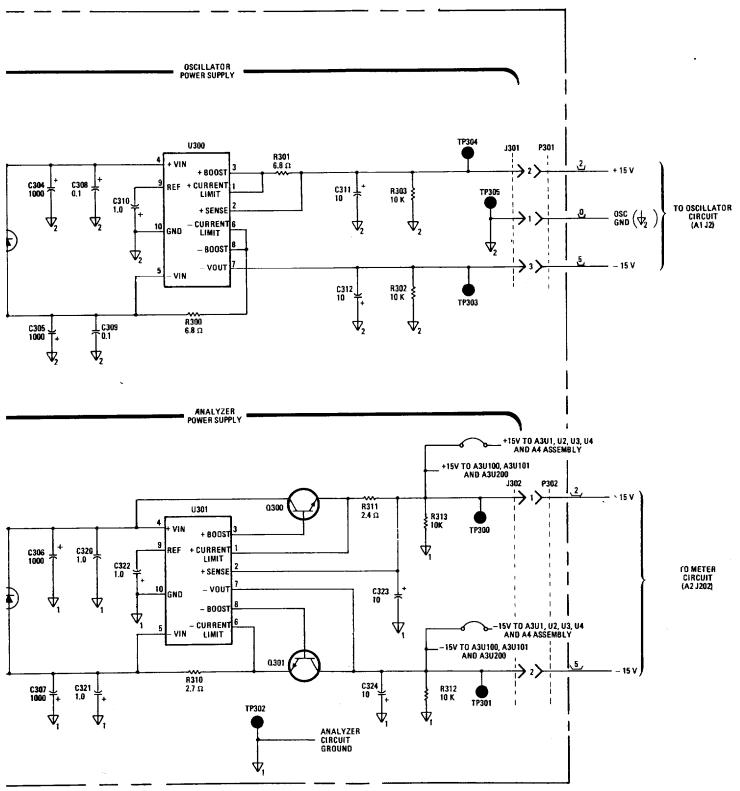
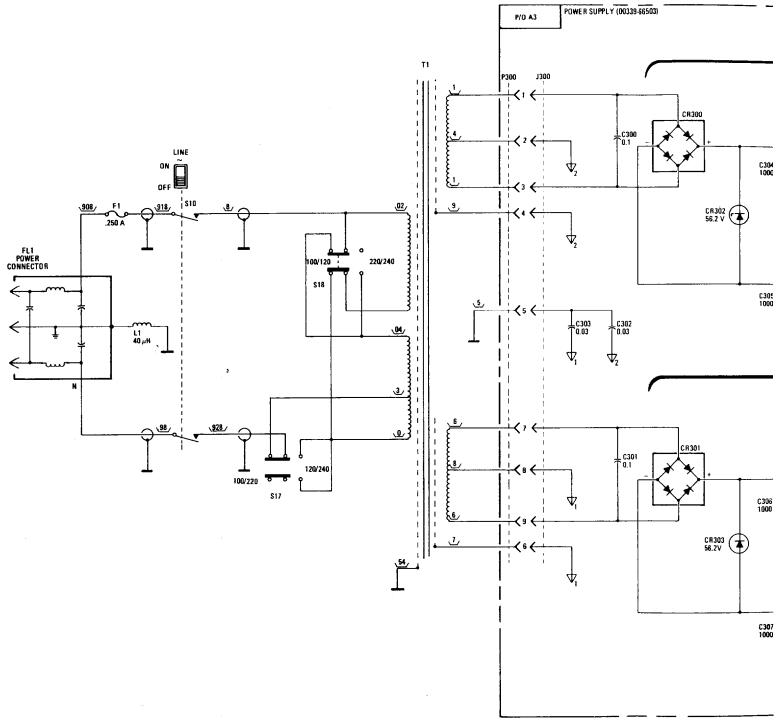
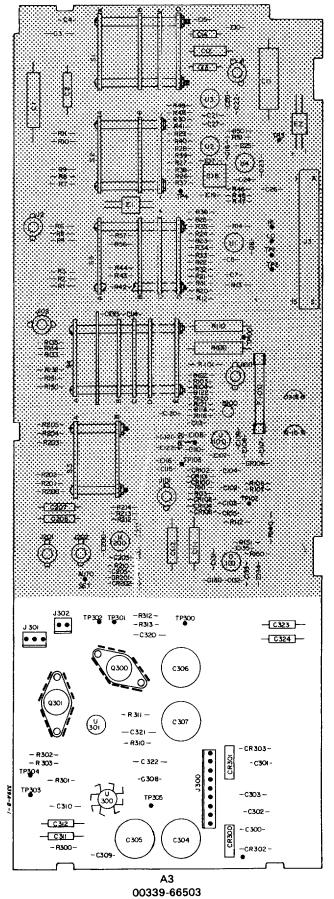


Figure 8-18. Power Supplies. 8-23/8-24

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